Syllabus

Basic B.Sc. Nursing



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Philosophy

INC believes that:

Health is a state of well-being that enables a person to lead a psychologically, socially and economically productive life. Health is a right of all the people. Individuals, families and communities have a responsibility towards maintaining their health.

Nursing contributes to the health services in a vital and significant way in the health care delivery system. It recognizes national health goals and is committed to participate in the implementation of National Health policies and programmes. It aims at identifying health needs of the people, planning and providing quality care in collaboration with other health professionals and community groups.

Scope of nursing practice encompasses provision of promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of care to people across their life span in wide variety of health care settings. Practice of nursing is based upon application of basic concepts and principles derived from the physical, biological and behavioural sciences, medicine and nursing.

Nursing is based on values of caring, and aims to help individuals to attain independence in self-care. It necessitates development of compassion and understanding of human behaviour among its practitioners to provide care with respect and dignity and protect the rights of individuals & groups.

Undergraduate nursing program is broad based education within an academic framework specifically directed to the development of critical thinking skills, competencies & standards required for practice of professional nursing and midwifery as envisaged in National Health Policy 2002.

The teachers have the responsibility to be role models and create learning environment that enables students to acquire inquiry driven, self directed learning and foster an attitude of life long learning.

Under graduate nursing education program prepares its graduates to become exemplary citizen by adhering to code of ethics and professional conduct at all times in fulfilling personal, social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations.

Aim

The aim of the undergraduate nursing program is to:

 Prepare graduates to assume responsibilities as professional, competent nurses and midwives in providing promotive, preventive, curative, and rehabilitative services.

Prepare nurses who can make independent decisions in nursing situations, protect the rights
of and facilitate individuals and groups in pursuit of health, function in the hospital,
community nursing services, and conduct research studies in the areas of nursing practice.
They are also expected to assume the role of teacher, supervisor, and manager in a
clinical/public health setting.

Objectives

On completion of the four year B.Sc. Nursing program the graduate will be able to:

- Apply knowledge from physical, biological, and behavioural sciences, medicine including alternative systems and nursing in providing nursing care to individuals, families and communities.
- Demonstrate understanding of life style and other factors, which affect health of individuals and groups.
- 3. Provide nursing care based on steps of nursing process in collaboration with the individuals and groups.
- 4. Demonstrate critical thinking skill in making decisions in all situations in order to provide quality care.
- 5. Utilize the latest trends and technology in providing health care.
- 6. Provide promotive, preventive and restorative health services in line with the national health policies and programmes.
- Practice within the framework of code of ethics and professional conduct, and acceptable standards of practice within the legal boundaries.
- 8. Communicate effectively with individuals and groups, and members of the health team in order to promote effective interpersonal relationships and teamwork.
- 9. Demonstrate skills in teaching to individuals and groups in clinical/community health settings.
- 10. Participate effectively as members of the health team in health care delivery system.
- 11. Demonstrate leadership and managerial skills in clinical/community health settings.
- 12. Conduct need based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to improve the quality of care.
- †3. Demonstrate awareness, interest, and contribute towards advancement of self and of the profession.

Admission Requirements

- 1. The minimum age for admission shall be 17 years on or before 31st Dec. of the year of admission.
- 2. The minimum educational requirements shall be the passing of:

Higher Secondary school certificate Examination (12 years course),

Or

Senior School certificate Examination (10+2), pre-degree Examination (10+2)

Or

An equivalent with 12 years schooling from a recognized board or university with Science (Physics, Chemistry, Biology) and English with minimum of 50% aggregate marks (PCBE).

3. Candidate Shall be Medically Fit.

Entrance/Selection test

Selection of the candidates should be based on the merit of the entrance examination held by University or competent authority.

Duration

Duration of the course shall be four years including internship

Vacation

8 Weeks vacation shall be given in each year.

Duration

Course Duration = 4 Years

Weeks available per year = 52 weeks

Vacation = 8 weeks

Gazetted holidays = 3 weeks

Examination (Including preparatory) = 4 weeks

Available weeks = 37 weeks

Hours per week = 40

Practical = 30 hours per week

Theory = 10 hours per week

Internship practical = 48 hours per week

Hours available per academic year = 1480 (37 weeks x 40hours)

Course of instruction

First Year

* .	Theory (In hrs) (class and lab)	Practical (In hrs) (clinical)	(In hrs)
	60	1	
	60		······································
	60		
7,000	60		
	30		
	265+200	450	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			
			50
			50
Total Hours	930	450	100
	Total Hours	(class and lab) 60 60 60 60 30 265+200 60 60 30 30 30 30 45 30	(class and lab) (clinical) 60 60 60 60 30 265+200 450 60 45 30

^{**} Optional

Second Year

	Subject	Theory (In hrs) (Class and Lab)	Practical (In hrs) (clinical)	In Hours
1.	Sociology	60		
2.	Pharmacology	45		
3. 4.	Pathology & Genetics	30 15		
5.	Medical-Surgical Nursing (Adult including geriatrics)-I	210	720	
6.	Community Health Nursing-I	90	135	
7.	Communication and Educational Technology	60+30		
8.	Library work /Self Study			50
9.	Co-curricular activities			35
	Total Hours	540	855	85
	Total hours =1480 hrs			

Third Year

(In hrs) Pr and Lab)	actical (In hrs) (clinical)	In Hours
120	270	
90	270	
90	270	
90	180	
		50
		50
390	990	100
-	390	390 990

Fourth Year

	Subject	Theory (In hrs) (Class and Lab)	Practical (In hrs) (clinical)	
1.	Midwifery and Obstetrical nursing		180	
2.	Community Health Nursing-II	90	135	
3.	Nursing Research & Statistics	45	*	
4.	Management of Nursing Services and education	60+30		
	Total Hours	225	315	
	Total hours = 540 Hrs			

Project work to be carried out during internship

Intern-Ship (Integrated Practice)

Subject 1Midwifery and Obstetrical nursing	Theory	Practical (In hrs)	In Weeks
		240	5
Treath Hursing-II		195	4
Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult and geriatric) Child Health		430	9
5. Mental Health		145	3
6. Research Project		95	2
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	45	1
Total: 1690 hours		1150	24

Note:

- 1. Internship means 8 hours of integrated clinical duties in which 2 weeks of evening and night shift duties are included.
- 2. Internship should be carried out as 8 hours per day @ 48 hours per week
- 3. Students during internship will be supervised by nursing teachers.
- 4. Fourth year final examination to be held only after completing internship.

Scheme of Examination

First Year

	~ • •	Assessment			
Subject		Hours	Internal	External	Total
Theor	У				
1.	Anatomy & Physiology	3	25	75	100
2.	Nutrition and Biochemistry	3	. 25	75	100
3.	Nursing Foundations	3	25	75	100
4.	Psychology	3	25	75	100
5.	Microbiology	3	`25	75	100
6.	English	3	25	75	100
7.	Introduction to Computer		25	75	100
Pract	ical and Viva Voce				
1.	Nursing Foundations		100	100	200

Second Year

	Subject	Assessment				
	Subject	Hours	Internal	External	Total	
Theory						
8.	Sociology	3	25	75	100	
9.	Medical-Surgical Nursing- I	3	25	75	100	
10.	Pharmacology, pathology, genetics	3	25	75	100	
11.	Community Health Nursing-I	3	25	75	100	
12.	Communication and Educational Technology	3	25	75	100	
Pract	ical & Viva Voce					
2.	Medical- Surgical Nursing- I		100	100	200	

Third year

-	Subject		Assessment				
			Internal	External	Total		
Theor	y			1			
13.	Medical-Surgical Nursing-II	3	25	75	100		
14.	Child Health Nursing	3	25	75	100		
15.	Mental Health Nursing	3	25	75	100		
Pract	ical & Viva Voce						
3.	Medical- Surgical Nursing- II		50	50	100		
4.	Child Health Nursing		50	50	100		
5.	Mental Health Nursing		50	50	100		

Fourth year

Subject	Assessment				
	Hours	Internal	External	Total	
Theory					
16. Midwifery and Obstetrical nursing	3	25	75	100	
17. Community Health Nursing-II	3	25	75	100	
18. Nursing Research & Statistics	3	25	75	100	
19. Management of Nursing Services and education	3	25	75	100	
Practical & Viva Voce					
6. Midwifery and Obstetrical nursing	3	50	50	100	
7. Community Health Nursing	3	50	50	100	

Note:

- Anatomy and Physiology-Question paper will consist of Section A Anatomy of 37 marks and B Physiology should be of 38 marks
- Nutrition and Biochemistry and -Question paper will consist of Section A Nutrition of 45 marks and Section B of Biochemistry of 30 marks
- 3. Pharmacology, genetics, pathology: Section A of Pharmacology with 38 marks, Section B of Pathology of 25 and Genetics with 12 marks
- Nursing Research & Statistics- Nursing Research should be of 50 marks and Statistics of 25 marks
- 5. Minimum pass marks shall be 40% for English only
- 6. Theory and Practical exams for Introduction to computer to be conducted as College exam and marks to be sent to the University for inclusion in the marks sheet.
- 7. Minimum pass marks shall be 50 % in each of the Theory and practical papers separately.
- 8. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 9. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award of degree
- 10. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 11. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and practical).
- 12. Maximum number of attempts permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt
- 13. A candidate failing in more then two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.

- 14. Candidate shall not be admitted to the subsequent higher examination unless the candidate has passed the previous examination.
- 15. The maximum period to complete the course successfully should not exceed 8 years
- 16. Maximum number of candidates for practical examination should not exceed 20 per day.
- 17. All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas.
- 18. One internal and One external examiners should jointly conduct practical examination for each student
- 19. An examiner should be a lecturer or above in a college of nursing with M.Sc (N) in concerned subject and minimum of 3 years of teaching experience. To be an examiner for nursing foundations course faculty having M.Sc (N) with any specialty shall be considered.

English

Placement - First Year

Time: Theory - 60 hours

Course Description: The Course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to comprehend spoke and written English (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional wor Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experiences.

Uni	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
ī	10	Speak and	Review of Grammar	Demonstrate use	 Objective
		write	Remedial study of Grammar	of dictionary	Type
		grammatically	Building Vocabulary	Class-room	 Fill in the
		correct	• Phonetics	conversation	blanks
		English	Public Speaking	• Exercise on use of	 Para
			. done opening	Grammar	phrasing
				Practice in public	
	ļ			speaking	
11	30	Develop	Read and comprehend prescribed	Exercise on:	 Short
	1	ability to read,	course books	□ Reading	Answers
1		understand	en de la companya de	 Summarizing 	 Essay Type
		and express		□ Comprehension	
		meaningfully,			
		the prescribed			
	1	text			
III	10	Develop	Various forms of composition	Exercises on	Assessmen
	1	writing skills	□ Letter writing	writing	of the skills
1 .			□ Note taking	□ Letter writing	based on th
.			☐ Precis writing	□ Nurses Notes	check list
Ì			□ Nurses notes	□ Precis	
			☐ Anecdotal records	□ Diary	
			□ Diary writing	□ Anecdote	
			Reports on health problems etc.	☐ Health problems	
1			□ Resume/CV	□ Story writing	
				□ Resume/CV	
1				Essay writing	
				□ Discussion on	
İ	1			written reports/	
				documents	
I/	6	Develop skill	Spoken English	• Exercise on:	Assessmer
		in spoken	□ Oral report	□ Debating	of the skil
. .		English	□ Discussion	☐ Participating in	based on t
-	1		□ Debate	Seminar, panel,	check list
			☐ Telephonic conversation	symposium	
				□ Telephonic	
				conversation	

parties,	Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	1
av.	·V	4	Develop skill in listening compre- hension	Listening Comprehension □ Media, audio, video, speeches etc.	Activities Exercise on: Listening to audio, video tapes and identify the key points	Assessment of the skills based on the check list

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Anatomy

Placement- First Year

Time: Theory - 60 hours

Course Description: The Course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal structure of various human body systems and understand the alterations in anatomical structures in disease and practice of nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
1	5	Describe the anatomical terms, organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	Introduction to Anatomical terms organization of the human body Human Cell structure Tissues – Definition, Types, characteristics, classification, location, functions and formation Membranes and glands – classification and structure Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion Explain using charts, microscopic slides, Skeleton & torso Demonstrate cells, types of tissues membranes and glands Record book	 Short answer questions Objective type
11	6	Describe the structure & function of bones and joints	The Skeletal System Bones- types, structure, Axial & Appendicular Skeleton, Bone formation and growth Description of bones Joints – classification and structure Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion Explain using charts, skeleton, loose bones, and joints Record book	Short answer questions Objective type
III	7	Describe the structure and function of muscles	The Muscular System Types and structure of muscles Muscle groups Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion Explain using chart, models and films Demonstrate muscular movements Record book	Short answer questions Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
IV	6	Describe the	The Nervous System	Activities	methods
		structure &	• Structure of neurologia & neurons	Lecture discussion	Short
		function of			answer questions
		nervous system		 Explain using models, charts, 	1 .
			 Structure of brain, spinal chord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves 	slides, specimens Record book	Objective type
		,	Autonomic Nervous System – sympathetic, parasympathetic		
		2	□ Structure, location	,	-
		· .	Alterations in disease		
			Applications and implications in		
			nursing		
V	6	Explain the	The Sensory Organs	• Lecture	~-
		structure &	Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose,	discussion	 Short answer
		functions of	tongue, (Auditory and olfactory	• Explain using	questions
		sensory organs	apparatus)	models, charts,	Objective
			Alterations in disease	slides, specimens	type
		·.	Applications and implications in nursing	Record book	
/I	7	Describe the	Circulatory and lymphatic system	• Lecture	- 01
		structure &	The Circulatory System	discussion	Short answer
		function of circulatory and	□ Blood – Microscopic structure	• Explain using	questions
		lymphatic	□ Structure of Heart	models, charts,	 Objective
	[system	☐ Structure of blood vessels —	slides,	type
	1		Arterial & Venous System,	specimens	
1			□ Circulation: systemic,	Record book	
			pulmonary, coronary		
			Lymphatic system		
-	1.	,	 Lymphatic vessels and lymph 		
			☐ Lymphatic tissues		
ı			- Thymus gland		
			- Lymph nodes		
			- Spleen		
			- Lymphatic nodules	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
			Alterations in disease		
			Applications and implications in nursing		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
VII	5	Describe the structure & functions of respiratory system	The Respiratory System Structure of the organs of respiration Muscles of respiration: Intercostals and Diaphragm Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens Record book	Short answer questions Objective type
VIII	6	Describe the structure & functions of digestive system	The Digestive System • Structure of Alimentary tract and accessory organs of digestion Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens Record book	Short answer questions Objective type
IX	4	• Describe the structure & functions of excretory system	The Excretory System (Urinary) Structure of organs of urinary System: Kidney, ureters, urinary bladder, urethra, structure of skin Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens Record book	 Short answer questions Objective type
x	4	Describe the structure & functions of endocrine system	The Endocrine System • Structure of Pituitary, Pancreas, thyroid, Parathyroid, thymus and adrenal glands Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion Explain using models, Torso, charts, slides, specimens Record book	 Short answer questions Objective type
XI	4	Describe the structure and functions of reproductive system	The Reproductive system including breast Structure of female reproductive organs Structure of male reproductive organs. Structure of breast Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion Explain using models, Torso, charts, slides, specimens Record book	 Short answer questions Objective type

Physiology

Placement - First Year

Course Description: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal physiology of various human body systems and understand the alterations in physiology in diseases and practice of nursing.

Time: Theory - 60 Hours

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	4	 Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands 	Cell Physiology Tissue-formation, repair Membranes & glands – functions Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion	• Short answer questions • Objective type
II	4	Describe the bone formation and growth and movements of skeleton system	Skeletal System Bone formation & growth Bones – Functions and movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton, bone healing Joints and joint movement Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, models and films Demonstration of joint movements	 Short answer questions Objective type
III	4	Describe the muscle movements and tone and demonstrate muscle contraction and tone	Muscular System • Muscle movements, Muscle tone, Physiology of muscle contraction, levels and maintenance of posture Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, models slides, specimen and films Demonstration of muscle movements, tone and contraction	 Short answer questions Objective type
IV .	7	 Describe the physiology of nerve stimulus, reflexes, brain, cranial and spinal nerves Demonstrate reflex action and stimulus 	Nervous System • Functions of Neurolgia & neurons • Stimulus & nerve-impulse- definitions and mechanism • Functions of brain, spinal cord, cranial and spinal nerves • Cerebrospinal fluid-Composition, circulation and function • Reflex arc, Reflex action and reflexes	Lecture discussion Explain using, Charts, models and films Demonstrate nerve stimulus, reflex action, reflexes	Short answer questions Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			Autonomic functions— Pain: somatic, visceral, and referred		
			 Autonomic learning and biofeedback 		
<u>.</u>			Alternations in disease Applications and implications in nursing		
V	8	Describe the	Circulatory System	Lecture discussion	• Short
		physiology of blood and	 Blood formation, composition, 	Explain using	answer
		functions of	blood groups, blood coagulation	Charts, films	questions
		Heart	Hemoglobin: Structure, Synthesis and breakdown, Variation of	 Demonstration of 	 Objective
		Demonstrate	molecules, estimation	Blood cell count,	type
		blood cell	Functions of Heart, Conduction,	coagulation,	
1		count.	Cardiac cycle, circulation—	grouping, Haemoglobin	
		coagulation,	Principles, Control, factors	estimation, Heart	
	!	grouping,	influencing BP and Pulse	conduction	
		Hb: BP and	Alternations in disease	system.	
		Pulse	Applications and implications in	Measurement of	
ŀ]	monitoring	nursing	pulse, BP	·
VI	6	Describe the	The Respiratory System	Lecture discussion	Short
		physiology	Functions of respiratory organs	Explain using	answer
		and	Physiology of respiration	Charts, films	questions
	l	mechanisms	Pulmonary ventilation, Volume	Demonstration of	Objective
		of respiration	Mechanics of respiration	spirometry	type
		 Demonstrates 	Gaseous exchange in lungs		
		spirometry	Carriage of oxygen & carbon-dioxide		
			Exchange of gases in tissues		-
	1		Regulation of respiration.		
			Alterations in disease		
			Applications and implications in nursing		
VII	6	 Describes the 	The Digestive System	• Lecture discussion	Short
		physiology of	Functions of organs of digestive	• Explain using	answer
		digestive	tract. Movements of alimentary	Charts, Films	questions
		system	tract, Digestion in mouth, stomach,		Objective
		Demonstrates	small intestines, Large intestines,	1	type
		BMR	Absorption of food. Functions of		
			liver, gall bladder and pancreas		
			Metabolism of carbohydrates,		
VIII		D 11 11	protein and fat	·	
VIII	5	Describe the	The Excretory System	Lecture discussion	Short
1.		physiology of	• Functions of kidneys, ureters,	Explain using	answer
L	<u> </u>	excretory	urinary bladder & urethra	Charts, films	questions

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		system	Composition of urine		Objective
			Mechanism of urine formation		type
			Functions of skin		1
	-		Regulation of body temperature		
		1	Fluid and electrolyte balance.		
			Alterations in disease		
			Applications and implications in		
137			nursing		
IX	4	• Describe the	The Sensory Organs	• Lecture discussion	Short
		physiology of	• Functions of skin, eye, ear, nose,	Explain using	answer
		sensory	tongue,	Charts, films	questions
		organs	Alterations in disease		• Objective
х	5		Applications and implications in nursin		type
^	3	• Describe the	The Endocrine System	 Lecture discussion 	Short
		physiology of	• Functions of Pituitary, pineal body,	 Explain using 	answer
	1	endocrine	thymus, Thyroid, parathyroid,	Charts, films	questions
		glands	pancreas, Suprarenal, Placenta and	 Demonstration of 	 Objective
			ovaries & Testes	BMR	type
			Alterations in disease		
			Applications and implications in		
ΧI	5	Describe the	nursing		
1		physiology of	The Reproductive System	 Lecture discussion 	• Short
	-1	male and	Reproduction of cells – DNA, Mitoria Management – DNA,	• Explain using	answer
		female	Mitosis, Meosis, spermatogenesis, oogenesis.	Charts, films,	questions
		reproductive	Functions of female reproductive	models,	 Objective
		system	organs; Functions of breast, Female	specimens	type
		5,500	sexual cycle.		
	. [Introduction to embryology.		.*
- 1			Functions of male reproductive		
1			organs, Male function in		
			reproduction, Male fertility system,		
- 1			Alterations in disease		
1	.		Applications and implications in		
1	İ		nursing		
XII	2	Describe the	Lymphatic and Immunological	Lecture discussion	CI
.		physiology of	System	Explain using	• Short
		Lymphatic	Circulation of lymph	Charts, films	answer
		and Immuno-	Immunity	Charts, films	questions
ļ		logical	□ Formation of T-cells and B cells		Objective
,		System	☐ Types of Immune response		type
	l		☐ Antigens		
			□ Cytokines		·
			□ Antibodies		
			□ Antibodies		

Nutrition

Placement: First Year

Time: Theory 60 hours

Course Description: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of nutrition for maintenance of optimum health at different stages of life and its application for practice of nursing.

		me	Learning			
Unit		rs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Evaluation
I	Th. 4	Pr.	Objectives • Describe the relationship between nutrition & Health.	Introduction Nutrition: History Concepts Role of nutrition in maintaining health Nutritional problems in India National nutritional policy Factors affecting food and nutrition: socio-economic, cultural, tradition, production, system of distribution, life style and food habits etc Role of food and its medicinal value Classification of foods Food standards Elements of nutrition: macro	Activities • Lecture Discussion • Explaining using charts • Panel discussion	Short answers Objective type
II	2		Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of carbohydrates	and micro Calorie, BMR Carbohydrates Classification Caloric value Recommended daily	Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts	 Short answers Objective type

	Time Unit (Hrs)		Learning		T	
Unit	Th.	lrs) Pr.	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Evaluation
III	2		Describe the classification; functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Fats	 Dietary sources. Functions. Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism Malnutrition: Deficiencies and Over consumption 	Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts	Short answers Objective type
IV	2		Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Proteins	Proteins Classification Caloric value Recommended daily allowances Dietary sources. Functions. Digestion, absorption, metabolism and storage Malnutrition: Deficiencies and Over consumption	Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts	Short answersObjective type
V	3		Describe the daily calorie requirement for different categories of people	 Energy Unit of Energy – Kcal Energy requirements of different categories of people. Measurements of energy. Body Mass Index (BMI) and basic metabolism Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) – determination and factors affecting 	Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts Exercise Demonstration	• Short answers • Objective type
	7		allowances (RDA) of Vitamins	Classification Recommended daily allowances Dietary sources. Functions. Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion Deficiencies Hypervitaminosis	Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts	 Short answers Objective type

,	Time		Learning		Tasabina I samina	
Unit			Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Evaluation
3/11	Th.	Pr.	-			
VII	4		Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Minerals	Minerals Classification Recommended daily allowances Dietary sources. Functions. Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion Deficiencies Over consumption and toxicity	Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts	 Short answers Objective type
VIII	3		Describe the sources, functions and requirements of Water & electrolytes	Water & electrolytes Water: Daily requirement, regulation of water metabolism, distribution of body water, Electrolytes: Types, sources, composition of body fluids Maintenance of fluid & electrolyte balance Over hydration, dehydration and water intoxication Electrolyte imbalances	Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts	Short answers Objective type
IX	5	15	Describe the Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Prepare and serve simple beverages and different types of foods	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Principles, methods of cooking and serving Preservation of nutrients Safe Food handling-toxicity Storage of food Food preservation, food additives and its principles Prevention of food adulteration Act (PFA) Food standards Preparation of simple beverages and different types of food	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session	Short answers Objective type Assessment of practice sessions
X	7	5	Describe and plan balanced diet for	Balanced diet Elements Food groups Recommended Daily	Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts	• Short answers • Objective type

Unit		me [rs)	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	
	Th.	Pr.	Objectives	Content	Activities	Evaluation
			different categories of people	Allowance Nutritive value of foods Calculation of balanced diet for different categories of people Planning menu Budgeting of food	Practice session Meal planning	• Exercise on menu planning
				Introduction to therapeutic diets: Naturopathy –Diet		
XI	4		Describe various national programmes related to nutrition Describe the role of nurse in assessment of nutritional status and nutrition education	Role of nurse in nutritional programmes National programmes related to nutrition Vitamin A deficiency programme National iodine deficiency disorders (IDD) programme Mid-day meal programme Integrated child development scheme (ICDS) National and International agencies working towards food/nutrition NIPCCD, CARE, FAO, NIN, CFTRI(Central food technology and research institute) etc Assessment of nutritional status Nutrition education and role of nurse	Lecture Discussion Explaining with Slide /Film shows Demonstration of Assessment of nutritional status	 Short answers Objective type

Biochemistry

Placement- First Year

Time: Theory - 30 Hours

Course Descriptions: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body and understand the alterations in biochemistry in diseases for practice of nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	3	Describe the structure Composition and functions of cell Differentiate between Prokaryote and Eukaryote cell Identify techniques of Microscopy	 Introduction Definition and significance in nursing Review of structure, Composition and functions of cell Prokaryote and Eukaryote cell organization Microscopy 	Lecture discussion using charts, slides Demonstrate use of microscope	 Short answer questions Objective type
II	6	Describe the Structure and functions of Cell membrane	Structure and functions of Cell membrane Fluid mosaic model tight junction, Cytoskeleton Transport mechanism: diffusion, osmosis, filtration, active channel, sodium pump Acid base balance-maintenance & diagnostic tests PH buffers	Lecture discussion	Short answer questions Objective type
111	6	Explain the metabolism of carbohydrates	Composition and metabolism of Carbohydrates Types, structure, composition and uses Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides, Oligosaccharides	Lecture discussion Demonstration of blood glucose monitoring	Short answer questions Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			Metabolism Pathways of glucose:		
			- Glycolysis		
			- Gluconeogenesis: Cori's		
		4	cycle, Tricarboxylic	v .	
			acid(TCA) cycle - Glycogenolysis	-	
			- Pentose phosphate		
		4 1	pathways (Hexose mono		
			phosphate) □ Regulation of blood glucose	·	
ĺ			level		
			Investigations and their	1	
			interpretations		
IV	4	Explain the	Composition and metabolism of	Lecture	• Short
		metabolism of	Lipids	Discussion using	answer
		Lipids	• Types, structure, composition and	charts	questions
			uses of fatty acids Nomenclature, Roles and	Demonstration of laboratory	Objective
			Prostaglandins	tests	type
			Metabolism of fatty acid		
			□ Breakdown		
		:	SynthesisMetabolism of triacylglycerols		
			Cholesterol metabolism		
			☐ Biosynthesis and its Regulation		
			- Bile salts and bilirubin		
1			- Vitamin D - Steroid hormones		
			• Lipoproteins and their functions:		
ł			UVLDLs- IDLs, LDLs and		
			HDLs		
	1		☐ Transport of lipids ☐ Atherosclerosis,	*	
1			Investigations and their		l .
			interpretations		
" V	6	• Explain the	Composition and metabolism of	• Lecture	Short
		metabolism of Amino acids	Amino acids and Proteins Types, structure, composition	Discussion using	answer
		and Proteins	Types, structure, composition and uses of Amino acids and	• Demonstration	questionsObjective
			Proteins Proteins	of laboratory	type
			Metabolism of Amino acids and	tests	770
L			Proteins		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			 Protein synthesis, targeting and glycosylation Chromatography 		
w _a		•	□ Electrophoresis □ Sequencing • Metabolism of Nitrogen		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	☐ Fixation and Assimilation☐ Urea Cycle☐ Hemes and chlorophylls☐ Enzymes and co-enzymes		
			□ Classification□ Properties□ Kinetics and inhibition		•
VI	2	Describe	Control Investigations and their interpretations		Ol.
V 1	2	types,	Composition of Vitamins and minerals	Lecture Discussion using	Short answer
		composition	Vitamins and minerals:	charts	questions
	ł	and utilization	Structure	Demonstration	Objective
		of Vitamins	Classification	of laboratory	type
[& minerals	□ Properties	tests	i, i, pc
			□ Absorption	tosis	
	İ		☐ Storage & transportation		
			□ Normal concentration		
			Investigations and their		
		1.0	interpretations		
VII	3	Describe	Immunochemistry	Lecture	Short
		Immuno-	Immune response,	discussion	answer
		chemistry	Structure and classification of	Demonstrate	questions
ļ			immunoglobins	laboratory tests	 Objective
ŀ			Mechanism of antibody		type
			production		
			Antigens: HLA typing.		
			Free radical and Antioxidants.		
			Specialised Protein: Collagen,		
			Elastin, Keratin, Myosin, Lens Protein.		
			Electrophoretic and Quantitative		
			determination of immunoglobins		
			- ELISA etc.		
			Investigations and their		
			interpretations		

Nursing Foundations

Placement: First Year

Time: Theory - 265 hours Practical - 650 hours (200 lab and 450 clinical)

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objectives, theories and process of nursing in various Supervised Clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in Supervised Clinical settings

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
l I	10	Describe the	Introduction	Lecture	Essay type
		concept of	Concept of Health: Health -	discussion	• Short
[health, illness	Iliness continuum	Visit to health	answers
!		and health	Factors influencing health	care agencies	Objective
	1	care agencies	Causes and risk factors for		type
			developing illness		type
			Body defences: Immunity and		
			immunization		
			Illness and illness Behaviour:		
			Impact of illness on patient and		
		April 19	family		
			Health Care Services: Health		
			Promotion and Prevention,		
			Primary Care, Diagnosis,		
			Treatment, Rehabilitation and		
		·	Continuing Care		
			 Health care teams 		
•		•	 Types of health care agencies: 		
			 Hospitals: Types, Organisation 		
			and Functions		·
• •			 Health Promotion and Levels of 		
			Disease Prevention	·	
			 Primary health care and its 		
II		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	delivery: Role of nurse		
11	16	Explain concep	Nursing as a profession	Lecture	Essay type
		and scope of	 Definition and Characteristics of 	discussion	• Short
		nursing	a profession	Case discussion	answers
		Describe	Nursing:	Role plays	Objective
		values, code of	□ Definition, Concepts,	, ,,	type
		ethics and	philosophy, objectives		7 -
. [professional	□ Characteristics, nature and		-
•		conduct for	scope of nursing practice		
		nurses in India	☐ Functions of nurse		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			□ Qualities of a nurse □ Categories of nursing personnel □ Nursing as a profession □ History of Nursing in India • Values: Definition, Types, Values Clarification and values in professional Nursing: Caring and Advocacy	Acuvines	Methods
			 Definition and Ethical Principles Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses 		
Ш	4	Explain the admission and discharge procedure Performs admission and discharge procedure	Hospital admission and discharge Admission to the hospital Unit and its preparationadmission bed Admission procedure Special considerations Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types: Planned discharge, LAMA and abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Special considerations Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Care of the unit after discharge	Lecture discussion Demonstration Lab Practice Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assess skills with check list Clinical practical examina- tion
IV	10	Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members and maintain effective human	Communication and Nurse patient relationship Communication: Levels, Elements, Types, Modes, Process, Factors influencing Communication Methods of Effective Communication, Attending skills	Lecture discussion Role play and video film on the nurses interacting with the patient Practice session on patient	Essay typeShort answersObjective type

						+ 1
		Time	Learning		1	·
U	nit	(Hrs)	Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessm Metho
			relations	- Rapport building skills	teaching	
.			(projecting	- Empathy skills	Supervised	
-			professional	☐ Barriers to effective	Clinical practice	
	ĺ		image)	communication,		
	- 1		Appreciate	Helping Relationships (NPR):		
.	- 1		the	Dimensions of Helping		
	1		importance of	Relationships, Phases of a		
			patient	helping relationship		
	ŀ		teaching in	Communicating effectively with		
			nursing	patient, families and team		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	members and maintain effective		
				human relations with special		
	- 1			reference to communicating with		
j		,		vulnerable group(children,	,	
1				women, physically and mentally		
		i		challenged and elderly)		
.		1		Patient Teaching: Importance,		
İ		ł		Purposes, Process, role of nurse		
1				and Integrating teaching in	·	
		İ		Nursing Process	·	
V		15	Explain the	The Nursing Process		
1	- 1		concept, uses,	Critical Thinking and M.	Lecture	 Essay ty
	ł		format and	Critical Thinking and Nursing Indoment	discussion	 Short
			steps of	Judgment	Demonstration	answers
			nursing	Critical Thinking: Thinking	Exercise	 Objective
-		.	process	and Learning,	 Supervised 	type
			• Documents	Competencies, Attitudes for	Clinical practice	
		1	nursing	Critical Thinking, Levels of		
		1	- I	critical thinking in Nursing		
		.	process as per the format	Nursing Process Overview:		
			ane format	Application in Practice		
				□ Nursing process format: INC,		
				current format	5	
	- 1			□ Assessment		
				 Collection of Data: Types, 		
				Sources, Methods		
				- Formulating Nursing		
ŀ	- '			judgment: Data		
.				interpretation		
				□ Nursing diagnosis		
		. 1		- Identification of client		
				problems	,	
				- Nursing diagnosis statement		
	- 1	ĺ		- Difference between medical	,	
		+	9 W W	and nursing diagnosis		
				□ Planning		
						*

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Establishing Priorities Establishing Goals and Expected Outcomes 		
			- Selection of interventions:		
			Protocols and standing Orders		
			 Writing the Nursing Care Plan 		
		,	ImplementationImplementing the plan of	e version of the contract of t	
			care □ Evaluation		-
,			Outcome of careReview and Modify		
			□ Documentation and Reporting		
VI	4	Describe the	Documentation and Reporting	Lecture	Essay type
ŀ		purposes,	 Documentation: Purposes of 	discussion	Short
		types and	Recording and reporting	 Demonstration 	answers
		techniques of	 Communication within the 	Practice Session	Objective
		recording and	Health Care Team,	Supervised	type
		reporting	• Types of records; ward records,	Clinical practice	
i			medical/nursing records,		
			• Common Record-keeping forms,		
			Computerized documentation		·
İ			Guidelines for Reporting:		
		144	Factual Basis, Accuracy,		
			Completeness, currentness,		
		,	Organization, confidentiality	1	
			Methods of Recording, Reporting Change of this		
			• Reporting: Change-of shift reports: Transfer reports,		
	i i		Incident reports		
			Minimizing legal Liability		
			through effective record keeping		
VII	15	Describe	Vital signs	Lecture	Essay type
		principles and	• Guidelines for taking vital signs:	discussion	Essay type Short
-		techniques of	Body temperature:	Demonstration	Snort answers
		monitoring and		Practice	Objective
		maintaining	Factors affecting body	Supervised	type
		vital signs	temperature,	Clinical practice	• Assess
1		Monitor and	□ Assessment of body	Cimical practice	with check
L		maintain vital	temperature: sites, equipments		list and
-		signs	and technique, special		clinical
			considerations		practical

Un	it Time		Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
1			☐ Temperature alterations:		examina-
			Hyperthermia, Heatstroke,		tion
			Hypothermia		tion
	.		Hot and cold applications		
			Pulse:		
		1	□ Physiology and Regulation,		1 -
			Characteristics of the pulse,	}	
ļ			Factors affecting pulse		
			Assessment of pulse: sites,]
			location, equipments and		
			technique, special	1	
			considerations		
			☐ Alterations in pulse:		
			• Respiration:		
			Physiology and Regulation,		
			Mechanics of breathing		
			Characteristics of the	'	
	-		respiration, Factors affecting		
			respiration		
			☐ Assessment of respirations:		
			technique, special		
			considerations		
			☐ Alterations in respiration		
			Blood pressure:		
			□ Physiology and Regulation,		
	-		Characteristics of the blood		
		1	pressure, Factors affecting		
			blood pressure		
			☐ Assessment of blood pressure:		
			sites, equipments and		
			technique, special	'	
			considerations		
	İ		Considerations	1.	
			□ Alterations in blood pressure		
VIII	30	<u> </u>	Recording of vital signs		
4 111	1 30	• Describe	Health assessment	• Lecture	Essay type
		purpose and	Purposes	discussion	• Short
	1	process of	Process of Health assessment	Demonstration	answers
		health	☐ Health history	Practice on	
		assessment	☐ Physical examination:	simulators	• Objective
		 Describe the 	- Methods- Inspection,		type
	,	health	Palpation, Percussion,	Supervised Climinal	
		assessment of	Auscultation, Olfaction	Clinical practice	
		each body	- Preparation for exa-	*	
		system	mination actions		
		3,3.0	mination: patient and unit		
		1			

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
-		Perform health assessment of each body system	 General assessment Assessment of each body system Recording of health assessment 		
IX ·	5	Identifies the various machinery, equipment and linen and their care	Machinery, Equipment and linen Types: Disposables and reusables- Linen, rubber goods, glass ware, metal, plastics, furniture, machinery Introduction: Indent Maintenance Inventory	Lecture discussion Demonstration	 Essay type Short answers Objective type
X	60	Describe the basic, physiological and psychosocial needs of patient Describe the principles and techniques for meeting basic, Physiological and psychosocial needs of patient Perform nursing assessment, plan, implement and evaluate the care for meeting basic, physiological and psychosocial needs of patient	Meeting needs of patient Basic needs (Activities of daily living) □ Providing safe and clean environment: - Physical -environment: - Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, light, Odour, pests control - Reduction of Physical hazards: fire, accidents - Safety devices: Restraints, side rails, airways, trapez etc - Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment □ Hygiene: Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice - Hygienic care: Care of the Skin-Bath and pressure points, feet and nail, Oral cavity, Hair Care, Eyes, Ears, and Nose ○ Assessment, Principles, Types, Equipments, Procedure, Special Considerations - Patient environment: Room Equipment and linen,	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice sessions Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical examination

o Types of beds and bed making □ Comfort: - Factors Influencing Comfort - Comfort devices • Physiological needs: □ Sleep and Rest: - Physiology of sleep - Factors affecting sleep - Promoting Rest and sleep - Sleep Disorders □ Nutrition: - Importance - Factors affecting nutritional needs: - Factors affecting nutritional needs: - Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations - Oral - Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy - Parenteral: □ Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing Urination - Alteration in Urinary - Elimination - Alteration in Urinary - Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: - Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine - elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations - Providing urinal/bed - pan	Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment
making Comfort: - Factors Influencing Comfort - Comfort devices Physiological needs: Sleep and Rest: Physiology of sleep Factors affecting sleep Promoting Rest and sleep Sleep Disorders Nutrition: Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional needs Wariables Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations Oral Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy Parenteral: Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination Alteration in Urinary Elimination Alteration in Urinary Elimination Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations O Providing urinal/bed				o Types of beds and bed	Activities	Methods
- Factors Influencing Comfort - Comfort devices Physiological needs: Sleep and Rest: - Physiology of sleep - Factors affecting sleep - Promoting Rest and sleep - Sleep Disorders Nutrition: - Importance - Factors affecting nutritional needs - Assessment of nutritional needs: - Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: - Principles, equipments, - procedure and special - considerations - Oral - Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, - gastrostomy - Parenteral: - Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of - Urine Elimination, - Composition and - characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing - Urination - Alteration in Urinary - Elimination - Types and Collection of - urine specimen: - Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine - elimination: assessment, - types, equipments, - procedures and special - considerations - Orouding urinal/bed						İ
Comfort Comfort devices Physiological needs: □ Sleep and Rest: Physiology of sleep Factors affecting sleep Promoting Rest and sleep Sleep Disorders Nutrition: Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs: Variables Assessment of nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations Oral Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy Parenteral: Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination Alteration in Urinary Elimination Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations Orrelitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations O Providing urinal/bed	1.		,			
Comfort Comfort devices Physiological needs: □ Sleep and Rest: Physiology of sleep Factors affecting sleep Promoting Rest and sleep Sleep Disorders Nutrition: Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs: Variables Assessment of nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations Oral Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy Parenteral: Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination Alteration in Urinary Elimination Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations Orrelitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations O Providing urinal/bed				- Factors Influencing		
Physiological needs: □ Sleep and Rest: □ Physiology of sleep □ Factors affecting sleep □ Promoting Rest and sleep □ Sleep Disorders □ Nutrition: □ Importance □ Factors affecting nutritional needs □ Assessment of nutritional needs: □ Variables □ Meeting Nutritional needs: □ Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations □ Oral □ Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy □ Parenteral: □ Urinary Elimination □ Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine □ Factors Influencing Urination □ Alteration in Urinary Elimination □ Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing □ Facilitating urine elimination: Sobervation, urine testing □ Facilitating urine elimination: Sobervation, urine testing □ Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations □ Providing urinal/bed				Comfort		
□ Sleep and Rest: - Physiology of sleep - Factors affecting sleep - Promoting Rest and sleep - Sleep Disorders Nutrition: - Importance - Factors affecting nutritional needs - Assessment of nutritional needs: Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations ○ Oral ○ Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy ○ Parenteral: □ Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing Urination - Alteration in Urinary Elimination - Alteration in Urinary Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations ○ Providing urinal/bed	1	1		- Comfort devices		
□ Sleep and Rest: - Physiology of sleep - Factors affecting sleep - Promoting Rest and sleep - Sleep Disorders Nutrition: - Importance - Factors affecting nutritional needs - Assessment of nutritional needs: Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations ○ Oral ○ Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy ○ Parenteral: □ Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing Urination - Alteration in Urinary Elimination - Alteration in Urinary Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations ○ Providing urinal/bed	1	1		Physiological needs:		
- Factors affecting sleep - Promoting Rest and sleep - Sleep Disorders - Nutrition: Importance - Factors affecting nutritional needs - Assessment of nutritional needs: - Meeting Nutritional needs: - Principles, equipments, - procedure and special - considerations - Oral - Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, - gastrostomy - Parenteral: - Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of - Urine Elimination, - Composition and - characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing - Urination - Alteration in Urinary - Elimination - Types and Collection of - urine specimen: - Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine - elimination: - Special			1 1	☐ Sleep and Rest:		
- Promoting Rest and sleep - Sleep Disorders - Nutrition: Importance - Factors affecting nutritional needs - Assessment of nutritional needs: Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations - Oral - Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy - Parenteral: - Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing - Urination - Alteration in Urinary - Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: - Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine - elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations - Providing urinal/bed				- Physiology of sleep		
- Promoting Rest and sleep - Sleep Disorders - Nutrition: Importance - Factors affecting nutritional needs - Assessment of nutritional needs: Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations - Oral - Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy - Parenteral: - Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing - Urination - Alteration in Urinary - Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: - Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine - elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations - Providing urinal/bed				- Factors affecting sleep		
- Sleep Disorders □ Nutrition: Importance - Factors affecting nutritional needs - Assessment of nutritional needs: Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations □ Oral □ Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy □ Parenteral: □ Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing Urination - Alteration in Urinary Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: □ Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations □ Providing urinal/bed	1			- Promoting Rest and sleep		
- Importance - Factors affecting nutritional needs - Assessment of nutritional needs: Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations - Oral - Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy - Parenteral: - Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing Urination - Alteration in Urinary Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: - Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine - elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations - Providing urinal/bed	1			- Sleep Disorders		
- Factors affecting nutritional needs - Assessment of nutritional needs: Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations - Oral - Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy - Parenteral: - Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing - Urination - Alteration in Urinary - Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: - Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine - elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations - Providing urinal/bed		l	•			
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- Assessment of nutritional needs: Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations - Oral - Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy - Parenteral: - Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing - Urination - Alteration in Urinary - Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: - Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine - elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations - Providing urinal/bed		1		- Factors affecting nutritional		
needs: Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations Oral Enteral: Naso/Orogastric, gastrostomy Parenteral: Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination Alteration in Urinary Elimination Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations Providing urinal/bed		}				
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o Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy o Parenteral: Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing Urination - Alteration in Urinary Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations o Providing urinal/bed						
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- Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine - Factors Influencing Urination - Alteration in Urinary Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations o Providing urinal/bed			·			
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- Alteration in Urinary Elimination - Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations o Providing urinal/bed		l		- ractors influencing		
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urine specimen: Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations o Providing urinal/bed]				:	
Observation, urine testing - Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations o Providing urinal/bed				- Types and Collection of	:	
- Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations o Providing urinal/bed				Observation wing total		
elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations o Providing urinal/bed			,	Facilitating wine		
types, equipments, procedures and special considerations o Providing urinal/bed				elimination		·
procedures and special considerations o Providing urinal/bed	- 1		-			
considerations o Providing urinal/bed			:	procedures and on a lat		
o Providing urinal/bed				considerations		
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				μαιι		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(1113)	Objective	o Condom drainage		
,		,	o Perineal care		
	1	•	o Catheterization		
			o Care of urinary		
	1		drainage		
		1 4	o Care of urinary		
			diversions		
	į		o Bladder irrigation		
			□ Bowel Elimination		
	İ		- Review of Physiology of		1
		:	Bowel Elimination,		-
			Composition and		
			characteristics of faeces		ŀ
			- Factors affecting Bowel		
. `					
	1		elimination		
			- Alteration in Bowel		
	1		Elimination		
			- Types and Collection of	1	
			specimen of faeces:		
			Observation		
	ŀ		- Facilitating bowel		1
	1.	,	elimination: assessment,		1
			equipments, procedures and		
,			special considerations		
	1		 Passing of Flatus tube 		
	i i		o Enemas		
			o Suppository		
ļ			o Sitz bath		
	- }		o Bowel wash		
			o Care of Ostomies		
			☐ Mobility and Immobility		
			- Principles of Body		
			Mechanics		
	1 .		- Maintenance of normal boo	dv	
	j		Alignment and mobility	-9	
			- Factors affecting body		
	1		Alignment and mobility		
			- Hazards associated with		
			immobility		
1			- Alteration in body		
			Alignment and mobility		
			- Nursing interventions for		
			impaired Body Alignment		
			and Mobility: assessment,		
			types, devices used,		
			method and		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			special considerations,		1. Zetilous
			rehabilitation aspects		
			o Range of motion exercises		
		•	 Maintaining body 		
		Í .	alignment: Positions		
			o Moving		
			o Lifting		* W. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
			 Transferring 		
			 Walking 		
			o Restraints	,	
		*	□ Oxygenation		
			- Review of Cardiovascular		
			and respiratory Physiology		
			- Factors Affecting		
			Oxygenation	· ·	
			- Alterations in oxygenation		
			- Nursing interventions in		
			oxygenation: assessment,		
-		4.5	types, equipment used,		
			procedure and special		
			considerations		
			 Maintenance of patent 		
			airway		
			 Oxygen administration 		
	-		o Suction		
			o Inhalations: dry and moist		
			 Chest physiotherapy and 	1.	
	1.	·	postural drainage		
		. 1	o Care of Chest drainage		
			o Pulse oximetry		
			o CPR- Basic life support		
			□ Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid –		
			Base Balances		
			- Review of Physiological		
	ļ		Regulation of Fluid,		
			Electrolyte, and Acid -		
			Base Balances		
			 Factors Affecting Fluid, 		
			Electrolyte, and Acid -		
			Base Balances		
			- Alterations in Fluid,		
			Electrolyte, and Acid -		
			Base Balances		
			- Nursing interventions in		
			Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		•	Base Imbalances:		
			assessment, types,		
			equipment, procedure and		
		,	special considerations		
		ľ	 Measuring fluid intake 	1.1	
			and output		
			o Correcting Fluid,		*
			Electrolyte Imbalance:		
			√ Replacement of fluids:		
		,	Oral and Parenteral-		
ł			Venipuncture,		
ļ	1		regulating IV Flow	1	
			rates, changing IV		
			solutions and tubing,		
ł		·	Changing IV dressing,		
	1 1		√ Administering Blood		ļ
			transfusion		
1			√ Restriction of fluids		
		1	Psychosocial Needs	. *	
			□ Concepts of Cultural		
			Diversity, Stress and		
			Adaptation, Self-concept,		
			Sexuality, Spiritual Health,		
			Coping with loss, death and		
			grieving		
			☐ Assessment of psychosocial		
			needs		
	1		□ Nursing intervention for		
1			psychosocial needs		1
1		1 1	- Assist with coping and	.1	
			adaptation		
			- Creating therapeutic		
			environment		
			☐ Recreational and diversional		
			therapies		
XI	20	Describe	Infection control in Clinical	Lecture	
		principles and	settings	discussion	
1		techniques for	Infection control	 Demonstration 	
		infection	□ Nature of infection	Practice session	
		control and	☐ Chain of infection	Supervised	
		biomedical	transmission	Clinical practice	
		waste	Defenses against infection:		
		management	natural and acquired		
		in Supervised	☐ Hospital acquired infection		
		Clinical	(Nosocomial infection)	-	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		settings	Concept of asepsis: medical		
			asepsis, and surgical asepsis	1	
			 Isolation precautions (Barrier 		
		1 0	nursing):		
			☐ Hand washing: simple, hand		
			antisepsis and surgical		
			antisepsis (scrub)		
			☐ Isolation: source and		
			protective	*	
			 Personal protecting equipments: types, uses and 		
			technique of wearing and		
		and the second	removing		
			Decontamination of		
			equipment and unit		
			☐ Transportation of infected		
		, ·	patients		·
			☐ Standard safety precautions		
	ļ		(Universal precautions)		
			☐ Transmission based		
			precautions	•	
			Biomedical waste management:		
			□ Importance		
	ł		☐ Types of hospital waste		
			☐ Hazards associated with hospital waste		
		**	Decontamination of hospital		
			waste		
	1		□ Segregation and		
	1		Transportation and disposal		
XII	40	Explain the	Administration of Medications	Lecture	Essay type
	1	principles,	General	discussion	Short
		routes, effects	Principles/Considerations	Demonstration	answers
		of	□ Purposes of Medication	Practice session	 Objective
		administration	☐ Principles: 5 rights, Special	Supervised	type
		of	Considerations, Prescriptions,	Clinical practice	Assess with
		medications	Safety in Administering	Table Province	check list
		Calculate	Medications and Medication		and clinical
		conversions	Errors		practical
		of drugs and	□ Drug forms		examination
		dosages	☐ Routes of administration		
		within and	□ Storage and maintenance of		
		between	drugs and Nurses		5
		systems of	responsibility		
		measurements	☐ Broad classification of drugs		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Administer	☐ Therapeutic Effect, Side	ACCIVILIES.	Machious
		drugs by the	Effects, Toxic Effects,		
		following	Idiosyncratic Reactions,		
N .		routes-oral,	Allergic Reactions, Drug	j *	
		Intradermal,	Tolerance, Drug Interactions,		
		Subcutaneous	□ Factors Influencing drug		
• -	-	Intramuscular,	Actions,		
		Intra Venous	☐ Systems of Drug		
	1	topical,	Measurement: Metric System,		*
	1	inhalation	Apothecary System,		
		, *	Household Measurements.		
			Solutions.		
			□ Converting Measurements		
,			Units: Conversion within one	·	
			system, Conversion between		
			systems, Dosage Calculation,		
			□ Terminologies and		
			abbreviations used in		
			prescriptions of medications		
			Oral Drugs Administration: Oral,		
			Sublingual and Buccal:		
			Equipment, procedure		
			Parenteral	1	
	1		r		
			General principles:		
	İ		decontamination and disposal		
	İ	. *	of syringes and needles		
			☐ Types of parenteral therapies		
			☐ Types of syringes, needles,		
			canula, and infusion sets		
			□ Protection from Needlestick		
			Injuries: Giving Medications		
			with a safety syringes		
			Routes of parenteral therapies		
			- Intradermal: purpose, site,		
			equipment, procedure,		
			special considerations		
,			- Subcutaneous: purpose,		
			site, equipment, procedure,		
ļ			special considerations		
			- Intramuscular : purpose,		
			site, equipment, procedure,		
			special considerations		
		· .	- Intra Venous: purpose, site,		-
.			equipment, procedure,		
-			special considerations		
-			 Advanced techniques: 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	1		epidural, intrathecal,	- ACTIVITIES	Methods
			intraosseous, intraperitonial,		
			intraplural, intraarterial-		
			Role of nurse		
			Topical Administration:		
			purposes, site, equipment,		
•			procedure, special considerations		
	Ī		for		
			☐ Application to Skin		
			□ Application to mucous		
	ŀ		membrane		
		1.	- Direct application of		
			liquids-Gargle and		
			swabbing the throat		
	,		- Insertion of Drug into		
		•	body cavity: Suppository/	,	
			medicated packing in		
			rectum/vagina		
			- Instillations:, Ear, Eye,		
			Nasal, Bladder, and		
			Rectal		
			- Irrigations: Eye, Ear,		
			1		
			Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal		
			- Spraying: Nose and throat		
			innature in tradai, oral,		
	,		endotracheal/tracheal (steam,		
			oxygen and medications)-		
			purposes, types, equipment,		
			procedure, special considerations		
			□ Recording and reporting of		
XIII	10	' - D - 1 - 1	medications administered		
VIII	10	Describe the	Meeting needs of Perioperative	Lecture	 Essay type
		pre and post	patients	discussion	 Short
		operative care	Definition and concept of	Demonstration	answers
		of patients	Perioperative Nursing	Practice session	 Objective
		 Explain the 	Preoperative Phase	Supervised	type
		process of	☐ Preparation of patient for	Clinical practice	• Assess
		wound	surgery		with check
		healing	Intraoperative		list and
		 Explain the 	☐ Operation theatre Set up and		clinical
		principles and	environment		practical
		techniques of	□ Role of nurse	*	examina-
				I .	CAAIIIIIa-
		wound care	Postoperative Phase	1.	ion

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Perform care	☐ Recovery unit		
		of wounds	☐ Post operative unit	•	-
			□ Postoperative care,		
			Wounds: types, Classifications,		
			wound Healing Process, Factors		
			affecting Wound, Complications		
		*	of Wound Healing		
			Surgical asepsis		
			• Care of the wound: types,		
			equipments, procedure and		
		:	special considerations		
			□ Dressings, Suture Care,		
•			□ Care of Drainage		
			□ Application of Bandages,		
	ł		Binders, Splints & Slings		
			□ Heat and Cold Therapy		
XIV	15	Explain care	Meeting special needs of the	Lecture	Essay type
		of patients	patient	discussion	• Short
		having	• Care of patients having alteration	Case discussions	answers
		alterations in	in	Supervised	
	j	body	☐ Temperature (hyper and	clinical practice	Objective
		functioning	hypothermia); Types,	cinical practice	type
			Assessment, Management		
			□ Sensorium		
	1		(Unconsciousness):		
		•	Assessment, Management		
			□ Urinary Elimination (retention		
			and incontinence);		
			Assessment, Management		
			□ Functioning of sensory		
			organs:(Visual &hearing		
			impairment)		· ·
			☐ Assessment of Self-Care		
			ability		
-	ŀ		☐ Communication Methods and		
			special considerations		
			□ Mobility (physically		
			challenged, cast), assessment		
			of Self-Care ability:		
·			Communication Methods and		
			special considerations		
			☐ Mental state (mentally		
			challenged), assessment of		
			Self-Care ability;		
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment
			□ Communication Methods and special considerations □ Respiration (distress); Types, Assessment, Management □ Comfort -(Pain)-Nature, Types, Factors influencing	Activities	Methods
			Pain, Coping, Assessment, Management; Treatments related to gastrointestinal system: naso- gastric suction, gastric irrigation, gastric analysis		
XV	5	Explain care of terminally ill patient	Care of Terminally ill patient Concepts of Loss, Grief, grieving Process Signs of clinical death Care of dying patient: special	Lecture discussion Demonstration Case discussion/Role	Essay typeShort answersObjective
			considerations - Advance directives: euthanasia, will, dying declaration, organ donation etc	play Practice session Supervised Clinical practice	type
	•		 Medico-legal issues Care of dead body: equipment, procedure and care of unit Autopsy Embalming 		
XVI	6	Explain the basic concepts of conceptual	Professional Nursing concepts and practices Conceptual and theoretical models of nursing practice:	Lecture discussion	• Essay type • Short answers
		and theoretical models of nursing	Introduction to models- holistic model, health belief model, health promotion model etc Introduction to Theories in		
			Nursing; Peplau's, Henderson's, Orem's, Neuman's, Roger's and Roy's • Linking theories with nursing		

Nursing Foundations-Practical

Placement: First Year

Time: Practical – 650 hours (200 lab and 450 clinical)

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objectives, theories and process of nursing in various clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in clinical settings

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Demonst- ration Lab General Medical and surgery ward	200 450 Minimum practice time in clinical area)	Performs admission and discharge procedure	Hospital admission and discharge (III) Admission Prepare Unit for new patient Prepare admission bed Performs admission procedure New patient Transfer in Prepare patient records	• Practice in Unit/ hospital	Evaluate with checklist Assessment of clinical performanc e with rating scale Competion of Practical
			Discharge/Transfer out Gives discharge counseling Perform discharge procedure (Planned discharge, LAMA and abscond, Referrals and transfers) Prepare records of discharge/transfer Dismantle, and disinfect unit and equipment after discharge/transfer		record
		Prepares nursing care plan as per the nursing process format	Perform assessment: History taking, Nursing diagnosis, problem list, Prioritization, Goals & Expected Outcomes, selection of interventions Write Nursing Care Plan Gives care as per the plan	Write nursing process records of patient Simulated -1 Actual - 1	Assessment of nursing process records with checklist Assessment of actual care given with rating scale

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
		Communic ate effectively with	Communication • Use verbal and non verbal communication techniques	Role-plays in simulated situations on communi-	Assess role plays with the check- list on
		patient, families and team members	Prepare a plan for patient teaching session	cation techniques-1 • Health talk-1	comm unication techniques • Assess
		and • Maintain effective human			health talk with the checklist • Assess-
		relations Develops plan for patient teaching			ment of comm unication techniques by rating
		 Prepare patient reports Presents reports 	Write patient report Change-of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports etc. Presents patient report	• Write nurses notes and present the patient report of 2-3	scale • Assessment of performance with rating
		Monitor vital signs	Vital signs • Measure, Records and interpret alterations in body temperature, pulse respiration and blood	assigned patient Lab practice Measure Vital signs of assigned patient	scale Assessment of each skill with checklist Completion
		• Perform health assessment of each	Health assessment Health history taking Perform assessment: General		of activity record
		body system	 Body systems Use various methods of physical examination Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, 		
			Olfaction Identification of system wise deviations		

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
		Provide basic	Prepare Patient's unit: • Prepare beds:	• Practice in lab &	• Assessment of each
	·	nursing care to patients	 Open, closed, occupied, operation, amputation, Cardiac, fracture, burn, Divided, & Fowlers bed 	hospital • Simulated exercise on CPR manikin	skill with rating scale Completion of
			Pain assessment and provision for comfort	O'A munikin	activity record
			Use comfort devices		record
			Hygicaic care:		
			• Oral hygiene:		
			Baths and care of pressure		
			points		
			Hair wash, Pediculosis		
			treatment		
			Feeding:		
			• Oral, Enteral,		1
			Naso/Orogastric,		
			gastrostomy and Parenteral feeding		
İ			Naso-gastric insertion,		
			suction, and irrigation	•	
			Assisting patient in urinary	·	
			elimination		
-			Provides urinal/bed pan		
			Condom drainage		
			Perineal care		
			Catheterization		
			Care of urinary drainage		
			Bladder irrigation		
			Assisting bowel Elimination: • Insertion of Flatus tube		
			• Enemas		
			Insertion of Suppository		
		İ	Bowel wash		
			Body Alignment and		
		'	Mobility:		
			☐ Range of motion		,
			exercises		
			□ Positioning: Recumbent,		
			Lateral (rt/lt), Fowlers,		30, 50
			Sims, Lithotomy, Prone,		
<u> </u>		1	Trendelenburg positon	_ <u></u>	<u> </u>

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
	÷		□ Assist patient in Moving, lifting, transferring, walking □ Restraints		
			Oxygen administration	-	
			Suctioning: oropharyngeal, nasopharyngeal		
			Chest physiotherapy and postural drainage		
			Care of Chest drainage		
			CPR- Basic life support		
		•	Intravenous therapy		
			Intravenous therapy Blood and blood component therapy Collect/assist for collection of specimens for investigations	FLE ENTER	V
			Collect/assist for collection of specimens for investigations Urine, sputum, faeces, vomitus, blood and other body fluids	KUT FOR SA	Le English
			Perform lab tests: • Urine: sugar, albumin, acetone		
			 Blood: sugar (with strip/ gluco-meter) 		
		•	Hot and cold applications: local and general Sitz bath		
			Communicating and assisting with self-care of visually & hearing impaired patients		
	,	-	Communicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenged/disturbed patients		

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
			Recreational and diversional therapies	>	
			Caring of patient with alteration in sensorium		
		Perform infection control procedures	Infection control • Perform following procedures: □ Hand washing techniques □ (Simple, hand antisepsis	Observation study -2 Department of Infection control & CSSD	 Assess observation study with checklist Evaluate all
			and surgical antisepsis (scrub) Prepare isolation unit in lab/ward Practice technique of wearing and removing Personal protective equipment (PPE) Practice Standard safety	Visits CSSD write observation report Collection of samples for culture Do clinical	procedures with checklist
			precautions (Universal precautions) Decontamination of equipment and unit: -	posting in infection control department	
			Surgical asepsis: Sterilization Handling sterilized equipment Calculate strengths of	and write report Practice in lab/ward	
			lotions, Prepare lotions Care of articles		
		Provide care to pre and post	Pre and post operative care: • Skin preparations for surgery: Local		
		operative patients • Perform procedures for care of wounds	Preparation of Post operative unit Pre & post operative teaching and counseling Pre and post operative monitoring Care of the wound:		

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
			 Dressings, Suture Care, care of Drainage, Application of Bandages, Binders, Splints & Slings Bandaging of various body 		
	100	1	parts		
	100	Administer	Administration of		
		drugs	medications		
	1		Administer Medications in		
			different forms and routes		
			Oral, Sublingual and Buccal Department of the state of the st		
			Parenteral : Intradermal, subsutaneous Intradermal		
			subcutaneous, Intramuscular etc.	'	
			Assist with Intra Venous medications		
			Drug measurements and		
			dose calculations		
			Preparation of lotions and		
			solutions		
	- 1		Administers topical		
			applications	·	
			Insertion of drug into body		
			cavity: Suppository &		
			medicated packing etc.		
•		·	Instillation of medicines and		
			spray into Ear, Eye, Nose and throat		
			• Irrigations: Eye, Ear,		
			Bladder, Vagina and Rectum		
			Inhalations: dry and moist		
		 Provide 	Care of dying patient		
		care to	Caring and packing of dead		
		dying and	body		
		dead	Counseling and supporting		
		 Counsel 	grieving relatives		
		and support	Terminal care of the unit		
	1	relatives			

Psychology

Placement: First year Time: Theory 60 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of fundaments of psychology and develop an insight into behaviour of self and others. Further it is aimed at helping them to practice the principles of mental hygiene for promoting mental health in nursing practice.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
I	2	 Describe the history, scope and methods of 	Introduction: • History and origin of science of psychology • Definitions & Scope of	Lecture Discussion	• Essay type • Short answers
		psychology	Psychology Relevance to nursing Methods of Psychology	A.	
II	4	Explain the biology of Human behaviour	Biology of behaviour Body mind relationshipmodulation process in health and illness Genetics and behaviour: Heredity and environment Brain and behaviour: Nervous System,, Neurons and synapse, Association Cortex, Rt and Lt Hemispheres	Lecture Discussion	• Essay type • Short answers
	-		 Psychology of Sensations Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour Nature of behaviour of an organism/Integrated responses 		
III	20	Describe various cognitive processes and their applications	Cognitive processes Attention: Types, determinants, Duration & degree, alterations Perception: Meaning, Principles, factors affecting, Errors, Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws and theories, process, transfer, study habits Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of		Essay type Short answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
		• •	Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication	Zearang Activity	шетноа
			• Intelligence: Meaning, classification, uses, theories		
			Aptitude: Concept, types, Individual differences and variability		
			Psychometric assessments of cognitive processes		
			Alterations in cognitive processes	,	
			Applications		
IV	8	Describe motivation, emotions, stress, attitudes and their influence on behaviour	Motivation and Emotional Processes: Motivation: Meaning, Concepts, Types, Theories, Motives and behaviour, Conflicts and frustration, conflict resolution Emotions & stress Emotion: Definition, components, Changes in emotions, theories, emotional adjustments, emotions in health and illness Stress: stressors, cycle, effect, adaptation & coping Attitude: Meaning, nature, development, factors affecting, Behaviour and attitudes Attitudinal change	 Lecture Discussion Role plays Case Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay type Short answers
			 Psychometric assessments of emotions and attitudes Alterations in emotions Applications 		
V	7	Explain the concepts of personality and its influence on behaviour	Personality • Definitions, topography, types, Theories • Psychometric assessments of personality	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay typeShort answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			 Alterations in personality Applications		
VI	7	Describe psychology of people during the life cycle	Developmental Psychology Psychology of people at different ages from infancy to old age Psychology of vulnerable individuals- challenged, women, sick, etc Psychology of groups	Lecture Discussion Case Discussion	Essay type Short answers
VII	8	Describe the characteristics of Mentally healthy person Explain ego defence mechanisms	Mental hygiene and mental Health Concepts of mental hygiene and mental health Characteristics of mentally healthy person Warning signs of poor mental health Promotive and Preventive mental health-strategies and services Ego Defence mechanisms and implications Personal and social adjustments Guidance and counselling Role of nurse	Lecture Discussion Case Discussion Role play Demonstration	• Essay type • Short answers
VIII	4	• Explain the Psychological assessments and role of nurse	Psychological assessment & tests Types, development, Characteristics, Principles, Uses, Interpretations and Role of nurse in psychological assessment	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice sessions 	Assessment of practice

Microbiology

Placement: First Year

Time: Theory-60 Hours (Theory 45+15 lab)

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology and identification of various micro-organisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

Unit		me [rs)	Learning	C	Teaching	Assessment
I	Th.	Pr.	Objectives	Content	Learning Activities	methods
	5		Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and their importance in nursing	Introduction: Importance and relevance to nursing Historical perspective Concepts and terminology Principles of microbiology	Lecture Discussion	Short answersObjective type
III	10	5	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify Microorganisms	General characteristics of Microbes Structure and classification of Microbes Morphological types Size and form of bacteria Motility Colonization Growth and nutrition of microbes Temperature Moisture Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for Identification of Micro- organisms Staining techniques, Gram staining, Acid fast staining, Hanging drop preparation Culture; various medias	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Short answers Objective type
111	10	2	Describe the methods of infection control Identify the role of nurse in hospital infection	 Infection control Infection: Sources, portals of entry and exit, transmission Asepsis Disinfection; Types and methods Sterilization; Types and Methods 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Visits to CSSD Clinical practice 	Short answersObjective type

Unit	1	me [rs)	Learning	Content	. Teaching	Assessment
	Th.	Pr.	Objectives		Learning Activities	methods
			control	Chemotherapy and antibiotics		
7		l	programme	Standard safety measures		
		[Biomedical waste		
4				management		
	1	1		Role of Nurse		
	l	İ		 Hospital acquired infection 		
				Hospital infection control		
				programme		
			1	□ Protocols, collection of	, , ,	
				samples, preparation of		
*		·		report and status of rate of		
	1	l .		infection in the unit/hospital,	· ·	
				nurse's accountability,		
IV	12	4		continuing education etc.		
1 V	12	4	Describe the	Pathogenic organisms	Lecture	Short
			different	Micro-organisms	Discussion	answers
			disease	□ Cocci – gram positive and	 Demonstration 	Objective
			producing	gram negative	 Clinical practice 	type
			organisms	□ bacilli– gram positive and		
				gram negative		
į				□ Spirochaete		
				□ Mycoplasma		1
				□ Rickettsiae		
				□ Chlamydiae		
	- 1			• Viruses		
				• Fungi -Superficial and Deep		
	.		*	mycoses		
				• Parasites	·	
				Rodents & vectors		·
	[Characteristics, Source, portal		
l				of entry, transmission of	'	
				infection		
	Ì			Identification of disease		
	į	- 1		producing micro-organisms		
J	1			Collection, handling and transportation of various		
ŀ				specimens		
V	8	4	Explain the	Immunity		
		.	concept of	• Immunity-Types,	• Lecture	• Short
			immunity,	classification	Discussion	answers
	.		hyper		Demonstration	 Objective
			sensitivity and	Antigen and antibody reaction	Clinical practice	type
-			immunization	Hypersensitivity – skin test Sample size Lands		
				Serological tests		
			<u></u>	 Immunoprophylaxis 		

Unit	1	me rs)	Learning		Teaching	T
	Th.	Th. Pr. Objectives	Content	Learning	Assessment	
				□ Vaccines & sera -Types & Classi-fication, storage and handling, cold chain □ Immunization for various diseases □ Immunization Schedule	Activities	methods

Introduction to Computers

Placement: First Year Time: Theory – 45 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed for students to develop basic understanding of uses of computer and its applications in nursing.

	Ti	me	<u> </u>		Teaching	
Unit		rs) Pr.	Learning Objective	Content	Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	3		Identify & define various concepts used in computer Identify application of computer in nursing	Introduction: Concepts of Computers Hardware and software; trends and technology Application of computers in nursing	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Short answers Objective type
II	6	20	Describe and Use the Disk Operating System Demonstrate skill in the use of MS Office	Introduction to disk- operating system □ DOS □ Windows (all version) Introduction □ MS-Word □ MS-Excel with pictorial presentation □ MS-Access □ MS-Power point	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session	Short answers Objective type Practical Exam
Ш	2	3	Demonstrate skill in using multi-media Identify features of computer aided teaching and testing	Multimedia; types & uses Computer aided teaching & testing.	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Short answers Objective type Practical Exam and Viva Voce
IV	1	3	Demonstrate use of internet and Email	• Use of Internet and: e-mail	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice Session	Short answers Objective type Practical Exam and Viva Voce

Unit		me [rs)	Learning		Teaching	
	Th.	Pr.	Objective	Content	Learning	Assessmen
V	2	2,	Describe and use the	Statistical packages: types and their Communications	Activities • Lecture	methods
			statistical	and their features	Discussion	• Short answers
			packages		DemonstrationPractice Session	• Objective type
/1		1,				Practical Exam and
1	1	2	Describe the use of	Hospital Management	• Lecture	Viva Voce
		}	Hospital	System: Types and uses	Discussion	Short answers
			Management System		Demonstration	Objective type
						• Practical
		,				Exam and Viva Voce

Sociology

Placement: Second Year Time: Theory 60 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to introduce the concepts of sociology related to community and social institutions in India and its relationship with health, illness and nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
	1	• State the	Introduction	• Lecture	 Essay type
	'	importance of	Definition of Sociology	Discussion	 Short
		sociology in	Nature and Scope of the		answers
		Nursing	discipline		
		Ituranig	Importance and application of		-
	1		Sociology in Nursing		
	 	D 11 4	Individual & Society	• Lecture	Essay type
I	3	Describe the	Society and Community	Discussion	• Short
		inter-		Discussion	answers
	1	relationship	Nature of Society		unis
	1	of individual	Difference between Society and		
	1	in society and	Community		
		community	 Process of Socialisation and 		
	1		individualization		
	1		Personal disorganization		
III	3	Describe the	Culture	• Lecture	• Essay type
	1 .	influence of	Nature of culture	Discussion	Short
	1	culture and	Evolution of culture	Panel	answers
,		on health and	Diversity and uniformity of	Discussion	
		disease	culture	1.	
			Culture and socialization		
			Transcultural society		
			• Influence on health and disease		
77.7	4	T.I	Social groups and Processes	Lecture	Essay type
IV	4	Identify various social			• Short
			The meaning and classification of	Distussion	answers
		groups and	groups		u
		their	Primary & Secondary Group		
		interactions	• In-group V/s. Out-group, Class		
	1		Tribe, Caste		
			• Economic, Political, Religious		1
		·	groups, Mob, Crowd, Public and		
			Audience Interaction & Social		
ľ			Processes		
			Co-operation, Competition,		
			Conflict		
			• Accommodation, Assimilation &		
			Isolation		

	Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
r	V	6	Explain the	Population	Activity	method
		1	growth of		• Lecture	Essay type
			population in	Society and population	Discussion	Short
			India and its	• Population distribution in India-	 Community 	answers
			impact on	Demographic characteristics	identification	Assessment
- 1			health	Malthusian theory of Populations		of report on
-1			cartir	Population explosion in India and		community
- [its impact on health status		identification
-	VI	5		Family welfare programmes		
	, ,)	Describe the	Family and Marriage	Lecture	• Foods to
- 1			institutions of	Family- Functions	Discussion	• Essay type
			family and	Types-Joint, Nuclear, Blended	Family Case	Short
-			marriage in	and extended family:	study	answers
			India	Characteristics	study	
				• The Modern Family - Changes,		 Assessment
				Problems-Dowry etc., Welfare		of family
-				Services Services		case study
-				Changes & legislations on family		* .
ŀ		1 1		and marriage in India - marriage		
1				acts		
			* .	Marriage: Forms and functions of		
1				marriage.		
-				Marriage and family problems in India		
						,
			•	• Family, marriage and their		
	.			influence on health and health		
1	VII	7	Describe the	practices		
1			class and	Social Stratification	• Lecture	• Essay type
		. [Meaning & types of social 	Discussion	• Short
			caste system	stratification	• Community	answers
	- 1	1	and their	The Indian Caste System-origin		
			influence on	& features		• Assessment
1	1		health and	Features of Caste in India Today		of report on
			health	Social Class-system and status		community
		-	practices	• Social Mobility No.		survey
				Social Mobility-Meaning & Types		
		1	4	Race as a biological concept,		
1				criteria of racial classification		
-				Salient features of Primary races-		
				Racism		· .
				Influence of Class, Caste and		
ľ				Race on health and health		
Ļ			·	practices		
۱۷	III	6	Describe the	Types of Communistic L. Y. V.		
				(Rural, Urban and Regional)	• Lecture	Essay type
L			communities	• Features of village community &		Short
-				- this of vinage community &		answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
		in India, their	Characteristics of Indian villages-	Visits to rural	Assessment
		practices and	. Panchayat system, social	and urban	of report on
		the impact on	dynamics	community	community
		health	Community Development project	Community	survey
			& planning	Community	Survey
			Changes in Indian Rural Life	survey	
			Availability of health facilities in	Survey	
			rural and its impact on health and		
			health practices		
	'		Urban – Community – features	V	
			• The growth of cities:		
		-	Urbanisation and its impact on		
			health and health practices	<u> </u>	
			Major Urban problems- Urban Shares		•
			Slums		*
			Region: Problems and impact on Health		
IX	4	• Explain the	Social Change	Lecture	Essay type
		process of	Nature and process of Social	Discussion	• Short
		Social	Change		answers
	ŀ	Change	Factors influencing Social		answers
			change: cultural change, Cultural		
			lag.		
			• Introduction to Theories of social		
			change: Linear, Cyclical,		
			Marxian, Functional	.7	
		· ·	Role of nurse-Change agents		
X	4	Describe the	Social organization and social	Lecture	
		Social system	system	Discussion	• Essay type
		and inter-		Discussion	• Short
		relationship	Social organization: elements, types		answers
		of social		• Observation	
		organizations	Democratic and authoritarian	Observation visits	• Assessment
			modes of participation,	VISITS	of visit
			Voluntary associations		reports
			Social system: Definition and		
			Types of social system		
			Role and Status as structural		
			elements of social system		
-,,			 Inter-relationship of institutions 		**
XI	2 .	 Explain the 	Social Control	Lecture	Essay type
		nature and	 Nature and process of social 	Discussion	• Short
		process of	control		answers
					answers
		social control	 Political, Legal, Religious, 	Community	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
-			Industrial and Technological systems, Norms & Values- Folkways & Mores Customs, Laws and fashion Role of nurse		of report or community survey
XII	15	Describe the role of the nurse in dealing with social problems in India	Social Problems Social disorganization Control & planning: poverty, housing, illiteracy, food supplies, prostitution, rights of women & children, vulnerable groups: Elderly, handicapped ,minority groups and other marginalized groups, child labour, child abuse, delinquency and crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS. Social Welfare programmes in India Role of nurse	Lecture Discussion Institutional visits	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of visit reports

Pharmacology

Placement: Second Year

Time: Theory - 45 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of pharmaco-dynamics, pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching learning 'Activities	Assessment Methods
I	3	Describe	Introduction to pharmacology	Lecture	Short
		pharmaco-	Definitions	Discussion	answers
		dynamics,	• Sources		Objective
		pharmaco-	Terminology used	· ·	type
		kinetics,	Types: Classification		1900
		classification	Pharmacodynamics: Actions,	· ·	
		and the	therapeutic,		
		principles of	Adverse, toxic		
		drug	Pharmacokinetics: absorption,		
		administration	distribution, metabolism,		
			interaction, excretion		
			Review: Routes and principles of		
			administration of drugs		
			Indian pharmacopoeia: Legal issues		
			Rational use of drugs		
		,	Principles of therapeutics		
11	6	• Explain	Chemotherapy		
**	. 0	chemotherapy		• Lecture	Short
		of specific	 Pharmacology of commonly used; Penicillin 	Discussion	answers
		infections and		Drug	 Objective
		infestations	□ Cephalosporins.	study/presentatio	type
		and nurse's	□ Aminoglycosides		* .
		responi-	☐ Macrolide & Broad Spectrum Antibiotics		
		bilities	□ Sulfonamides		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
		Unities	© Quinolones.		
		**	□ Antiamoebic		
1.			Q Antimalarials		
			Anthelmintics		
			□ Antiscabies agents		
			☐ Antiviral & anti-fungal agents.		
			☐ Antiviral & anti-rungal agents.	1 A	
			☐ Anti leprosy drugs	ta e	
			☐ Anti reprosy drugs ☐ Anticancer drugs		
			☐ Immuno-suppressants		1
			Composition, action, dosage, route,		
			indications, contraindications, drug		
		4	interactions, side effects, adverse		
i	L		effects, toxicity and role of nurse		

Unit	(Hrs)		Content	Teaching learning	
Ш	2	Describe	Pharmacology of commonly used	Activities	Methods
		Antiseptics,	antiseptics, disinfectants and	• Lecture	Short
		disinfectants.	insecticides	Discussion	answers
		insecticides	• Antiseptics;	• Drug	Objective
		and nurse's	Comments;	sudy/presentation	type
		responsi-	Composition, action, dosage, route,		1,700
		bilities	indications, contraindications, drug	7 .	
		onnies	interactions, side effects, adverse		
į			effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
			Disinfectants		1
			Insecticides		
IV	2	 Describe 	Drugs acting on G.I. system		
		Drugs acting	Pharmacology of commonly used-	• Lecture	 Short
	- 1	on Gastro	□ Antiemetics.	Discussion	answers
- 1		Intestinal	© Emetics	• Drug	Objective
l	1	system and	1	sudy/presentation	type
	1	nurse's	D Purgatives		240
- 1	1	responsi-	□ Antacids		
		bilities	□ Cholinergic		
	- 1	Dilities	□ Anticholinergics		
	1		☐ Fluid and electrolyte therapy	1	
			☐ Anti diarrhoeals		
			☐ Histamines		
	. [Composition, action, dosage, route,		
			indications, contraindications, drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
/	2	• Describe	Drugs used on Respiratory Systems		
	,	Drugs used	• Pharmacolomic forms	• Lecture	• Short
	1	on	Pharmacology of commonly used-	Discussion	answers
	i	Respiratory	□ Antiasthmatics	Drug	• Objective
			□ Mucolytics	sudy/presentation	type
		Systems and	□ Decongestants	- J. F. Coomacton	type
	1	nurse's	□ Expectorants		
	- 1	responsi-	□ Antitussives		
		bilities	□ Bronchodilators		
	.		☐ Broncho constrictors		
	1		□ Antihistamines		
			Composition, action, dosage, route,	İ	
- 1	.	l	indications, contraindications, drug		
-			interactions, contraindications, drug] -	
	1.		interactions, side effects, adverse		
i 🕇	2	Describe	effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
	-		Drugs used on Urinary System	• Lecture	• Short
1		Drugs used on	Pharmacology of commonly used.	Discussion	
		Ormary System	□ Diuretics and antidiuretics		answers
		and nurse's	☐ Urinary antiseptics	• Drug	 Objective
		responsibilities	□ Cholinergic and anticholinergics	study/presentatio	type
1	i		anticholinergies		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			☐ Acidifiers and alkalanizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
VII	4	Describe Drugs used in Dead diction, emergency, deficiency of vitamins & minerals, poisoning, for immunization and immuno- suppression and nurse's responsi- bilities	Miscellaneous Drugs used in de-addiction Drugs used in CPR and emergency Vitamins and minerals Immunosuppresants Antidotes Antivenom Vaccines and sera	Lecture Discussion Drug study/presentatio	 Short answers Objective type
VIII	1	Describe Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes Topical applications for skin, eye, ear, nose and buccal cavity Antipruritics Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation	Short answers Objective type
IX	8	Describe Drugs used on Nervous System and nurse's responsibilities.	Drugs acting on Nervous system Basic & applied pharmacology of commonly used: Analgesics and Anaesthetics Analgesics Non steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs Antipyretics Hypnotics and Sedatives Opioids Non-Opioids Tranquilizers General & local anesthetics Gases: oxygen, nitrous oxide, carbon-dioxide	Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation	Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			☐ Major tranquilizers		Methods
			□ Anti-psychotics		
	I		☐ Antidepressants		
	i		□ Anticonvulsants	4.	
			□ Adrenergics		
			□ Noradregenics		
			☐ Mood stabilizers		
			□ Acetylcholine		
			□ Stimulants		
			Composition, action, dosage, route,		
			indications, contraindications, drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse	1.	
X	5	- D'1	effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
^	,	• Describe	Cardiovascular drugs	Lecture	Short
		Drugs used	Haematinics	Discussion	answers
1		on Cardio-	Cardiotonics,	Drug study /	Objective
1		vascular	Anti anginals	presentation	type
- 1		System and	Anti-hypertensives & Vasodilators		ty po
	ļ	nurse's	Anti-arrhythmics		
		responsi- bilities	Plasma expanders		
	- 1	bilities	 Coagulants & anticoagulants 		
			Antiplatelets & thrombolytics		
- 1	- 1		Hypolipidemics		
ļ			Composition, action, dosage, route,		
j		4	indications, contraindications, drug		
.	- 1		interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
XΙ	4	• Describe	Drugs used for hormonal disorders		
	Ì	drugs used	and supplementation, contraception	• Lecture	• Short
.	İ	for hormonal	and medical termination of	Discussion	answers
	- 1	disorders and	pregnancy	Drug study /	 Objective
		supple-	• Insulins & Oral hypoglycemics	presentation	type
.		mentation,	Thyroid supplements and		
		contraception	suppressants		
		and medical	• Steroids, Anabolics		
		termination	Iterine ctimulants and at		
	ľ	of pregnancy	Uterine stimulants and relaxants Oral control		
		and nurse's	Oral contraceptives		
.].		responsi-	Other estrogen-progestrone		
		bilities	preparations		
			 Corticotrophine & Gonadotropines 		
1	1		Adrenaline		
ı			Prostaglandins		
			Calcitonins		
- 1	-		Calcium salts		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Calcium regulators Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
XII	6	Demonstrate awareness of the common drugs used in alternative system of medicine	Introduction to Drugs used in alternative systems of medicine: Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and Siddha etc	Lecture Discussion Observational Visits	Short answersObjective type

Pathology and Genetics

Section A- Pathology

Placement: Second Year

Time: Theory -30 hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions and apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

Unit	(H		Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	Th.	Pr.			Activities	methods
	3		Define the common terms used in pathology. Appreciate the deviations from normal to abnormal structure and functions of the body system.	Introduction Importance of the study of pathology Definition of terms Methods and techniques Cellular and Tissue changes Infiltration and regeneration Inflammations and Infections Wound healing Vascular changes Cellular growth, Neoplasms Normal and Cancer cell Benign and Malignant growths In situ carcinoma Disturbances of fluid and electrolyte imbalance	Lecture Discussion Explain using Charts	Short answers Objective type
11	10	5	Explain Pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems	 Special pathology Pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems: Respiratory tract Tuberculosis, Bronchitis, Pleural effusion and pneumonia, Lung abscess, emphysema, bronchiectasis 	Lecture Discussion Explain using Charts, slides, specimen, X-rays and Scans Visit to Pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT	• Short answers • Objective type

Unit		me [rs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	Th.	Pr.	Objectives	Content	Activities	methods
				☐ Bronchial asthma, Chronic obstructive Pulmonary disease & tumours		
· ».				Cardio-vascular system Pericardial effusion Rheumatic heart disease Infective endocarditis, atherosclerosis		
				☐ Ischemia, infarction & aneurysm		
				□ Gastro Intestinal Tract □ Peptic ulcer, typhoid □ Carcinoma of GI tract —	+ . -	•
				buccal, Esophageal, Gastric & intestinal Liver, Gall bladder &		
				pancreas Hepatitis, Chronic liver abscess, cirrhosis		
				☐ Tumours of liver, gall bladder and pancreas,☐ Cholecystitis		
				Kidneys & Urinary tract Glomerulonephritis, pyelonephritis		·
				Calculi, renal failure, renal carcinoma & cystitis Male genital systems		
				☐ Cryptorchidism, testicular atrophy ☐ Prostatic hyperplasia,		·
	٠.			carcinoma Penis & prostate • Female genital system		
				☐ Fibroids ☐ Carcinoma cervix and Endometrium		
•				□ Vesicular mole, choriocarcinoma □ Ectopic gestation		
-				Ovarian cyst & tumours Cancer Breast	:	

Unit		me rs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	Th.	Pr.		Content	Activities	methods
				 Central Nervous system Hydrocephalus, Meningitis, encephalitis, Vascular disorders – 		
		-		thrombosis, embolism Stroke, paraplegia, quadriplegia Tumours, meningiomas – gliomas		
	-			Metastatic tumour Skeletal system Bone healing, osteoporosis,		
111		3		osteomyelitis • Arthritis & tumours		
	4	3	Describe various laboratory tests in assessment and monitoring of disease conditions	Clinical pathology Various blood and bone marrow tests in assessment and monitoring of disease conditions Hemoglobin RBC, White cell & platelet counts Bleeding time, clotting time and prothrombine time Blood grouping and cross matching Blood chemistry Blood culture Serological and immunological tests Other blood tests Examination of Bone marrow	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Visit to Clinical Pathology & Bio- Chemistry lab and Blood bank	 Short answers Objective type
				 Methods of collection of blood specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal values 		

		me				
Unit	7	rs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	Th.	Pr.			Activities	methods
IV	2		Describe the laboratory tests for examination of body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates	fluids, transudates and exudates The laboratories tests used in CSF analysis Examination of other body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates – sputum, wound discharge etc Analysis of gastric and duodenal contents Analysis of semen-sperm count, motility and morphology and their importance in infertility Methods of collection of CSF and other cavity fluids specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal values	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Short answers Objective type
V	1	1	Describe the laboratory tests for examination of Urine and faeces	Urine and faeces Urine Physical characteristics Analysis Culture and sensitivity Faeces Stool examination: occult blood, ova, parasite and cyst, reducing substance etc. Methods of collection for various tests, inference and normal values	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	 Short answers Objective type

Section- B Genetics

Placement: Second

Time: Theory – 15 hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	
	3	Explain nature, principles and perspectives of heredity	Introduction: Practical application of genetics in Nursing Impact of genetic condition on families Review of cellular division mitosis and meiosis. Characteristics and structure of genes Chromosomes – sex determination Chromosomal aberrations Patterns of inheritance Mendalian theory of inheritance Multiple allots and blood groups Sex linked inheritance Mechanism of inheritance Errors in transmission (Mutation)	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides	• Short answers • Objective type
TT	3	Explain Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases	Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases Conditions affecting the mother: genetic and infections Consanguinity atopy Prenatal nutrition and food allergies. Maternal Age Maternal drug therapy Prenatal testing and diagnosis Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals Infertility Spontaneous abortion	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides	 Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			 Neural Tube Defects and the role of folic acid in lowering the risks Down syndrome (Trisomy 21) 	1 ACCOVINGES	methods
III	2	Explain the screening methods for genetic defects and diseases in neonates and children	Genetic testing in the neonates and children • Screening for □ Congenital abnormalities □ Developmental delay □ Dysmorphism	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides	Short answersObjective type
IV	2	Identify genetic disorders in adolescents and adults	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults Cancer genetics – Familial Cancer Inborn errors of metabolism Blood group alleles and haematological disorder Genetic haemochromatosis Huntington's disease Mental illness	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides	 Short answers Objective type
V	5	Describe the role of nurse in genetic services and counselling	Services related to Genetics Genetic testing Human genome project Gene therapy The Eugenics movement Genetic Counselling Legal and Ethical issues Role of nurse	Discussion	Short answersObjective type

Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics)-l

Placement: Second Year

Time: Theory - 210 hours

Practical - 720 hours

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	15	Appreciate the trends in medical and surgical nursing. Describe the role of a nurse in caring for adult patient in hospital and community. Describe the concepts of Medical Surgical asepsis	Introduction: Introduction to medical surgical nursing- Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing Review of Concepts of Health and illness Disease-concepts, causations, classification- International Classification Diseases (ICD- 10 or later version), Acute illness Chronic illness & Terminal illness, stages of illness Review of concepts of comprehensive nursing care in medical surgical conditions based on nursing process. Role of Nurse, patient and family in care of adult patient Role and responsibilities of a nurse in medical surgical surgical settings: Outpatient department. In-patient unit Intensive care unit. Home and Community settings Introduction to Medical Surgical asepsis Inflammation and Infection Immunity	• Lecture discussion • Demonstration • Practice session • Supervised clinical practice	 Short answers Objective Type Assessment of skills with check list
			□ Wound healingCare of Surgical Patient		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			☐ Pre-operative☐ Intra operative☐ Post Operative☐		Pactions
II	15	Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their Specific nursing interventions	Common signs and symptoms and management Fluid and electrolyte imbalance. Vomitting Dyspnea and cough, respiratory obstruction Fever Shock Unconsciousness, Syncope Pain Incontinence Edema Age related problems- geriatric	Lecture discussion Seminar Case discussion	Short answers Objective Type
Ш	20	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation s, diagnostic measures and management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of respiratory systems	Nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with respiratory problems Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system, Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of adults including elderly with - Upper Respiratory tract infections. Bronchitis Asthma Emphysema	Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/Semi nar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book /presentation	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient managemen t problem
			□ Empyema □ Atelectasis □ Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Diseases (COPD) □ Bronchiectasis □ Pneumonia		

Unit Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		□ Pulmonary tuberculosis □ Lung abscess □ Pleural effusion □ Cysts and Tumours □ Chest injuries □ Respiratory arrest and insufficiency □ Pulmonary embolism Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of respiratory disorders		
IV 30	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation s, diagnostic measures and management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of digestive systems	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with disorders of digestive system Review of anatomy and physiology of digestive system Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management Disorders of Oral cavity- lips, gums, tongue, salivary glands and teeth Oesophagus —inflammation, stricture, obstruction, bleeding and tumours Stomach and deudenum- hiatus hernia, gastritis, peptic and deudenal ulcer, bleeding, tumours, pyloric stenosis Small intestinal disorders- inflammation and infection, entritis, malabsorption, obstruction, tumour and perforation Large intestinal disorders-	Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/Seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book /presentation	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient managemen t problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			□ Hernias		Methods
			. Appendix-inflammation,		
			mass, abscess, rupture		
	-	•	□ Anal & Rectum;		
		. ,	hemorrhoides, fissures,		
			Fistulas		j
			□ Peritonitis/acute abdomen		
			□ Pancreas; inflammation, cyst,		
			abscess and tumours		
		to the second	□ Liver; inflammation, cyst,	·	
			abscess, cirrhosis, portal		
			hypertension, hepatic failure, tumours		
			Gall Bladder; inflammation,		
			obstruction, stones and		
			tumours		
			Special therapies, alternative		
			therapies		
			Nursing procedures		
		,	Drugs used in treatment of		
	·		disorders of digestive system		
V	30	Describe the	Nursing management of patient	Lecture	-
		etiology, patho	(adults including elderly) with	discussion	• Essay type
		physiology,	blood and cardio vascular	• Explain using	Short
		clinical	problems	Charts, graphs	answers
		manifestations,		Models, films,	Objective
		diagnostic	physiology of blood and cardio	slides	type
		measures and	vascular system.	Demonstration	• Assessment
		management of	Nursing Assessment-History	Practice session	of skills
		patients (adults	and Physical assessment	• Case	with check list
		including	 Etiology, Pathophysiology, 	discussions/Semi	
İ		elderly) with	clinical manifestations,	nar	 Assessment of patient
		blood and	diagnosis, treatment modalities	Health education	•
l		cardio vascular	and medical, surgical, dietetics	Supervised	managemen t problem
		problems	& nursing management of -	clinical practice	r problem
İ		Describes the	Vascular system	Drug book	
	. 1	vascular conditions	 Hypertension, Hypotension 	/presentation	
		and its	☐ Artheriosclerosis	Visit to blood	
		nursing	☐ Raynaud's disease	bank	
		management	□ Aneurism and Perpherial	• Participation in	
		management	vascular disorders	blood donation	
			Heart	camps	
			Coronary artery diseases	• Counseling	
			□ Ischemic Heart Disease	- Counseling	
	1		☐ Cornory atherosclerosis		

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
Omi	(Hrs)	Objectives		Activities	Methods
			☐ Angina pectoris		
			□ Myocardial infarction	· ·	0.00
			Valvular disorders of the heart		
			☐ Congential and acquired		
	,		☐ Rheumatic Heart diseases		
			Endocarditis, Pericarditis		
			Myocarditis		
			Cardio Myopathies		
			Cardiac dysrhythmias, Heart	·	
			Block		
			Congestive cardiac failure		
			□ Cor-pulmonale, pulmonary		
		3	edema, cardiogenic shock,		
		1	cardiac tamponade		
			Cardiac emergencies and arrest		
			Cardio Pulmonary	'	
			Resuscitation (CPR)		
		1	Blood		
			□ Anaemias		
			□ Polycythemia		
			□ Bleeding disorders; clotting		
			factor defects and platelets		
			defects		
			□ Thalassemia		
			□ Leukaemias	'	
			□ Leukopenias and		
			agranulocytosis		
	1		□ Lymphomas	'	
			□ Myelomas		
			Special therapies		
			☐ Blood transfusion, safety		
			checks, procedure and		•
			requirements, management		
			of adverse transfusion		
			reaction, records for blood		
			transfusion.	:	
			☐ Management and		
	1		counselling of blood donors,		
			phlebotomy procedure, and		
			post donation management.		
		-	Blood bank functioning and	* .	
			hospital transfusion		
			committee. Bio-safety and		
			waste management in		
			relation to blood transfusion		

		•			
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			□ Role of a nurse in Organ donation, retrieval and banking Alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of blood	Activities	Methods
VI	10	Describe the	and cardio vascular disorders Nursing management of patient	Lecture	Essay type
		etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations,	(adults including elderly) with genito-urinary problems Review of anatomy and physiology of genito-urinary	discussion Explain using Charts, graphs	• Short answers • Objective
		diagnostic measures and management	system Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment	Models, films, slides Demonstration	• Assessment of skills
	-	of patients (adults including	Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities	Practice session Case discussions/Semi	with check list • Assessment
	·	elderly) with disorders of genito-urinary	and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of- Nephritis	Health education Supervised clinical practice	of patient managemen t problem
		system	Nephrotic syndromeNephrosisRenal calculus	Drug book /presentation	
			TumoursAcute renal failureChronic renal failure		
			 End stage renal disease Dialysis, renal transplant Congenital disorders, urinary 		
			infections Benign prostate hypertrophy. Disorders of ureter, urinary		
	• .		bladder and urethera- inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction, tumour,		
			prostrate Special therapies, alternative therapies		
-			Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of genito- urinary disorders		
VII	5	Describe the etiology, patho-	Nursing management of dis- orders of male(adults including	• Lecture	Essay type

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
ļ	(Hrs)	Objectives		Activities	Methods
		clinical	Review of anatomy and	Charts, graphs	Objective
	1.	manifestations,	physiology of male	Models, films,	type
		diagnostic	· reproductive system	slides	Assessment
		measures and	Nursing Assessment-History	Demonstration	of skills
		management	and Physical assessment	Practice session	with check
İ	ł	of patients	 Etiology, Pathophysiology, 	• Case	list
	ļ	(adults	clinical manifestations,	discussions/Semi	Assessment
		including	diagnosis, treatment modalities	nar	of patient
		elderly) with	and medical, surgical, dietetics	Health education	managemen
		disorders of	& nursing management of	Supervised	t problem
		male	disorders of male reproductive	clinical practice	
	-	reproductive	system	Drug book	
	İ	system	Congenital malformations;	/presentation	
			cryptorchidism	presentation	
			Hypospadiasis, Epispadiasis		
			Infections		
			Testis and adjacent structures		
			Penis		
		er i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Prostate: inflammation,		
			infection, hypertrophy, tumour		
			Sexual Dysfunction		
		N	Infertility		
			Contraception		
			Breast; gynecomastia, tumour		
		, , , , ,	Climacteric changes		
			Special therapies, alternative		
			therapies		
			Nursing procedures		
			Drugs used in treatment of		
		4 1	disorders of male reproductive .	•	
			system		
VIII	10	 Describe the 	Nursing management of	Lecture	• Essay type
-		etiology, patho	patient(adults including elderly)	discussion	• Short
		physiology,	with disorders of endocrine	Explain using	answers
		clinical	system	Charts, graphs	Objective
		manifestations,	Review of anatomy and	Models, films,	type
		diagnostic	physiology of endocrine system	slides	• Assessment
		measures and	 Nursing Assessment-History 	Demonstration	of skills
		management of	and Physical assessment	Practice session	with check
		patients (adults	 Etiology, Pathophysiology, 	Case discussions/	list
		including	clinical manifestations,	Seminar	• Assessment
,		elderly) with	diagnosis, treatment modalities	Health education	of patient
		disorders of	and medical, surgical, dietetics		management
		endocrine	& nursing management of -	Supervised slipical practice	problem
1	1	system		clinical practice	problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
**			□ Disorders of Thyroid and Parathyroid □ Diabetes mellitus □ Diabetes insipidus □ Adrenal tumour □ Pituitary disorders. Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of	Drug book /presentation	
IX	10	Describe the etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of Skin	disorders of Integumentary system	Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/Semi nar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book /presentation	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient managemen t problem
_	1				

Unit	Time		Comband	Teaching Learning	Assessment
v					1
Unit X	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives • Describe the etiology, patho- physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients (adults includin elderly) with disorders of musculo- skeletal system	musculoskeletal problems Review of anatomy and physiology of musculoskeletal system, Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of - Disorders of: Muscles, Ligaments and Joints - inflammation, infection, trauma Bones-inflammation, infection, dislocation, fracture, tumour and trauma Osteomalacia and	Teaching Learning Activities Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/Semi nar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book /presentation	Assessment Methods • Essay type • Short answers • Objective type • Assessment of skills with check list • Assessment of patient managemen t problem
			□ Osteomalacia and osteoporosis □ Arthritis □ Congenital deformities □ Spinal column- defects and deformities, Tumor, Prolapsed inter vertebral disc, pott's spine □ Paget's disease • Amputation • Prosthesis		
			Transplant & replacement surgeries Rehabilitation. Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of musculoskeletal system		
XI	10	etiology, patho physiology, clinical	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with Immunological problems Review of Immune system, Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment	Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, slides	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		measures and	• Etiology, Pathophysiology,	 Demonstration 	of skills
		management of patients (adults	clinical manifestations,	 Practice session 	with check
		including	diagnosis, treatment modalities	• Case	list
		elderly) with	and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of -	discussions/Semi	Assessment
		disorders of	Immunodeficiency disorder.	nar	of patient
		Immunological	Primary immuno deficiency.	Health education	management problem
		system	Phagocytic dysfunction	Supervised Supervised	problem
			B-cell and T-cell deficiencies	clinical practiceDrug book	
			Secondary immunodeficiencies	/presentation	
			Acquired immunodeficiency	Orientation visit	
			syndrome (AIDS)	to Hospital	
			Incidence of HIV & AIDS	Control system	
			Epidemiology		
			 Transmission-Prevention of 		
			Transmission		
			 Standard Safety precautions 		
			Role of Nurse; Counseling		
			Health education and home		-
			care consideration.		
		4.	National AIDS Control		
			Program- NACO, various national and international	/	
			agencies	/	
			Infection control program	/	
			Rehabilitation.		
			Special therapies, alternative		
			therapies		
	İ		Nursing procedures		
			Drugs used in treatment of		
			disorders of immunological		
XII	20	Describe the	system		
A11	20	etiology, patho	Nursing management of patient	• Lecture	• Essay type
		physiology,	(adults including elderly) with Communicable Diseases	discussion	• Short
		clinical	• Overview of infectious disease,	Explain using Charte area has	answers
		manifestations,	the infectious process	Charts, graphs • Models, films,	Objective
		diagnostic	Nursing Assessment-History	slides	type
,		measures and	and Physical assessment	Demonstration	• Assessment
		management of	Epidemiology, infectious	Practice session	of skills with check
		patients (adults	process, clinical manifestations,	• Case	list
		including	diagnosis, treatment, prevention	discussions/Semi	Assessment
		elderly) with	and dietics. Control and	nar	of patient
		Communicable Diseases.	eradication of common	Health education	managemen
		Discases.	Communicable Diseases-		t problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	\	Objectives	□ Tuberculosis	Activities	Methods
			diarrhoeal diseases	Supervised	t problem
			hepatitis A – E	clinical practice	
			herpes	Drug book	
			□ chickenpox	/presentation	
			□ smallpox		
			u typhoid	1	
			meningitis		Ì
			gas gangrene		·
			leprosy.		
			Dengue		
	1	:	□ Plague		
			□ Malaria		
			□ Diptheria		
			□ Pertussis		,
			□ Poliomyelitis		
			□ Measles		
	1		□ Mumps		
	l		□ Influenza		
		4.5 %	□ Tetanus		}
		·	□ Yellow fever	*	
			□ Filariasis		
	i	4	□ HIV, AIDS		1
	l .		Reproductive Tract Infections		
			Special Infection control		
			measures: Notification,		
			Isolation, Quarantine.		
			Immunization, Infectious		
			Disease Hospitals		
			Special therapies, alternative		
	1		therapies		}
			Nursing procedures		İ
			Drugs used in treatment of		
			Communicable diseases		
XIII	25	Describe the	Peri operative nursing:	Lecture discussion	Essay type
		Organisation	Organisation and Physical set	Explain using	• Short
		and physical	up of the Operation Theatre	Charts, graphs	
'		set up of	(OT):	Modela films	answers
		operation	□ Classifications	Models, films,	Objective
		theatre	O.T. DESIGN	slides	type
		Identify the	□ Staffing	Demonstration	Assessment Contaille
		various	☐ Members of the OT team.	Practice session	of skills
	1	instruments	Duties and responsibilities	Supervised	with check
		and	of nurse in O.T.	clinical practice	list
		equipments	□ Principles of Health and	Drug book	
		used for	operating room attire.	/presentation	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		used for	☐ Instruments,		1.10111040
		common	• • Sutures and suture materials		
		surgical	□ Equipments		
		procedures	□ O.T. tables and sets for		
		Describe the	common surgical		
		infection	procedures		
		control	Positions and draping for		
		measures in	common surgical		
		the Operation	procedures		
		theatre	☐ Scrubbing procedures	* .	
		Describe the	☐ Gowning and gloving		
		role of the	☐ Preparation of O.T. Sets		
		nurse in the	☐ Monitoring the patient		
		Peri Operative	during surgical procedures		
		nursing care	Maintenance of therapeutic		
			environment in O.T.		
		•	Standard Safety measures	•	
			☐ Infection control;		
			fumigation, disinfection and		
			sterlisation		·
			☐ Biomedical waste	'	·
			management		• •
			☐ Prevention of accidents and	'	
*			hazards in O.T		
		. *	Anaesthesia		
			☐ Types		
			☐ Methods of administration		
			☐ Effects and Stages		
			□ Equipments	*	
			□ Drugs		
			Cardio Pulmonary		
			Resuscitation (CPR)		
			Pain management techniques		
i		1.7	Legal Aspects		

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Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) - I **Practical**

Placement: Second year		nd year		Time: 720 Hours		
Areas	Durat ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods	
General Medical Ward (*Resp- iratory, GI, Endo- crine, Renal, Hemo- tology)	6	Provide nursing care to adult patients with medical disorders Counsel and educate patients and families	Assessment of the patient Taking history Perform general and specific physical examination. Identify alterations and deviations Practice medical surgical asepsis- Standard safety measures Administer medications Oral, IV, IM,	 Plan and give care to 3-4 assigned patients Nursing care plan-2 Nursing case study/ presentation-1 Drug presentation-1 Maintain drug 	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of practical	
			Subcutaneous IV therapy IV canulation Maintenance and monitoring Oxygen therapy by	book Maintain Practical record book	record.	
			different methods Nebulization Chest physio therapy Naso gastric feeding Assist in common diagnostic			
			Perform/Assist in the- rapeutic procedures Blood and component therapy Throat Suctioning Collect specimens for			
			common investigations. Maintain elimination Catheterisation			

Areas	Durat ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
		•	□ Enema □ Urinary drainage • Maintain Intake, output and documentation • Counsel and teach related to specific disease conditions		
General Surgical Ward (GI, Urinary, CTVS)	6	 Provide pre and post operative nursing care to adult patients with surgical disorders Counsel and educate patients and families 	 Practice medical surgical asepsis-Standard safety measures Pre operative preparation of patients Post operative care – Receiving pt, assessment, monitoring, care Care of wounds and drainage Suture removal Ambulation and exercise Naso gastric aspiration Care of chest drainage Ostomy care Gastrostomy Colostomy Enterostomy Blood and component therapy Practice universal precautions 	Plan and give care to 3-4 assigned patients Nursing care plan - 2 Nursing case study/ presentation - 1 Maintain drug book	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record.
Cardiolo gy ward	2	 Provide nursing care to patients with cardiac disorders Counsel and educate patients and families 	 Physical examination of the cardio vascular system Recording and interpreting ECG Monitoring of patients Preparation and assisting in non-invasive and invasive diagnostic procedures. Administer cardiac drugs Cardio pulmonary Resuscitation 	Plan and give care to 2-3 assigned patients Nursing care plan - 1 Nursing case study/ presentation/He alth talk - 1 Maintain drug book	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of case study/ presentation/he alth talk

Dur	I			Assessment
Areas ion wee		Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
		Teach patients and families Practice medical and surgical asepsis-Standard safety measures		Completion of activity record
Skin & 1 Communicable diseases Ward	Identify skin problems Provide nursing care to patients with Skin disorders & Communicable diseases Counsel and educate patients and families	Assessment of patients with skin disorders Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Administer topical medication Practice medical surgical asepsis - Standard safety measures Use of personal protective equipment (PPE) Give Medicated baths Counseling HIV positive patients Teach prevention of infectious diseases.	Plan and give care to 2-3 assigned patients Health talk/ Counseling HIV positive patients and families -1 Maintain drug book	Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation health talk/Counselin g session Completion of activity record
Orthopa 2 edic ward	Provide nursing care to patients with musculo-skeletal disorders Counsel and educate patients and families	Assessment of orthopaedic patients Assist in application of plaster cast and removal of cast Apply skin traction-buck's extension traction. Assist in application and removal of prosthesis Physiotherapy-Range of motion exercises (ROM), muscle strengthening exercises Crutch maneuvering technique. Activities of daily living Ambulation Teach and counsel	Plan and give care to 2-3 assigned patients Nursing care plan -1 Nursing case study/ presentation - 1 Maintain drug book	Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of Nursing care plan and Nursing case study/ presentation Completion of activity record

we	(in Objectives ek)	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Operation Theatre	Identify instruments used in common operations Participate in Infection control practices in the Operation Theatre Set-up the table/ trolleys for common operative procedures Assist in giving anesthesia Assist in the operative procedures Provide peri operative nursing care	Scrubbing, gowning, gloving Identify instruments, suturing materials for common operations Disinfection, Carbolization, fumigation Preparation of instrument sets for common operations Sterilization of sharps and other instruments Prepare the OT table depending upon the operation Positioning and monitoring of patients Endotracheal intubation Assisting in minor and major operations. Handling specimens Disposal of waste as per the guidelines	Assist as a circulatory nurse in Major cases – 10 Minor cases-5 Assist as a scrub nurse in Major cases-10 Minor cases-5. Maintain drug book	Assess performance with rating scale Completion of activity record

Internship

• 260 h

Areas	Durat- ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	O hours (9 weeks Assessment Methods
ICU, CCU, CARDI AC OT.	2	To gain proficiency in ICU nursing Develop advance skill in special procedures used in critical care unit. Identify potential problems and provide accordingly. Skill in setting and handeling ventilator	 Assist in arterial puncture for blood gas analysis. Perform ECG and interpret accordingly. Conduct and analysis pulse oximetry. Care with artificial airway. Assist in endotracheal intubation. Setting up ventilator. Giving care in ventilator. 	Arterial puncture-5 Taking out ECG stripe-5 Tracheal suction-5 For all assigned patients. Oxygen administration by CPAP mask and use Ambu bag. Assessment for all assigned	Record book. Checking with supervisor.

r	T		T		
Areas	Durat- ion (in week)		Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
		 Administer injection in infusion pump. Record accurately 	Drug sheet. Observation of special procedure in OT.	patients. Nursing care in ventilator. Drug sheet.	
		findings and medications. Develop IPR with family members.			
•		 Acquint with OT technique. 			
Neuro ICU, ITU, OT	2	 Develop skill in neurological assessment. Give care to the pt with head 	Assess neurological status. Implement care to head injury spinal injury patients.	Assessment for all assigned patients. Nursing care plan-2	Record book Observation checklist.
		injury and spinal injury.Care with chest surgery and cranial surgery.	Pre and postoperative care with neuro surgery patients.	Drug sheet	
Burns and plastic Reconstr uctive	2	 Assess the severity of burns. Administer rehydration 	Nursing care		
surgery	3	therapy. Observe reconstructive surgery.			
Lapro- scopic Ortho- paedic	3	 Identify instruments Assist in OT set Up Supervise 		• Assist –5 cases.	Record book.
Eye ENT		 sterilization. Assist in OT table lay out. Observe immediately 			
		after operation. • Supervise infection control.	*		

Community Health Nursing - I

Placement: Second year

Time: Theory - 90 hours Practical-135 hours

Course description: This course is designed for students to appreciate the principles of promotion and maintenance of health

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment Method
I	2	Describe	Introduction	Lecture	• Short
		concept and	Community health nursing	discussion	answers
		dimensions	Definition, concept and		answers
		of health	dimensions of health		
			Promotion of health		
			Maintenance of health		į
II	20	 Describe 	Determinants of health	Lecture	Essay type
		determinants	Eugenics	discussion	• Short
		of health	Environment:	Explain using	answers
			□ Physical: Air, light,	Charts, graphs,	
			Ventilation, Water, Housing,	Models, films,	Objective
			Sanitation; disposal of waste,	slides	type
			disposal of dead bodies,		
			Forestation, Noise, Climate,	Visits to water	, i
			Communication:	supply, sewage	
			infrastructure facilities and	disposal, milk	
			Linkages	plants, slaughter	
		* -	 Acts regulating the 	house etc	
			environment: National	4	
			Pollution control board		
		·	Bacterial & viral: Agents,		
İ			host carriers and immunity		
]	·		Arthopods and Rodents		
1		·	 Food hygiene: Production, 		
-	. [Preservation, Purchase,		
1			Preparation, Consumption		
			 Acts regulating food hygiene- 		
1	1		Prevention of food adulteration		
	[act, Drugs and cosmetic act		
			Socio-cultural		
			Customs, taboos	·	
			☐ Marriage system		
	-		□ Family structure		
			□ Status of special groups;		
1			Females, Children, Elderly,		
.			challenged groups and Sick		
1			persons		
<u>—</u> і.			Life Style		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment Method
	(2225)		Hygiene		
			Physical activity		
			☐ Recreation and sleep		
			 □ Sexual life 		
			 Spiritual life philosophy 		
		,	□ Self reliance		
			☐ Dietary pattern		
			□ Education		
			□ Occupation		
			Financial Management		
		,	□ Income		
	1	:	□ Budget		
			□ Purchasing power		
			□ Security		
III	10	Describe	Epidemiology	Lecture	• Essay type
		concept,	• Definition, concept, aims, scope,	discussion	• Short
	1	scope, uses	uses and terminology used in	Explain using	answers
		methods and	epidemiology	Charts, graphs	
		approaches of	Dynamics of disease	Models, films,	
		epidemiology	transmission: epidemiological	slides	
		- P	triad	Sildes	
			Morbidity and mortality:	'	
	1		measurements		
			Levels of prevention		
			.		
			Methods of epidemiology of		
			Descriptive		
			☐ Analytical: Epidemic		
			investigation		
			□ Experimental		
IV	25	Describe	Epidemiology and nursing	• Lecture	 Essay type
		Epidemiology	management of common	discussion	Short
		and nursing	Communicable Diseases	Explain using	answers
		management	Respiratory infections	Charts, graphs	 Objective
		of common	□ Small Pox	 Models, films, 	type
		Communicable	□ Chicken Pox	slides	
		diseases	☐ Measles	Seminar	
			□ Influenza	Supervised field	
			□ Rubella	practice-health	
			☐ ARI's & Pneumonia	centers, clinics	
			□ Mumps	and homes	
			□ Diphtheria	Group projects/	
1			□ Whooping cough	Group projects/ Health education	
1	1			Health education	1
		1	☐ Meningococcal meningitis		
			☐ Meningococcal meningitis☐ Tuberculosis		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment
			Intestinal Infections	Methods	Method
			□ Poliomyelitis		
			□ Viral Hepatitis		. *
			□ Cholera		
		*	☐ Diarrhoeal diseases		
	1	•	□ Typhoid Fever		
			□ Food poisoning		
			□ Amoebiasis		
	i i		☐ Hook worm infection		
			□ Ascariasis		
	·		□ Dracunculiasis		
			Arthropod infections		
			□ Dengue		
		1	□ Malaria	1	
			□ Filariasis		
			Zoonoses		
			Viral		
			□ Rabies		
	İ		☐ Yellow fever		
			☐ Japanese encephalitis		
			□ Kyasnur Forest Disease		
			Bacterial		
			□ Brucellosis		
			□ Plague		
	-		☐ Human Salmonellosis		
			Anthrax		
- 1			□ Leptospirosis		
			Rickettsial diseases		
			□ Rickettsial Zoonoses		
	1	•	☐ Scrub typhus		
l			☐ Murine typhus		
1			☐ Tick typhus		
.			Q fever		
.	-		Parasitic zoonoses		
			□ Taeniasis		
			☐ Hydatid disease		
- 1			☐ Leishmaniasis		
i			Surface infection		
			□ Trachoma		
	İ		□ Tetanus		
			□ Leprosy		
			□ STD & RTI		
			□ Yaws		
- 1	1		□ HIV/AIDS Any other		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment Method
V	10	Describe Epidemiolog	Epidemiology and Nursing management of Non-	Lecture discussion	Essay typeShort
		y and nursing	communicable diseases	Explain using	answers
		management	Malnutrition: under nutrition,	Charts, graphs	 Objective
		of common Non-	over nutrition, nutritional deficiencies	 Models, films, slides 	type
		communicabl	Anaemia	Seminar	
		e diseases	Hypertension	Supervised field	
			Stroke	practice-health	
	,		Rheumatic.Heart Disease	centers, clinics	
			Coronary Heart Disease	and homes	
			Cancer	Group projects/	
			Diabetes mellitus	Health education	
	İ		Blindness		
			Accidents		
	1		Mental illness		
			Obesity		
	1		Iodine Deficiency		The second of th
			Fluorosis		
			Epilepsy	1	
VI	6	Describe the	Demography	Lecture	Essay type
		concepts and	Definition, concept and scope	discussion	• Short
	1	scope of	Methods of collection, analysis	Community	answers
	ļ	demography	and interpretation of	identification	Objective
		Describe	demographic data	survey	type
		methods of	Demographic rates and ratios		Assessment
	1	data			of Survey
		collection,		1	report
		analysis and			}
		interpretation of demo-			
		graphic data			
VII	17	+ -	Donulation and its sectual		- 17
V II	1 /	Identify the impact of	Population and its control	Lecture discussion	Essay type
		population	Population explosion and its impact on social, economic		• Short
		explosion in	development of individual,	Population	answers
		India	society and country	survey	Objective
			Population control:	• Counseling	type
		Describe	Overall development:	Demonstration	• Assessment
	Į.		a Overan development:	 Practice session 	of Survey
			Women empowerment		
		methods of	Women empowerment,	Supervised field	report
			Women empowerment, social, economic and educational development		report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment Method
			Limiting family size: Promotion of small family norm Methods: spacing (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc) Terminal: surgical methods Emergency contraception		

Community Health Nursing I - Practical

Placement: Second Year

Time:	Practical	-	135	hours
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Areas	Durat- ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Community health nursing	2 wks urban and 2 wks rural	Build and Maintain rapport Identify demographic characteristics, health determinants and community health resources Diagnose health needs of individual and families Provide primary care in health centre Counsel and educate individual, family and community	Use Techniques of interpersonal relationship Identification of health determinants of community History taking Physical examination Collect specimens-sputum, malaria smear Perform simple lab tests at centre-blood for Haemoglobin and sugar, urine for albumin and sugar Administer vaccines and medications to adults Counsel and teach individual, family and community Nutrition Hygiene Self health monitoring Seeking health services Healthy life style Family welfare methods Health promotion	To work with 2 assigned families each in urban and rural Family study -1 Observation report of community -1 Health talks 2 (1 in urban and in rural)	Assess clinical performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of family study, observation report and health talk Completion of activity record.

Communication & Educational Technology

Placement: Second Year Time: Theory - 90 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students acquire an understanding of the principles and methods of communication and teaching. It helps to develop skill in communicating effectively, maintaining effective interpersonal relations, teaching individuals and groups in clinical, community health and educational settings.

Unit	Tir (H		Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	5		Describe the communicati on process Identify techniques of effective communication	Review of Communication Process Process; elements and channe Facilitators Barriers and methods of overcoming Techniques	Lecture Discussion Role plays Exercises with audio/video tapes	 Respond to critical incidents Short answers Objective type
II	5		Establish effective inter-personal relations with patients, families & co-workers	Interpersonal relations Purpose & types Phases Barriers & methods of overcoming Johari Window	Lecture Discussion Role Plays Exercises with audio/video tapes Process recording	Short Answer Objective type
III	5		Develop effective human relations in context of nursing	Human relations Understanding self Social behaviour, motivation, social attitudes Individual and groups Groups & individual Human relations in context of nursing Group dynamics Team work	Lecture Discussion Sociometry Group games Psychometric exercises followed by discussion	Short Answer Objective type Respond to test based on critical incidents
IV	10	5	Develop basic skill of counselling and guidance	Guidance & counselling Definition Purpose, scope and need Basic principles Organization of counselling services Types of counselling approaches	Lecture Discussion Role play on counselling in different situations followed by discussion	Short Answer Objective type Assess performance in role play situations

Unit	Tir (H)		Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
Omit	Th.	Pr.	Objectives	Content	Activities	methods
			•	 Role and preparation of counselor Issues for counseling in nursing: students and practitioners 		
				 Counselling process – steps & techniques, tools of counselor Managing disciplinary problems Management of crisis & referral 		
V	5		Describe the philosophy & principles of education Explain the teaching learning process	Principles of education & teaching learning process Education: meaning, philosophy, aims, functions & principles Nature and characteristics of learning, Principles and maxims of teaching, Formulating objectives; general and specific Lesson planning Classroom management	Lecture. Discussion Prepare lesson plan Micro teaching Exercise on writing objectives	Short Answer Objective type Assess lesson plans & teaching sessions
VI	10	10	Demonstrate teaching skill using various teaching methods in clinical, classroom and community settings	Methods of teaching Lecture, demonstration, group discussion, seminar, symposium, panel discussion, role play, project, field trip, workshop, exhibition, programmed instruction, computer assisted learning, micro teaching problem based learning, Self instructional module and simulation etc. Clinical teaching methods: case method, nursing round & reports, bedside clinic, conference (individual & group) process recording	Lecture Discussion Conduct 5 teaching sessions using different methods & media	Short Answer Objective type Assess teaching sessions

	Time		Taamina		Tooching I coming	Assessment				
Unit							Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
	Th.	Pr.	Objectives		2 ICUIVALICS	methods				
VII	10	8	Prepare and use different types of educational media effectively	Educational media Purposes & types of A.V. Aids, principles and sources etc. Graphic aids: chalk board, chart, graph, poster, flash cards, flannel graph, bulletin, cartoon Three dimensional aids: objects, specimens, models, puppets Printed aids: pamphlets & leaflets Projected aids: slides, overhead projector, films, TV, VCR/VCD, camera, microscope, LCD Audio aids: tape recorder,	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Prepare different teaching aids — projected & non projected	Short Answer Objective type Assess the teaching aids prepared				
1			1.0	public address system						
-	ļ	<u> </u>		Computer						
VIII	5	7	Prepare different types of questions for assessment of knowledge, skills and attitudes	Assessment Purpose & scope of evaluation & assessment Criteria for selection of assessment techniques and methods Assessment of knowledge: essay type questions, Short answer questions (SAQ), Multiple choice questions (MCQ) Assessment of skills: observation checklist, practical exam, Viva, Objective structured clinical examination (OSCE) Assessment of Attitudes: Attitude scales	Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing different types of assessment tools	Short Answer Objective type Assess the strategies used in practice teaching sessions and exercise sessions				
IX	5		Teach individuals, groups and communities about health	Information, Education & communication for health (IEC) • Health behaviour & health education	Lecture Discussion Plan & conduct health education sessions for	Short Answer Objective type Assess the				

Unit	,	me rs)	Learning			Assessment
	Th.	Pr.	Objectives		Activities	methods
	•		with their active participation	Planning for health education Health education with individuals, groups & communities Communicating health messages Methods & media for communicating health messages Using mass media	individuals, group & communities	planning & conduct of the educational session

Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) – II

Placement: Third year

Time: Theory - 120 hours

Practical - 270 hours

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit	(Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
	15	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation s, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of Ear Nose and Throat	Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear Nose and Throat Review of anatomy and physiology of the Ear Nose and Throat - Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagn osis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of Ear Nose and Throat disorders: External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign bodies, and tumours Middle Ear- Impacted wax, Tympanic membrane perforation, otitis media, otosclerosis, mastoiditis, tumours Inner ear- Meniere's Disease, labyrinthitis, ototoxicity, tu mours Upper airway infections — Common cold, sinusitis, ethinitis, rhinitis, pharyngitis, tonsilitis and adenoiditis, peritonsilar abscess, laryngitis Upper respiratory airway — epistaxis, Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction, cancer of the larynx	Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/Sem inar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book /presentation	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient manageme nt problem
		·	Cancer of the oral cavity		

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objectives	C 1 1 C 1 1 1 d	Activity	method
			 Speech defects and speech therapy Deafness - 		
		•			
			Prevention, control and		
İ	1		rehabilitation		
			Hearing Aids, implanted hearing		
			devices		
			Special therapies		
			Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders		
			of Ear Nose and Throat		
		1	Role of nurse Communicating with		
ļ					
II	15	Describe the	hearing impaired and muteness. Nursing management of patient	Lecture	. F
11	13		with disorders of eye	discussion	• Essay type
		etiology, path physiology,	Review of anatomy and physiology	Explain using	Short answers
	1	clinical	of the eye-	Charts, graphs	
l		manifestations	•	Models, films,	Objective
	1	diagnostic	Physical assessment	slides	• Assessment
	1	measures and	• Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical	Demonstration	of skills
		management	manifestations, diagnosis, treatment	Practice session	with check
	į.	of patients	modalities and medical & surgical	Case	list
		with disorders	nursing management of eye	discussions/Sem	Assessment
		of eye.	disorders:	inar	of patient
			□ Refractive errors	Health education	manageme
	ļ		□ Eyelids-infection, tumours and	Supervised	nt problem
i			deformities	clinical practice	lit problem
			□ Conjunctiva- inflammation and	Drug book	
			infection, bleeding	1	
			□ Cornea- inflammation and	/presentation	
			infection	Visit to eye bank	-
	1		☐ Lens-Cataracts	Participation in	
			□ Glaucoma	eye-camps	
			Disorder of the <u>uveal</u> tract,		
1			☐ Ocular tumours		
			☐ Disorders of posterior chamber		
			and retina: Retinal and vitreous		
			problems.		
			□ Retinal detachment		
			☐ Ocular emergencies and their		
			prevention		
	1		Blindness		
			National blindness control program		
			□ Eye Banking		
		**	☐ Eye prostheses and Rehabilitation		
	1			İ	

Role of a nurse-Communication with visually impaired patient, Eye camps Special therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of eye Nursing management of patient with neurological disorders of the neurological system Nursing Assessment-History and Physical and neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale assessment and Glasgow coma scale etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modallities and medical & surgical nursing management of neurological disorders • Congenital malformations • Headache Head Injuries Paraplegia Quadraplegia Quadraplegia Quadraplegia Spinal cord compression-herniation of intervertebral disc Tumors of the brain & spinal cord Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms Infections: Movement disorders Crorea Seizures Eplipsies Cerebro Vascular Accidents (CVA) Cranial, Spinal Neuropathies — Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain-Barr'e Syndrome Myasthenia gravis Multiple selerosis Deparagrativa dicesses	Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
Special therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of eye Nursing management of patient etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with neurological disorders Nursing Assessment-History and Physical and neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment of patients with neurological disorders Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of neurological disorders Congenital malformations Headache Head Injuries Spinal Injuries: Paraplegia Quadraplegia Spinal cord compression-herniation of intervertebral disc Tumors of the brain & spinal cord Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms Infections: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Brain abscess, neurocysticercosis Movement disorders Chorea Seizures Epilepsies Cerebro Vascular Accidents (CVA) Cranial, Spinal Neuropathies— Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain- Bar* e Syndrome Myasthenia gravis Multiple sclerosis						
Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of eye 111			, .			
Drugs used in treatment of disorders of eye III 16 • Describe the etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with neurological and neurological of the neurological system of patients with neurological disorders • Nursing Assessment-History and Physical and neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical mursing management of neurological disorders • Congenital malformations • Head Injuries • Practice session • Case discussions/Sem inar • Health education • Supervised clinical practice • Drug book / presentation • Visit to rehabilitation centre • Dranaplegia • Spinal Injuries: • Paraplegia • Spinal cord compression-herniation of intervertebral disc • Tumors of the brain & spinal cord • Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms • Infections: • Meningitis, Encephalitis, Brain abscess, neurocysticercosis • Movement disorders • Clorea • Seiziures • Diejopsies • Cerebro Vascular Accidents (CVA) • Cranial, Spinal Neuropathies - Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia • Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain-Barr e Syndrome • Myasthenia gravis • Multiple selerosis						
of eye Nursing management of patient etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with neurological disorders Peripheral Rouropathies Illi If etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with neurological disorders Paraglegia Phagagement of neurological disorders Paraplegia Quadraplegia Quadraplegia Spinal cord compression-herniation of intervertebral disc Tumors of the brain & spinal cord Infra cranial and cerebral aneurysms Infections: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Brain abscess, neurocysticercosis Mowement disorders Peripheral Neuropathies - Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain- Barr'e Syndrome Myasthenia gravis Multiple sclerosis Multiple sclerosis						
etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with neurological disorders Etiology, Pathophysiology of the neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale nursing management of patients with neurological disorders Etiology, Pathophysiology of the neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of neurological disorders Congenital malformations Headache Head Injuries Paraplegia Hemiplegia Quadraplegia Spinal cord compression- herniation of intervertebral disc Tumors of the brain & spinal cord Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms Infections: Movement disorders Cerebro Vascular Accidents (CVA) Cranial, Spinal Neuropathies — Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain-Barr'e Syndrome Myasthenia gravis Multiple sclerosis				of eye	·	
physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with neurological disorders • Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system hysical and neurological assessment History and Physical and neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment of patients with neurological disorders • Congenital malformations ethead Injuries: • Paraplegia • Paraplegia • Paraplegia • Spinal cord compression-herniation of intervertebral disc • Tumors of the brain & spinal cord • Infactions: • Models, films, slides obtended the practice session of skills with check list with check list with check of case discussions/Sem inar • Head Injuries: • Paraplegia • Spinal cord compression-herniation of intervertebral disc • Tumors of the brain & spinal cord • Infactions: • Moells, films, slides, films, slides obtended assessment of skills with check list with check list or chabilitation centre • Assessment of patient manage discussions/Sem inar • Head Injuries: • Paraplegia • Purpugbod • Visit to rehabilitation centre • Drug book • Practice session • Case discussions/Sem inar • Health education • Supervised clinical practice • Drug book • Visit to rehabilitation centre • Drug book • Practice session • Assessment of patient manage • Supervised clinical practice • Drug book • Practice session • Case discussions/Sem inar • Health education • Supervised clinical practice • Drug book • Practice session • Case discussions/Sem inar • Health education • Supervised clinical practice • Drug book • Practice session • Case discussions/Sem inar • Fractice session • Case discussions/Sem inar • Fractice session • Case discussions/Sem inar • Fractice session • Case discussions/Sem inar • Fractice session • Case discussions/Sem inar • Fractice session • Case discussions/Sem inar • Fractice session • Not sem inar • Material Autorical session per inar • Case discussions/sem inar • Fr	III	16				
clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with neurological disorders • Physical and neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale • Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of neurological disorders • Congenital malformations • Headache • Head Injuries: □ Paraplegia □ Hemiplegia □ Quadraplegia • Spinal cord compression- herniation of intervertebral dise • Tumors of the brain & spinal cord • Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms • Infections: □ Meningitis, Encephalitis, Brain abscess, neurocysticercosis • Movement disorders □ Chorea □ Seizures □ Epilepsies • Cerebro Vascular Accidents (CVA) • Cranial, Spinal Neuropathies - Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia • Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain- Barr' e Syndrome • Myasthenia gravis • Objective type • Assessment of skills with check list • Case discussions/Sem inar • Health education • Supervised clinical apractice • Drug book /presentation • Visit to rehabilitation centre • Objective type • Assessment of skills with check list • Assessment of patients with check list • Assessment of patients with check list • Assessment of patients with check list • Supervised clinical apractice • Drug book /presentation • Visit to rehabilitation centre • Drug book /presentation • Visit to rehabilitation centre • Orall patients • Assessment of patients • Assessment of patients • Assessment of patients • Assessment of patients • Assessment of patients • Assessment of patients • Assessment of patients • Assessment of patients • Assessment of patients • Assessment of patients • Assessment • Case • Usate discussions/Sem inar • Health education • Visit to rehabilitation centre • Drug book /presentation • Visit to rehabilitation centre • Crane • Dell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia • Peripheral Neuropathies - Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia • Multiple sclerosis						
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Headache						
 Head Injuries Spinal Injuries: Paraplegia Hemiplegia Quadraplegia Spinal cord compression- herniation of intervertebral disc Tumors of the brain & spinal cord Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms Infections: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Brain abscess, neurocysticercosis Movement disorders Chorea Seizures Epilepsies Cerebro Vascular Accidents (CVA) Cranial, Spinal Neuropathies – Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain-Barr'e Syndrome Myasthenia gravis Multiple sclerosis 			disorders	,	Supervised	
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Barr'e Syndrome Myasthenia gravis Multiple sclerosis				Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia		
Myasthenia gravis Multiple sclerosis						
Multiple sclerosis					:	
				Degenerative diseases		1

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
Unit	(Hrs)	Objectives		Activity	method
			□ Delirium □ Dementia □ Alzheimer's disease □ Parkinson's disease • Management of unconscious patients and patients with stroke • Role of the nurse in communicating with patient having neurological deficit • Rehabilitation of patients with neurological deficit Role of nurse in long stay facility (institutions) and at home Special therapies		
-			Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of neurological disorders		
IV	16	Describe the	Nursing management of patients	• Lecture	Essay type
		etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with disorders of female reproductive system • Describe concepts of reproductive health and family welfare programme	with disorders of female reproductive system Review of anatomy and physiology of the female reproductive system Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Breast Self Examination Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of disorder of female reproductive system Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive system Sexuality and Reproductive Health Sexual Health Assessment Menstrual Disorders; Dysmenorrhea, Amenorrhea, Premenstrual Syndrome Abnormal Uterine Bleeding; Menorrhagia, Metrorrhagia Pelvic Inflammatory Disease- Ovarian and fallopian tube disorders; infections, cysts, tumours Uterine and cervical disorders; Endometriosis, polyps, Fibroids,	discussion Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/Sem inar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book /presentation	Short answers Deficitive type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem Output Deficition of patient management problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	
			uterine displacement,	Activity	method
			Cystocele/Urethrocele/Rectocele		
			Vaginal disorders; Infections and		
			Discharges, Fistulas		
			 Vulvur disorders; Infections, cysts, 		
			tumours		
			• Diseases of breasts; Deformities,		
			Infections, Cysts and Tumours	·	
		,	Menopause and Hormonal Bendesen and Till		
			Replacement Therapy Infertility	V .	
			• Contraception; Types Methods, Risk		
			and effectiveness		
			□ Spacing Methods		
	-		- Barrier methods, Intera		
	•		Uterine Devices, Hormonal,		
			Post Conceptional Methods,		
			etc		
			☐ Terminal methods		
			- Sterilization		
			Emergency Contraception methods Abortion -Natural, Medical and		
			surgical abortion – MTP Act		
			Toxic Shock Syndrome		
			Injuries and Trauma; Sexual		
			violence		
			Special therapies		
			Nursing procedures		
			Drugs used in treatment of	·	·
		,	gynaecological disorders		
v	10	Describe the	National family welfare programme		
١ ١	10	etiology, patho-	Nursing management of patients	• Lecture	• Essay type
ļ		physiology,	with Burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery	discussion	Short
İ		clinical	Review of anatomy and physiology	 Explain using 	answers
		manifestations,	of the skin and connective tissues	Charts, graphs	 Objective
		diagnostic	and various deformities	• Models, films,	type
		measures and	Nursing Assessment-History and	slides Demonstration	Assessment
		nursing	Physical assessment and	Practice session	of skills
		management of	Assessment of burns and fluid and	Case discuss-	with check list
_		patients with	electrolyte loss	ions/ Seminar	Assessment
^		with Burns, reconstructive	• Etiology, Classification,	Health education	of patient
1		and cosmetic	Pathophysiology, clinical	Supervised	manage-
		surgery	manifestations, diagnosis, treatment	clinical practice	ment
	<u>.</u> L	9J	modalities and medical & surgical		problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			nursing management of Burns and Re-constructive and Cosmetic surgery; Types of Re-constructive and Cosmetic surgery; for burns,congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purposes Role of Nurse Legal aspects Rehabilitation Special therapies Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of Burns,	Drug book /presentation	
VI	10	Describe the	reconstructive and cosmetic surgery Nursing management of patients	Lecture	Essay type
		etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with oncology	with oncological conditions Structure & characteristics of normal & cancer cells Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Prevention, Screening, Early detection, Warning signs of cancer Epidemiology, Etiology, Classification, Pathophysiology, Staging, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of oncological conditions Common malignancies of various body systems; Oral, larynx, lung, Stomach and Colon, Liver, Leukemias and lymphomas, Breast, Cervix, Ovary, Uterus, Sarcoma, Brain, Renal, Bladder, Prostate etc Oncological emergiences Modalities of treatment	discussion Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/Sem inar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book /presentation	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient manageme nt problem
			□ Immunotherapy □ Chemotherapy □ Radiotherapy □ Surgical Interventions □ Stem cell and Bone marrow transplants □ Gene therapy		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			☐ Other forms of treatment		- Inclinda
			Psychosocial aspects of cancer.		
			Rehabilitation		
		•	Palliative care; Symptom and Pain		
			Management, Nutritional support		İ
			Home care		
			Hospice care		
		•	Stomal Therapy		
		*	Special therapies		
			□ Psycho social aspects	to.	
			Nursing procedures		
VII	10	 Describe 	Nursing management of patient in	Lecture	Essay type
		organization	EMERGENCY & DISASTER	discussion	• Short
-		of emergency	situations	Explain using	answers
		and disaster	Disaster Nursing:	Charts, graphs	Objective
		care services	Concepts and principles of Disaster	Models, films,	type
			Nursing	slides	Assessment
	Ì	 Describe the 	Causes and Types of Disaster:	Demonstration	of skills
		role of nurse	Natural and Man-made	Practice session	with check
ŀ		in disaster	☐ Earthquakes, Floods, Epidemics,	• Case	list
.		management	Cyclones	discussions/Sem	Assessment
		75 11 14	☐ Fire, Explosion, Accidents	inar	of patient
		• Describe the	□ Violence, Terrorism, bio-	Health education	manage-
		role of nurse	chemical,War	Supervised	ment
		in manage- ment of	Policies related to	clinical practice	problem
		common	emergency/disaster	Disaster	
ļ		Emergencies	management; International, national,	management	
1		Lineigeneies	state, institutional	Drills	
			Disaster preparedness: Toom Guidelines	Drug book	
-			 Team, Guidelines, protocols, Equipments, Resources 	/presentation	
	-	-	 Coordination and involvement of; 		
			Community, various govt.	·	
	ĺ		departments, non-govt.		
			organizations and International		
	1		agencies		
	ŀ		Role of nurse:working		
			Legal Aspects of Disaster Nursing		
- 1			• Impact on Health and after effects;		
			Post Traumatic Stress Disorder		
			• Rehabilitation; physical, psycho-		
			social, Financial, Relocation		
			Emergency Nursing		
	1		Concept, priorities, principles and	7	
			Scope of emergency nursing		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
	/		Organization of emergency		
			services:physical setup, staffing,		
			equipment and supplies, protocols,		
		•	Concepts of triage and role of triage		
			nurse		
			Coordination and involvement of		
			different departments and facilities		
			Nursing Assessment-History and		
			Physical assessment		İ
	.		• Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical		
	ļ		manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical		
	Ì		nursing management of patient with		
			medical and surgical Emergency		
			Principles of emergency		
			management		·
			Common Emergencies;		
		and the second	Respiratory Emergencies		
			Cardiac Emergencies		
			Shock and Haemorrhage		
			• Pain		
			Poly-Trauma, road accidents, crush		
	1		injuries, wound		
	1.		• Bites		
	1 .		• Poisoning; Food, Gas, Drugs &		
1	.		chemical poisoning	•	
Ì			Seizures		
		1	• Thermal Emergencies; Heat stroke		
			& Cold injuries		
			Pediatric Emergencies		
1			Psychiatric Emergencies		
			Obstetrical Emergencies		
			 Violence, Abuse, Sexual assault 		
			 Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation 		
		1	Crisis Intervention	1.5	1
			Role of the nurse; Communication		
	-		and Inter Personal Relations		
			Medico-Legal Aspects;		Frank franc
VII	I 10	Explain the	Nursing care of the elderly	Lecture	• Essay type
	1.	concept and	Nursing Assessment-History and	discussion	Short answers
		problems of	Physical assessment	• Explain using	
		aging	• Ageing;	Charts, graphs	Objective type
-			Demography; Myths and realities	• Models, films,	type
. '			Concepts and theories of ageing	slides	Assessment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method	
		Describe	Cognitive Aspects of Ageing	Demonstration	of skills	
		nursing care	Normal biological ageing	Practice session	with check	
	ļ	of the elderly	Age related body systems changes	• Case	list	
			Psychosocial Aspects of Aging	discussions/Sem	Assessment	
			Medications and elderly	inar	of patient	
	1		Stress & coping in older adults	Health education	manage-	
	İ		• Common Health Problems &	Supervised	ment	
			Nursing Management;	clinical practice	problem	
}	Ì		Cardiovascular, Respiratory,	Drug book		
	1.		Musculoskeletal,	/presentation		
	1			Visit to old age		
			• Endocrine, genito-urinary,	home		
		1.	gastrointestinal	HOME		
	1		Neurological, Skin and other			
1			Sensory organs			
		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	☐ Psychosocial and Sexual			
			☐ Abuse of elderly			
			• Role of nurse for care of elderly:			
			ambulation, nutritional,		1	
			communicational, psychosocial and			
			spiritual			
			Role of nurse for caregivers of			
	1		elderly			
	1		Role of family and formal and non			
			formal caregivers		1	
			Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing)		·	
	į		aids, dentures,			
1			Legal & Ethical Issues			
	ł		Provisions and Programmes for			
	1		elderly; privileges, Community			
			Programs and health services:			
			Home and institutional care			
IX	10	Describe	Nursing management of patient in	Lecture	Essay type	
		organization	critical care units	discussion	• Short	
		of critical	Nursing Assessment-History and	Explain using	answers	
1		care units	Physical assessment	Charts, graphs	Objective	
		- Care Gillio	Classification	Models, films,	type	
		Describe the	Principles of critical care nursing	slides	• Assessment	
		role of nurse	Organization; Physical setup,	Demonstration	of skills	
		in	Policies, staffing norms,	1	with check	
		management		Role plays	list	
.1		of patients	Protocols, equipment and supplies	• Counseling		
1	1	critical care	Special equipments; ventilators,	Practice session	• Assessment	
-		units	cardiac monitors, defibrillators,	• Case	of patient	
-		units	Resuscitation equipments	discussions/	management	
			Infection Control Protocols	Seminar	problem	
		,			1	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			 Nursing management of critically ill pateint; Monitoring of critically ill patient CPR-Advance Cardiac Life support Treatments and procedures. Transitional care Ethical and Legal Aspects Communication with patient and family Intensive care records Crisis Intervention Death and Dying-coping with 	Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book /presentation	
٠.			Drugs used in critical care unit		
X	8	 Describe the etiology, patho- physiology, clinical manifestations. 	Nursing management of patients adults including elderly with Occupational and Industrial disorders • Nursing Assessment-History and		
		assessment, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational	Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of occupational and		
		and industrial health disorder	industrial health disorders Role of nurse Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of Occupational and Industrial disorders		

Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult and Geriatrics) – Il Practical

Placement: Third Year

Time: Theory - 120 hrs Practical - 270 hrs Internship- 430 hrs

Areas	Dura- tion (in wks)	Objectives of posting	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment methods
ENT	1.	 Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Counsel and educate patient and families 	Perform examination of ear, nose and throat Assist with diagnostic procedures Assist with therapeutic procedures Instillation of drops Perform/assist with irrigations. Apply ear bandage Perform tracheostomy care Teach patients and families	Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients Nursing care plan - 1 Observation reports of OPD Maintain drug book	Assess each skill with checklist Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report of OPD Completion of activity record
Ophtha- mology	1	 Provide care to patients with Eye disorders Counsel and educate patient and families 	Perform examination of eye Assist with diagnostic procedures Assist with therapeutic procedures Perform/assist with irrigations. Apply eye bandage Apply eye drops/ointments Assist with foreign body removal. Teach patients and families	 Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients Nursing care plan - 1 Observation reports of OPD & Eye bank Maintain drug book 	Assess each skill with checklist Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report of OPD/Eye bank Completion of activity record

Areas	Dura- tion (in wks)	Objectives of posting	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment methods
Neur- ology	2	 Provide care to patients with neurological disorders. Counsel and educate patient and families 	Perform Neurological Examination Use Glasgow coma scale Assist with diagnostic procedures Assist with therapeutic procedures Teach patients & families Participate in rehabilitation program	Case study/Case presentation-1 Maintains drug book Health Teaching-1	Assess each skill with checklist Assess performance with rating scale 3. Evaluation of case study & health teaching Completion of activity record
Gyne- cology ward	1	Provide care to patients with gynecological disorders. Counsel and educate patient and families	Assist with gynecological Examination Assist with diagnostic procedures Assist with therapeutic procedures Teach patients families Teaching self Breast Examination Assist with PAP smear collection.	 Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients Nursing care plan - 1 Maintain drug book 	Assess each skill with checklist Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of care plan Completion of activity record
Burns Unit	1	 Provide care to patients with Burns Counsel and educate patient and families 	Assessment of the burns patient Percentage of burns Degree of burns. Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy Assess Calculate Replace Record intake/output Care of Burn wounds	Provide care to 1-2 assigned patients Nursing care plan – 1 Observation report of Burns unit	Assess each skill with checklist Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of care plan and observation report Completion of activity record

Areas	Dura- tion (in wks)	Objectives of posting	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment methods
			☐ Bathing ☐ Dressing ● Perform active &		activity record
			passive exercises • Practice medical &		
			 surgical asepsis Counsel & Teach patients and families 		
		:	Participate in rehabilitation program		
Onology Unit	1	Provide care to patients with cancer	Screen for common cancers-TNM classification	• Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients	Assess each skill with checklist
		Counsel and educate	Assist with diagnostic procedures	• Nursing care plan – 1	Assess performance
		patient and families	☐ Biopsies ☐ Pap smear	Observation report of	with rating scale
			☐ Bone-marrow aspiration	cancer unit	Evaluation of care plan and observation
			Breast examination Assist with therapeutic		report Completion of activity record
			procedures • Participates in various modalities of		
			treatment Chemotherapy Radiotherapy		
			☐ Pain management☐ Stomaltherapy		
			☐ Hormonal therapy ☐ Immuno therapy		
			☐ Gene therapy ☐ Alternative therapy • Participate in		
	·		palliative care • Counsel and teach		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			patients families		

Areas	Dura- tion (in wks)	Objectives of posting	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment methods
			☐ Self Breast Examination		
			 Warning signs Participate in rehabilitation program		
Critical care unit	2	Provide care to critically ill patients	Monitoring of patients in ICU Maintain flow sheet	Provide care to 1 assigned patient	Assess each skill with checklist
	÷	Counsel patient and families for grief and	Care of patient on ventilators Perform Endotracheal suction	Observation report of Critical care unit	Assess performance with rating scale
		bereavement	-Demonstrates use of ventilators, cardiac monitors etc.	Drugs book.	Evaluation of observation report
			Collect specimens and interprets ABG analysis		Completion of activity record
			Assist with arterial puncture Maintain CVP line	· · · · · ·	
			Pulse oximetry CPR- ALS		
			Defibrillators Pace makers Bag-mask ventillation		
			Emergency tray/ trolly-Crash Cart		
	-		 Administration of drugs Infusion pump 		
			□ Epidural □ Intra thecal □ Intracardiac		
			Total parenteral therapy		
			 Chest physiotherapy Perform active & passive exercises 		

Areas	Dura- tion (in wks)	Objectives of posting	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment methods
		•	Counsel the patient and family in dealing with grieving and bereavement		
Casualty/ Emer- ency		Provide care to patients in emergency and disaster situation Counsel patient and families for grief and bereavement	Practice 'triage". Assist with assessment, examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency and disaster situations Assist in documentations Assist in legal procedures in emergency unit Participate in managing crowd Counsel patient and	Observation report of Emergency unit	Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record
			families in grief and bereavement		

Placement: Internship

Time: 9 weeks

Area	Duration (in week)	Objective	Skills	Assessment
Medical ward Surgical ward	2	Provide comprehensive care to patients with medical and surgical conditions including emergencies	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
Critical care unit	- 1	Assist with common		
Casualty/Emergency	2	operations		
Operation Theatre (Eye. ENT, Neuro)	2	•		

Child Health Nursing

Placement: Third Year

Time: Theory - 90 Hours Practical - 270 Hours Internship- 145 hours

Course Description: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child- care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	15	Explain the modern concept of child care & principles of child health nursing Describe national policy programs and	Agencies related to welfare	Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common paediatric procedures	Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
		legislation in relation to child health and welfare. • List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood	services to the children Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspects of child health. Child morbidity and mortality rates. Differences between an adult and child Hospital environment for a sick child		
		 Describe the major functions and role of the paediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child. Describe the principles of child health 	Impact of hospitalisation on the child and family. Grief and bereavement The role of a Child health nurse in caring for a hospitalised child Principles of pre and post operative care of infants and children Child health nursing procedures.		

Unit	(Hrs)		Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
II	20	Describe the normal	The healthy child • Principles of growth and	• Lecture	• Short
		growth &	development	Discussion	answers
4.1		development	• Factors affecting growth &	 Developmental study of infant 	Objective
	}	of children at	development	and children	• Assessment
		different	 Growth and development from 	Observation	of field
		agesIdentify the	birth to adolescence	study of normal	visits and
		needs of	The needs of normal children through the stages of the land.	and sick child	developme
		children at	through the stages of develop- mental and parental guidance	• Field visit to	ntal study
		different	Nutritional needs of children &	Anganwadi, child guidance	reports
		ages &	infants: breast feeding, exclusive	clinic	
		provide parental	breast feeding supplementary/	• Film show on	
,		guidance	artificial feeding and weaning,	breast feeding	
		Identify the	Baby friendly hospital concept Accidents: causes and	Clinical	
		nutritional	prevention	practice/field	
		needs of	Value of play and selection of		
		children at	play material		
		different ages and	Preventive immunization,		
		ways of	immunization programme and	1	
	1	meeting the	cold chain	·	
	ŀ	needs	Preventive paediatricsCare of under five & under five		
		Appreciate	clinics/ well baby clinics		12
		the role of play for	went only crimes		
		normal &			
		sick children.			
		Appreciate			
		the			
		preventive	·		
		measures and strategies for			
		children			
III	15	Provide care	Nursing care of a neonate	Lecture	
		to normal &	 Nursing care of a normal 	Discussion	Short answers
		high risk	newborn/Essential newborn care	Workshop on	Objective
		neonates • Perform	 Neonatal resuscitation 	neonatal	type
-	İ	neonatal	Nursing management of a low	resuscitation	Assessment
	. -		birth weight baby.	Demonstration	of skills
-		- D	Kangaroo mother careNursing management of	Practice session	with
-		and manage	common neonatal disorders	Clinical practice	checklist

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		common neonatal problems	Organization of neonatal unit. Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations.		
IV	10		Integrated management of , neonatal and childhood illnesses (IMNCI)		
V	20	Provide nursing care in common childhood diseases Identify measures to prevent common childhood diseases including immunization	Nursing management in common childhood diseases Nutritional deficiency disorders Respiratory disorders and infections Gestrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease Genito- urinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms' tumor,	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice	Short answers Objective 'ype Assessment of skills with checklist
			infection and congenital disorders. Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, hydrocephalus, spina-bifida.		
			 Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia Endocrine disorders: Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus 		
			 Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture. Disorders of skin, eye, and ears Common communicable diseases in children, their 		
			identification, nursing management in hospital and home and prevention. • Child health emergencies: poisoning, foreign bodies, hemorrhage, burns and drowning.		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
377			 Nursing care of infant and children with HIV/AIDS. 		
VI	10	 Manage the child with behavioural & social problems Identify the social & welfare services for challenged children 	Management of behavioural & social problems in children Management of common behavioural disorders Management of common psychiatric problems Management of challenged children: Mentally, Physically, & Socially challenged Welfare services for challenged children in India. Child guidance clinics	Lecture discussion Field visits to child guidance clinics, school for mentally & physically, socially challenged	Short answers Objective type Assessmen of field reports

Child Health Nursing-Practical

Placement: Third Year Fourth year

Time: 270 hours (9 Weeks) Internship: 145 hours (3 Weeks)

Medicine Ward Care to children with various medical disorders Counsel and educate parents. Calculation of fluids Calculation of fluids Calculation of fluids Calculation of fluids Calculation of fluids Capply restraints Administer O2 inhalation by different methods Give baby bath Feed children by Katori spoon, etc. Collect specimens for common investigations Assist with common diagnostic procedures Care to children with various medical Physical examination and assessment of children of children Nursing Care Plan -1 Case Study/presentati on - 1 Health Talk -1 History Physical examination and assessment of children by It with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation or case study/ presentation and Health education session Completion of activity recomments or common investigations Assist with common diagnostic procedures	Areas	Durat- ion (in weeks)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
 Teach mothers/parents □ Malnutrition □ Oral rehydration therapy □ Feeding & Weaning □ Immunization schedule □ Play therapy 	Medicine		care to children with various medical disorders Counsel and	History Physical examination and assessment of children Administer of oral, I/M & IV medicine/fluids Calculation of fluid requirements Prepare different strengths of I. V. fluids Apply restraints Administer O2 inhalation by different methods Give baby bath Feed children by Katori spoon, etc. Collect specimens for common investigations Assist with common diagnostic procedures Teach mothers/parents Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy Feeding & Weaning Immunization schedule	Give care to three assigned paediatric patients Nursing Care Plan -1 Case study/presentati on - 1	Assess clinical performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation and Health education

Areas	Durat- ion (in weeks)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Pediatric Surgery Ward	3	Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre and post operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel and educate parents	Calculate, prepare and administer I/V fluids Do bowel wash Care for ostomies: Colostomy irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization and drainage Feeding Naso-gastric Gastrostomy Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing	Give care to three assigned paediatric surgical patients Nursing Care Plan - 1 Case study/Presentati on - 1	Assess clinical performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record.
Pediatric OPD/ Immunizat ion room	1	Perform assessment of children: Health, Developmental and Anthropometric Perform Immunization Give Health Education/Nutri tional Education	■ Suture removal Assessment of children Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Immunization Health/Nutritional Education	Developmental study - 1	Assess clinical performance with rating scale Completion of activity record
Paediatric medicine and surgery ICU	1+1		 Care of a baby in incubator/warmer Care of a child on ventilator Endotracheal suction Chest physiotherapy Administer fluids with infusion pump Total parenteral nutrition Phototherapy 	Nursing care plan 1 Observation report 1	Assess clinical performance with rating scale Completion of activity record Evaluation of observation report

Areas	Durat- ion (in weeks)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
			 Monitoring of babies 		
		•	Cardio Pulmonary resuscitation		

Internship

Area	Duration (in weeks)	Objective	Skills	Assessment
Pediatric medicine ward/ICU	1	Provide comprehensive care to children with medical conditions	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
Pediatric Surgery ward/ICU	1	 Provide comprehensive care to children with surgical conditions 	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
NICU	1	Provide intensive care to neonates	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale

Mental Health Nursing

Placement: Third Year

Time: Theory - 90 Hours
Practical - 270 Hours
Internship- 95 hours (2 weeks)

Course Description: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to mental health, identification, prevention and nursing management of common mental health problems with special emphasis on therapeutic interventions for individuals, family and community.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
Ī	5	Describes the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Describe the epidemiology of mental health problems Describe the National Mental Health Act, programmes and mental health policy Discusses the scope of mental health nursing Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behaviour	Introduction Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health nursing: evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices. Prevalence and incidence of mental health problems and disorders. Mental Health Act National Mental health policy vis a vis National Health Policy National Mental Health programme Mental health team Nature and scope of mental health nursing Role and functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour	• Lecture Discussion	Objective type Short answer Assessment of the field visit reports
II	5	Defines the various terms used in mental health Nursing	Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used Classification of mental disorders: ICD	Lecture discussion Explain using Charts Review of personality development	 Essay type Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
		Explains the classification of mental disorders Explain psycho dynamics of maladaptive behaviour Discuss the etiological factors, psychopatholo gy of mental disorders Explain the Principles and standards of Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health	Review of personality development, defense mechanisms Maladaptive behaviour of individuals and groups: stress, crisis and disaster(s) Etiology: bio- psycho-social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and abnormal neuro transmission Principles of Mental health Nursing Standards of Mental health Nursing practice Conceptual models and the role of nurse: □ Existential Model □ Psycho-analytical models □ Behavioural model	Activity	Method
m	8	nursing Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status	Assessment of mental health status History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination: Review Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI Psychological tests Role and responsibilities of nurse	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list
IV	6	Identify therapeutic communicatio n techniques Describe therapeutic relationship	Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient relationship Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics Types of relationship, Ethics and responsibilities	Lecture discussion Demonstration Role play Process recording	Short answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
		Describe therapeutic impasse and its intervention	Elements of nurse patient contract Review of technique of IPR-Johari Window Goals, phases, tasks, therapeutic techniques Therapeutic impasse and its intervention	ACTIVITY	Method
V	14	Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders Psycho Pharmacology Psychological therapies: Therapeutic community, psycho therapy-Individual: psycho-analytical, cognitive and supportive, Family, Group, Behavioural, Play, Psycho-drama, Music, Dance, Recreational and Light therapy, Relaxation therapies: Yoga, Meditation, bio feedback Alternative systems of medicine Occupational therapy Physical Therapy: electro convulsive therapy Geriatric considerations Role of nurse in above therapies	Lecture discussion Demonstration Group work Practice session Clinical practice	 Essay type Short answers Objective type
VI	5	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders Classification: ICD Etiology, psycho-pathology, types, clinical manifestations, diagnosis Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders	Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	 Essay type Short Short Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
			Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation		
VII	5	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	Nursing management of patient with mood disorders Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, Mania depression and dysthamia etc Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	 Essay type Short Answers Assessment of patient management problems
VIII	8	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders	Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders • Anxiety disorder, Phobias, Dissociation and Conversion disorder, Obsessive compulsive disorder, somatoform disorders, Post traumatic stress disorder • Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis • Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment • Treatment modalities and nursing management of	Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	 Essay type Short Assessment of patient management problems
			patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
IX	5	Describe the	Nursing management of	Lecture	Essay type
		etiology,	patient with Substance use	discussion	• Short
		psycho-	disorders	Case discussion	1
		pathology,	• Commonly used psychotropic	• Case	answers
		clinical	substance: Classification,	presentation	• Assessment
		manifestations,	forms, routes, action.	Clinical practice	of patient
		diagnostic	intoxication and withdrawal	• Chincal practice	management
		criteria and	Etiology of dependence:		problems
		management of	tolerance, psychological and		
		patients with	physical dependence,		
		substance use	withdrawal syndrome,		•
	i	disorders	diagnosis,		
		·	• Nursing Assessment-History,		
	1		Physical, mental assessment		
		,	and drug assay		
		,	Treatment (detoxification,		
1	1	-	antabuse and narcotic		
			antagonist therapy and harm		
i	l		reduction) and nursing		
			management of patients with		
			substance use disorders	}	
			 Geriatric considerations 		
			 Follow-up and home care and 	,	
			rehabilitation		
X	4	Describe the	Nursing management of	Lecture	Essay type
		etiology,	patient with Personality,	discussion	• Short
		psycho-	Sexual and Eating disorders	Case discussion	answers
		pathology,	 Classification of disorders 	• Case	Assessment
		clinical	 Etiology, psycho-pathology, 	presentation	of patient
		manifestations	characteristics, diagnosis,	Clinical practice	managemen
		, diagnostic	 Nursing Assessment-History, 	ommour practice	t problems
		criteria and	Physical and mental		proofeins
İ		management	assessment		
		of patients	 Treatment modalities and 		
		with	nursing management of		
		personality,	patients with Personality,		
		Sexual and	Sexual and Eating disorders		
		Eating	Geriatric considerations		
, i		disorders	 Follow-up and home care and 		
			rehabilitation		
XI	6	Describe the	Nursing management of	Lecture	Essay type
		etiology,	childhood and adolescent	discussion	• Short
		psycho-	disorders including mental	Case discussion	answers
		pathology,	deficiency	• Case	• Assessment
		clinical	Classification	Cu30	- ASSESSINGIL

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
VII		manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Etiology, psycho-pathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment-History, Physical, mental and IQ assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including mental deficiency Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	Clinical practice	management problems
XII	5	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders.	Nursing management of organic brain disorders Classification: ICD? Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis (parkinsons and alzheimers) Nursing Assessment-History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient management problems
XIII	6	Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention	Psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies and their management Stress adaptation Model: stress and stressor, coping, resources and mechanism Grief: Theories of grieving process, principles, techniques of counselling Types of crisis Crisis Intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process Geriatric considerations Role and responsibilities of nurse	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice	 Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
XIV	4	Explain legal	Legal issues in Mental Health	Lecture	• Short
		aspects	Nursing	discussion	answers
		applied in	The Mental Health Act 1987:	Case discussion	 Objective
		mental health	Act, Sections, Articles and		type
		settings and	their implications etc.		, ,,
	1	role of the	Indian Lunacy Act.1912		
		nurse	Rights of mentally ill clients		
			Forensic psychiatry		•
	1		Acts related to narcotic and		
			psychotropic substances and		
		-	illegal drug trafficking		
			 Admission and discharge 		
			procedures		
			Role and responsibilities of		, .
XV	4		nurse		
ΑV	4	Describe the	Community Mental Health	• Lecture	Short
		model of	Nursing	discussion	answers
		preventive psychiatry	Development of Community	Clinical/field	 Objective
		psychiatry	Mental Health Services:	practice	type
		Describes	National Mental Health Broggerman	Field visits to	 Assessment
		Community	Programme Institutionalization Versus	mental health	of the field
		Mental health	Deinstitutionalization Versus	service agencies	visit reports
		services and	Model of Preventive		,
		role of the	psychiatry: Levels of		
		nurse	Prevention		
			Mental Health Services		
			available at the primary,		
		-	secondary, tertiary levels		
			including rehabilitation and	,	
			Role of nurse		
			Mental Health Agencies:		
			Government and voluntary,		
			National and International	·	
			Mental health nursing issues		
			for special populations:		
			Children, Adolescence,		
			Women, Elderly, Victims of		:
			violence and abuse,		
		1	Handicapped, HIV /AIDS etc.	1	

Mental Health Nursing-Practical

Placement: Third Year

Fourth year

Time: Practical – 270 hours (9 weeks) Internship- 95 hours (2 weeks)

	7	<u> </u>		internsnip- 9	5 hours (2 weeks)
Areas	Durat- ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Psychiatric OPD	1	Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patient, and families	History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Assist in Psychometric assessment Perform Neurological examination Observe and assist in therapies Teach patients and family members	History taking and Mental status examination- 2 Health education- 1 Observation report of OPD	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of health education Assessment of observation report Completion of activity record.
Child Guidance clinic	1	 Assessment of children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others 	 History taking Assist in psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Teach family and significant others 	Case work-1 Observation report of different therapies-1	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the observation report
Inpatient ward	6	 Assess patients with mental health problems To provide nursing care for patients with various mental health problems 	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Perform Neurological examination Assist in psychometric assessment 	Give care to 2- 3 patients with various mental disorders Case study-1 Care plan -2 Clinical presentation 1	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the case study,

Areas	Durat- ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
		Assist invarious therapies Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others	Record therapeutic communication Administer medications Assist in Electroconvulsive Therapy (ECT) Participate in all therapies Prepare patients for Activities of Daily living (ADL) Conduct admission and discharge counselling Counsel and teach patients and families	Process recording 2 Maintain drug book	care plan, clinical presentation, process recording • Completion of activity record.
Community psychiatry	1	To identify patients with various mental disorders To motivate patients for early treatment and follow up To assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community	Conduct case work Identify individuals with mental health problems Assists in mental health camps and clinics Counsel and Teach family members, patients and community	Case work-1 Observation report on field visits	Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case work and observation report Completion of activity record

Internship

Area	Duration	Objective	Skills	Assessment
Psychiatry ward	2 weeks	Provide comprehensive care to patients with mental health problems	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale

Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing

Placement: Third Year

Time: Theory - 90 Hours Practical - 180 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed for students to appreciate the concepts and principles of midwifery and obstetrical nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering nursing care to normal and high risk pregnant woman during antenatal, natal and post natal periods in hospitals and community settings. It also helps to develop skills in managing normal and high risk neonates and participate in family welfare programme.

Unit	(Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
I	3	Recognise the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing	Introduction to midwifery and obstetrical Nursing Introduction to concepts of midwifery and obstetrical Nursing Trends in midwifery and obstetrical nursing Historical perspectives and current trends Legal and ethical aspects Pre-conception care and preparing for parenthood Role of nurse in midwifery and obstetrical care. National policy and legislation in relation to maternal health and welfare. Maternal, morbidity, mortality and fertility rates Perinatal, morbidity and mortality rates	Activities Lecture discussion Explain using Charts and graphs	• Short answers • Objective type
II	8	Describe the anatomy and physiology of female reproductive system	Review of anatomy and physiology of female reproductive system and foetal development • Female pelvis – general description of the bones joints, ligaments, planes of the pelvis diameters of the true pelvis, important landmarks, variations in pelvis shape. • Female organs of reproduction – external genetalia, internal genital organs and their anatomical	Lecture discussion Review with Charts and models	 Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Method
	\	- Cojective	relations, musculature - blood-		
			supply, nerves, lymphatics, pelvic		
			cellular tissue, pelvic peritonium.		
		*	Physiology of menstrual cycle		
			Human sexuality		
			Foetal development		
			□ Conception		
			□ Review of fertilization,		
			implantation (embedding of the		
			ovum), development of the		
			embryo and placenta at term -		
			functions, abnormalities, the		
			foetal sac, amniotic fluid, the		
	1		umbilical chord,		
			☐ Foetal circulation, foetal skull,		
		-	bones, sutures and measurements.		
	'		Review of Genetics		
III	8	Describe the	Assessment and management of	Lecture	Short
111	"	diagnosis and	pregnancy (ante-natal)	discussion	answers
		, -	Normal pregnancy	Demonstration	
		management			Objective
		of women	Physiological changes during	Case discussion/	type
		during	pregnancy.	presentation	Assessment
		antenatal	□ Reproductive system	Health talk	of skills
	1	period.	☐ Cardio vascular system	 Practice session 	with check
	1		☐ Respiratory sytem	Counseling	list
1	1		☐ Urinary system	session	Assessment
	1		☐ Gastero intestinal system	Supervised	of patient
	1	1	☐ Metabolic changes	Clinical practice	manage-
ļ			☐ Skeletal changes	Cinnear praeries	ment
			☐ Skin changes		problems
			□ Endocrine system		
			☐ Psychological changes		
			☐ Discomforts of pregnancy		
			Diagnosis of pregnancy		
	1.		□ Signs		-
}	1		☐ Differential diagnosis		
			□ Confirmatory tests	'	
1			1	1.	
			Ante-natal care Objections		
	1		□ Objectives		
1			□ Assessment		1 .
				ì	1
			- History and physical	,	
			- History and physical examination		
			- History and physical		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Method
			□ Relationship of foetus to uterus and pelvis: Lie, Attitude, Presentation, Position □ Per vaginal examination. • Screening and assessment for high risk; • Risk approach • History and Physical Examination • Modalities of diagnosis; Invasive &Non-Invasive, ultrasonics, cardiotomography, NST, CST • Antenatal preparation □ Antenatal exercises □ Diet □ Substance use □ Education for child-birth □ Husband and families □ Preparation for safe-confinement □ Prevention from radiation • Psycho-social and cultural aspects of pregnancy □ Adjustment to pregnancy □ Unwed mother □ Single parent □ Teenage pregnancy □ Sexual violence • Adoption		A CHIVI
IV	12	 Describe the physiology and stages of labour. Describe the management of women during intranatal period 	Assessment and management of intra-natal period. • Physiology of labour, mechanism of labour • Management of labour. □ First stage - Signs and symptoms of onset of labour; normal and abnormal - Duration - Preparation of: √ Labour room √ Woman - Assessment and observation of women in labour; partogram-maternal and foetal monitoring	Lecture discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice	 Essay type Short Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Method
			- Active management of labour,		
			Induction of labour		
			- Pain relief and comfort in		
		-	·labour		
1			Second stage		
	į.	,	☐ Signs and symptoms; normal and		
			abnormal		
			□ Duration		
	1		□ Conduct of delivery; Principles		
			and techniques		
			☐ Episiotomy (only if required)	V.	
			Receiving the new born		
			- Neonatal resuscitation; initial		ļ
•			steps and subsequent resuscitation		
	}		- Care of umbilical cord		
			- Immediate assessment		·
	i		including screening for		
			congenital anomalies		
			- Identification		
			- Bonding		
			- Initiate feeding		
			- Screening and transportation		
-			of the neonate	,	
			Third stage		·
			☐ Signs and symptoms; normal and		
			abnormal		
.			□ Duration		•
			Method of placental expulsion		
ŀ			 Management; Principles and 		
	·		techniques		
	l		 Examination of the placenta 		
			 Examination of perineum 		,
			 Maintaining records and reports 		
			Fourth Stage		
V	5	Describe the	Assessment and management of	Lecture	Essay type
	1	physiology	women during post natal period	discussion	• Short
		of	 Normal puerperium; Physiology 	Demonstration	answers
		puerperium.	Duration	Health talk	Objective
		Describe the	 Postnatal assessment and 	Practice Session	type
	.	management	management	Supervised	• Assessment
		of women	 Promoting physical and emotional 	Clinical practice	of skills
		during post-	well-being	Cinical practice	with check
		natal period	☐ Lactation management		list
			☐ Immunization		Assessment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Method	
			 Family dynamics after child-birth. Family welfare services; methods, counselling Follow-up Records and reports 		of patient manage- ment problems	
VI	VI 6 • Describe the assessment and management of normal neonate		Assessment and management of normal neonates Normal Neonate; Physiological adaptation, Initial & Daily assessment Essential newborn care; Thermal control, Breast feeding, prevention of infections Immunization Minor disorders of newborn and its management Levels of Neonatal care (level I, II, & III) At primary, secondary and tertiary levels Maintenance of Reports and	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice Session Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient manageme nt problems	
VIII	10	Describe the Identification and management of women with high risk pregnancy	Records High-risk pregnancy – assessment & management Screening and assessment Ultrasonics, cardiotomography, NST, CST, non-invasive & invasive, Newer modalities of diagnosis High-risk approach Levels of care; primary, secondary and tertiary levels Disorders of pregnancy Hyper-emesis gravidarum, bleeding in early pregnancy, abortion, ectopic Pregnancy, vesicular mole, Ante-partum haemorrage. Uterine abnormality and displacement. Diseases complicating pregnancy Medical and surgical conditions Infections, RTI (STD), UTI, HIV	Lecture discussion Demonstrate using video films, scan reports, partograph etc Case discussion/prese ntation Health talk Practice Session Supervised Clinical practice	ment	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Method
			☐ Gynaecological diseases complicating pregnancy ☐ Pregnancy induced hypertension & diabetes, Toxemia of		
			pregnancy, hydramnios, Rh incompatibility Mental disorders		
			 Adolscent pregnancy, Elderly primi and grand multipara 		
			 Multiple pregnancy Abnormalities of placenta & cord Intra-uterine growth-retardation 		
			Nursing management of mothers with high-risk pregnancy Maintenance of Records and Report		
VII	10	Describe	Abnormal Labour - assessment and	Lecture	Essay type
I		management	management	discussion	• Short
		of abnormal	Disorders in labour	Demonstration	answers
		labour.	☐ CPD and contracted pelvis	Case discussion/	Objective
		• And	☐ Malpositions and	presentation	type
		obstetrical	malpresentations	Practice Session	Assessment
		emergencies	☐ Premature labour, disorders of uterine actions – precipitate labour, prolonged labour	Supervised Clinical practice	of skills with checklist.
			Complications of third stage: injuries to birth canal Obstetrical emergencies and their		Assessment of patient
			management; Presentation and prolapse of cord,		manage- ment problems
			Vasa praevia, amniotic fluid embolism, rupture of uterus, shoulder dystocia, obstretical		
			shock Obstetrical procedures and operations;		
			Induction of labour, forceps, vacuum version, manual removal of placenta, caesarean section,		
			destructive operations Nursing management of women		
			undergoing Obstetrical operations and procedures		
IX	4	Describe	Abnormalities during Postnatal	Lecture	• Eggav tree
		management	Periods Periods	discussion	Essay typeShort answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Method
		of post natal complications	Assessment and management of woman with postnatal complications Puerperial infections, breast engorgement & infections, UTI, thrombo-Embolic disorders, postpartum haemorrage, Eclampsia and subinvolution, Psychological complications: Post partum Blues Post partum Depression Post partum Psychosis	Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Supervised Clinical practice	Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist. Assessment of patient manageme nt problems
X	10	Identify the high risk neonates and their nursing management	Assessment and management of High risk newborn Admission of neonates in the neonatal intensive care units- protocols Nursing management of: Low birth weight babies Infections Respiratory problems haemolytic disorders Birth injuries Malformations Monitoring of high risk neonates Feeding of high risk neonates Feeding of high risk neonates Feeding of high risk neonates Organisation and management of neonatal intensive care units Infection control in neonatal intensive care units Maintenance of reports and records	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Case discussion/ presentation Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist. Assessment of patient manage- ment problems
XI	4	Describe indication, dosage, action, side effects and nurses reponsibilities in the administration of drugs used for mothers	Pharmaco-therapeutics in obstetrics Indication, dosage, action, contra indication and side effects of drugs Effect of drugs on pregnancy, labour & puerperium, Nursing responsibilities in the administration of drug in Obstetrics – oxytocins, antihypertensives, diuretics, tocolytic agents, anticonvulsants; Analgesics and anesthesics in obstetrics. Effects of maternal medication on foetus and neonate	Lecture discussion Drug book Drug presentation	Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Method
XII	10	Appreciate the importance of family welfare programme Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse in family welfare programme	Family Welfare Programme Population trends and problems in India Concepts, aims, importance and history of family welfare programme National Population: dynamics, policy and education National family welfare programme; RCH, ICDS, MCH. Safe motherhood Organization and administration; at national, state, district, block and village levels Methods of contraception; spacing, temporary and permanent, Emergency contraception Infertility and its management Counseling for family welfare Latest research in contraception Maintenance of vital statistics Role of national, international and voluntary organizations Role of a nurse in family welfare programme Training/Supervision/Collaboration with other functionaries in community like ANMs. LHVs, Anganwadi workers, TBAs(Traditional birth attendant-	Activities Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised practice Group project Counseling session Field visits	Method Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list, project and field visits reports
			Dai)		

Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing- Practical

Placement: Third Year Fourth Year **Time:** Practical - 180 hours (Third year) Internship - 240 hours

Areas	Durat- ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Antenatal clinic/ OPD	2	Assessment of pregnant women	Antenatal history taking Physical examination Recording of Weight & B.P Hb & Urine testing for sugar and albumin Antenatal examinationabdomen and breast Immunization Assessment of risk status Teaching antenatal	*Conduct Antenatal Examinations 30 Health talk - 1 Case book recordings	Verification of findings of Antenatal examinations Completion of casebook recordings
	4. ¹		mothers Maintenance of Antenatal records		
Labour room O.T.	4	Assess woman in labour Carry out per-vaginal examinations Conduct normal deliveries Perform episiotomy and suture it Resuscitate newborns Assist with Caesarean	Assessment of Woman in labour Pervaginal examinations and interpretation Monitoring and caring of woman in labour Maintenance of partograph Conduct normal delivery Newborn assessment and immediate care Resuscitation of	*Conduct normal deliveries - 20 *Pervaginal examinations - 5 *Perform and Suture the episiotomies - 5 *Resuscitate newborns - 5 *Assist with Caesarean Sections - 2 *Witness abnormal	Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale Assessment of each skill With checklists Completion of Case book recordings

	Durat-	Γ		<u> </u>	
Areas	ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
		MTP and other surgical procedures	Assessment of risk status of newborn Episiotomy and suturing Maintenance of labour and birth records Arrange for and assist with Caesarean section and care for woman& baby during Caesarean Arrange for and assist with MTP and other surgical procedures	Assist with MTP and other surgical procedures -1 Case book recordings	
Post natal ward	2	Provide nursing care to post natal mother and baby Counsel and teach mother and family for parent hood Provide	Examination and assessment of mother and Baby Identification of deviations Care of postnatal mother and baby Perineal care Lactation management Breast feeding Babybath Immunization, Teaching postnatal mother: Mother craft Post natal care & Exercises Immunization Newborn	*Give care to Post natal mothers - 20 Health talks -1 Case study - Case presentation - 1 Case book recordings	Assessment of clinical performance Assessment of each skill With checklists Completion of Case book recording Evaluation of case study and presentation and health education sessions
nursery		nursing care to newborn at risk	assessment Admission of neonates Feeding of at risk neonates	• Case study -1 • Observation Study - 1	 Assessment of clinical performance Assessment of each skill With checklists Evaluation

		Durat-				
1,	Areas	ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
				□ Katori spoon,		of and
	* - *		e e .	paladi, tube		observation
				feeding, total		study
		,		parenteral		
				nutrition		
				• Thermal		
				management of		
				neonates-kangaroo		
		,	,	mother care, care of baby in incubator		
				Monitoring and		
	-			care of neonates		
*				Administering		
				medications		
				Intravenous therapy		
		1		Assisting with		
				diagnostic		
				procedure		
				Assisting with	*	
				exchange		
				transfusion		
				Care of baby on		
				ventilator		
				Phototherapy	•	
			,	• Infection control		
				protocols in the		
				nursery		
				Teaching and		
	1.1			counselling of		
				parents		
				Maintenance of		
				neonatal records		
	Family	Rotati	Counsel for	Counselling	• * IUD insertion	Assessment
	Planning	on	and provide	technique	-5	of each skill
45	clinic	from	family	• Insertion of IUD		With
		post	welfare	• Teaching on use of	Observation	checklists
		natal	services	family planning	Study - 1	• Evaluation
~		ward		methods	• Counselling- 2	of and
	·	1 wk		Arrange for and	Simulation	observation
				Assist with family	exercise on	study
				planning operations	recording and	
				Maintenance of	reporting - 1	
	į	1		records and reports		

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* Essential Requirements for registration as midwife

*	Antenatal examination	30
*	Conducting normal deliveries in	30
	hospital/home/health centre	20
* ,	Vaginal examination	- 5
*	Episiotomy and suturing	5
*	Neonatal resuscitation	5
*	Assist with Caesarean Section	2
*	Witness/Assist abnormal deliveries	~ 5
*	Postnatal cases nursed in hospital/home/health centre	20
*	Insertion of IUD	

Note: All casebooks must be certified by teacher on completion of essential requirements

Internship Obstetrical Nursing

Internship Duration- 5 weeks

Area	Duration (In Weeks)	Objective	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods
Labour ward Neonatal intensive care unit / NICU	1 2	Provide comprehensive care to mothers and neonates	Integrated Practice	Completion of other essential requirements Case book recordings	Assess clinical performance with rating scale Completion of case book recordings
Antenatal					

Community Health Nursing-II

Placement: Fourth year

Time: Theory - 90 hours

Practical - 135 hours

Course description: This course is designed for students to practice community health nursing for the individual, family and groups at both urban and rural settings by using concept and principles of health and community health nursing

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Contents	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4	• Define	Introduction	Lecture	Essay type
		concepts,	Definition, concept & scope of	discussion	• Short
	ł	scope,	Community Health and		answers
	1	principles	Community Health Nursing		alisweis
		and historical	Historical development of		
		development	□ Community health	the party of	
		of	Community health Nursing.		
		Community	- Pre-independence		
		Health and	- Post-independence		
		community		P11.	
	1	health			
		Nursing			
V1					
n	6	 Describe 	Health planning and policies and	Lecture	Essay type
		health plans,	problems	discussion	• Short
		policies,	 National health planning in India- 	Panel discussion	answers
		various	Five Year Plans		answers
		health	 Various committees and 		
		committees	commissions on health and		
		and health	family welfare		•
		problems in	Central council for health and		
		India	family welfare (CCH and FW)		
			□ National health policies (1983,		
			2002)		
		-	 National population policy 		
		<u>'</u>	Health problems in India		
III	15	Describe the	Delivery of community health	Lecture	Essay type
		system of	services	discussion	• Short
		delivery of	 Planning, budgeting and material 	Visits to various	answers
		community	management of SCs, PHC	health delivery	alisweis
.		health	and,CHC	systems	,
		services in	• Rural: Organization, staffing and		
		rural and	functions of rural health services	Supervised field	
		urban areas	provided by government at:	practice	
			government at:	Panel discussion	

Unit	Time	Learning	Contents	Teaching Learning	Assessment	
	(Hrs)	Objectives		Activities	Methods	
		List the	□ Village			
		functions of	□ Subcentre			
		various levels	☐ Primary health centre			
		and their	□ Community health center /	· ·		
		staffing	subdivisional			
		pattern	□ Hospitals			
		Explain the	□ District			
		components	□ State			
		of health	□ Centre			
		services	Urban: Organization, staffing			
		Describe	and functions of urban health			
		alternative	services provided by government	V .		
	1	systems of	at:			
	İ	health	Slums			
		promotion	☐ Dispensaries			
		and health	☐ Maternal and child health			
		maintenance.	centers			
		 Describe the 	□ Special Clinics			
		chain of	☐ Hospitals			
		referral	□ Corporation / Municipality/			
		system	Board			
		, , , , , ,	Components of health services		1	
			□ Environmental sanitation			
	1		□ Health education			
		*	□ Vital statistics			
			□ M.C.Hantenatal, natal,	,		
			postnatal, MTP Act, female			
	i				·	
			foeticide act, child adoption			
			act			
			□ Family Welfare			
			☐ National health programmes			
	ŀ		☐ School health services			
			☐ Occupational health			
			☐ Defence services			
		•	☐ Institutional services			
	ľ		Systems of medicine and health			
			care			
			□ Allopathy			
			☐ Indian System of Medicine			
			and Homeopathy			
			□ Alternative health care			
	-					
	'		systems like yoga, meditation,			
			social and spiritual healing etc			
			Referral system			
	<u> </u>					

Unit	Time	Learning	Contents	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objectives		Activities	Methods
IV	25	Describe	Community health nursing	• Lecture	 Essay type
	1	Community	approaches, concepts and roles	discussion	Short
		Health	and responsibilities of nursing	 Demonstration 	answers
	}	Nursing	personnel	Practice session	
		approaches	Approaches	Supervised field	
		and concepts	 Nursing theories And Nursing 	practice	
		Describe the	process	Participation in	
		roles and	 Epidemiological approach 	camps	
		responsibilitie	☐ Problem solving approach	Group Project	
		of Community	☐ Evidence based approach	oroup Project	-
		health nursing	Empowering people to care for		
		personnel	themselves		
			 Concepts of Primary Health Care: 		-
			 Equitable distribution 		
			 Community participation 		
		· ·	☐ Focus on prevention		
			Use of appropriate technology		
			☐ Multi-sectoral approach		
-		,	 Roles and responsibilities of 		
			Community health nursing		
			personnel in		
			☐ Family health services		
			 Information Education 	*	
			Communication (IEC)		
			 Management Information 		
			System (MIS): Maintenance of		
			Records & reports	·	
			Training and supervision of		
			various categories of health		
			workers		
			□ National Health Programmes		
			☐ Environmental sanitation		
		·	Maternal and child health and		
			Family welfare		
			☐ Treatment of Minor ailments		
		′	□ School Health Services		
			□ Occupational Health		
			Organisation of clinics, camps:		
	1		Types, Preparation, planning,		
- 1			conduct and evaluation		
		*	□ Waste management in the		
			center, clinics etc.		
			Home visit: Concept, Principles,	·	
			Process, Techniques: Bag		
			technique home visit		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Contents	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Qualities of Community Health 		
			Nurse	and the second second	
-41			 Job Description of Community 		
			health nursing personnel		
V	15	Describe and	Assisting individuals and	• Lecture	• Essay type
		appreciate	groups to promote and	discussion	Short
		the activities	maintain their health	Demonstration	answers
		of	Empowerment for self care of	 Practice session 	
		community	individuals, families and groups	Supervised field	
		health nurse	in –	practice	
	1	in assisting	l	• Individual/	
	İ	individuals	A. Assessment of self and family	group/family/	
		and groups to		community	
		promote and	☐ Monitoring growth and	health education	
	}	maintain	development		
		their health	- Mile stones		
	1		- Weight measurement		
			- Social development		
			☐ Temperature and Blood pressure		
			monitoring		
			☐ Menstrual cycle		
			☐ Breast self examination and testicles		
			☐ Warning Signs of various		
			diseases		-
		'1	☐ Tests:Urine for sugar and		
			albumin, blood sugar		
	1		uroumin, oroca sugar		
		*	B. Seek health services for		
	1		Di Secia nearth services for		
			□ Routine checkup		
			□ Immunization		
			□ Counseling		
			□ Diagnosis		1
	1		□ Treatment		
	ļ		□ Follow up		
			a ronow up		
			C. Maintenance of health		
			records for self and family		
	İ		1000 to bon and laminy		
	1		D. Continue medical care and		
t i			follow up in community for		
	1		various diseases and disabilities		
			Tarious diseases and disabilities	**	
e ⁱ					

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Contents	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(/		E. Carryout therapeutic procedures as prescribed/ required for self and family	retrites	Methods
			F. Waste Management		
			Collection and disposable of waste at home and community		
			G. Sensitize and handle social issues affecting health and development for self and family		·
			 Women Empowerment Women and child abuse Abuse of elders Female Foeticide 		
			Commercial sex workers Food adulteration Substance abuse		
			H. Utilize community resources for self and family		
			☐ Trauma services ☐ Old age homes ☐ Orphanage ☐ Homes for physically and ☐ mentally challenged individuals ☐ Homes for destitute		
VI	20	Describe national health and family welfare programmes and role of a nurse Describe the various	National health and family welfare programmes and the role of a nurse 1) National ARI programme 2) Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme (RNTCP) 3) National Anti- Malaria programme 4) National Filaria control programme	Lecture discussion Participation in national health programmes Field visits	Essay type Short answers
		health schemes in India	National Guinea worm eradication programme National Leprosy eradication programme		

Unit	Time	Learning	Contouts	Teaching Learning	Assessment
Omt	(Hrs)	Objectives	Contents	Activities	Methods
-			7) National AIDS control		
			, programme		
			8) STD control programme		
			9) National programme for		
			control of blindness	'	·
			10) Iodine deficiency disorder		
1			programme		,
			11) Expanded programme on		
			immunization		
			12) National Family Welfare	V.,	
			Programme- RCH Programme		
			historical development,		
			organisation, administration,		
		•	research, constraints		
ļ.	}		13) National water supply and	'	'
			sanitation programme		
-			14) Minimum Need programme		
			15) National Diabetics control		
			programme		
	ł		16) Polio Eradication: Pulse Polio		
			Programme		
ļ			17) National Cancer Control		
-			Programme	,	
l			18) Yaws Eradication Programme		
1			19) National Nutritional Anemia		
			Prophylaxis programme		
l .		100	20) 20 point programme		
			21) ICDS programme		
			22) Mid-day meal applied		
			nutritional programme		
į			23) National mental health		
			prgramme		
ļ .	1		Health schemes		
			□ ESI		
1			□ CGHS		
1			☐ Health insurance		
VII	5	Explain the	• Health Agencies	Lecture	Essay type
		roles and	International - WHO, UNFPA,	discussion	Short
	1	functions of	UNDP, World Bank, FAO,		answers
		various	UNICEF, DANIDA, European	Field visits	
		national and	Commission (EC), Red cross,		
1		international	USAID, UNESCO, Colombo Plan,		
		health	ILO, CARE etc.		
		agencies	National - Indian Red Cross, Indian	1	
			Council for child welfare, Family		
L	1	<u> </u>	Planning Association of India		

1		Time	Looming			
	Unit	(Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Contents	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
				(FPAI), Tuberculosis Association of India, Hindu Kusht Nivaran Sangh, Central Social Welfare Board, All India women's conference, Blind		
				Association of India etc.		

Community Health Nursing-II- Practical

Placement: Fourth Year

Time: Practical- 135 hours Internship- 195 hours

Areas	Durat- ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Community health nursing	l wk for urban 4 wk for rural	Identify community profile Identify prevalent communicable and noncommunicable diseases Diagnose health needs of Individual, families and community Plan, provide and evaluate	Community hea!th survey Community diagnosis Family care: Home adaptation of common procedures Home visit: Bag technique Organize and conduct clinics-antenatal, post natal, well baby clinic, camps etc Screen manage and referrals for:	Community survey report-1 Family care study- 1 Project-1 Health talk-1 Case book recording	Assess clinical performance with rating scale Evaluation of community survey report, family care study, project and health talk Completion of activity record Completion of case book recording
		 Participate in school health program Participate in national health 	☐ High risk mothers and neonates ☐ Accidents and emergencies ☐ Illnesses: Physical and mental		
		 Organize group for self help and involve clients 	 Disabilities Conduct delivery at centre/home: episiotomy and suturing 		
		in their own health activities Provide family welfare	 Resuscitate newborn School Health programme Screen, manage, refer children 		
		services • Counsel and educate	 Collaborate with health and allied agencies 		\$

Areas	Durat- ion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
		individual, family and community	 Train and Supervise health workers Provide family 		
`	,	Collect Vital health statistics	welfare services: insertion of IUD		
		Maintain Records &	Counsel and teach individual, family and community		
		reports	about: HIV, TB, Diabetes, hypertension,	* · ·	
			Mental health, adolescents,		
			elderly's health, physically and mentally challenged		
			individuals etc Collect and		
	5		Calculate Vital health statistics Document and		
-			maintain ☐ Individual, family		
			and administrative records. □ Write reports-		
	٠.		center, disease, national health		
			programme/ projects,		

Placement: Internship

Time: 4 Weeks

Area	Duration	Objective	Skills	Assessment
Urban	4 weeks	Provide comprehensive care to individual, family and community	Integrated Practice and group project- 1 in each rural and urban	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
				Evaluation of project

Note: During the rural posting they should stay in health centres under the supervision of teachers

Nursing Research and Statistics

Placement: Fourth Year Internship

Time: Theory - 45 Hours Practical- 45 Hours

Course Description: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/participate in need based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Training Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4	Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing. Explain the steps of research process.	Research and research process Introduction and need for nursing research Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific method Characteristics of good research Steps of Research Steps of Research process-overview	Lecture Discussion Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies	Short answer Objective type
П	3	Identify and state the research problem and objectives	Research Problem/ Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem. Writing objectives	Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives	Short answer Objective type
III	3	Review the related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc Purposes Method of review	Lecture Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/article for a selected research problem. Prepare annotated bibliography	 Short answer Objective type

8	Describe the research approaches and designs Explain the sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	Research approaches and designs • Historical, survey and experimental • Qualitative and Quantitative designs Sampling and data collection • Definition of Population, Sample, Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types	Lecture Discussion Explain types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research studies with rationale. Lecture Discussion Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools. Preparation of sample	 Short answer Objective type Short answer Objective type
8	sampling process Describe the methods of data	Definition of Population, Sample, Sampling criteria, factors influencing	Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools.	 Objective
		of sampling techniques. • Data- why, what, from whom, when and where	data collection tool. Conduct group research project	
		to collect. Data collection methods and instruments: Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and		
		measurement Types of instruments Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Pilot study Data collection procedure		
4	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	Analysis of data: Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data	Lecture Discussion Preparation of sample tables.	Short answer Objective type
4		Interpret and summarize the	Interpret and summarize the research data • Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation,	Interpret and summarize the research data • Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation,

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Training Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VII	15	 Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement and graphical presentation of data Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of correlation. 	 Introduction to statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation. Statistical packages and its application 	Lecture Discussion Practice on graphical presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation	 Short answer Objective type
VIII	4	Communicate and utilize the research findings.	Communication and utilization of Research Communication of research findings Verbal report Writing research report Writing scientific article/paper Critical review of published research Utilization of research findings	Lecture Discussion Read/Presentations of a sample published/unpublished research report. Writing group research project	Short answer Objective type Oral presentation Assessment of group research Project.

Management of Nursing Services and Education

Placement: Fourth year

Time: Theory - 90 hrs

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of management of clinical and community health nursing services, nursing educational programmes. This is also designed to enable students to acquire understanding of the professional responsibilities, prospects and contribution to the growth of the profession.

Unit (H		Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
Th.	Pr.	Objectives		Activities	methods
1 4		Explain the principles and functions of management.	Introduction to management in nursing • Definition, concepts and theories • Functions of management	Lecture Discussion Explain using organization chart	Short answers
			Principles of Management Role of Nurse as a manager		
II 5		Describe the elements and process of management	Management process Planning; mission, philosophy, objectives, operational plan Staffing: philosophy, staffing study, norms, activities, patient classification systems, scheduling Human resource management; recruiting, selecting, deployment, retaining, promoting, super annuation etc Budgeting: concept, principles, types, cost benefit analysis, audit Material management:	Lecture Discussion Simulated Exercises Case studies	• Essay type • Short answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	Th.	Pr.	Objectives		Activities	methods
				Directing process (Leading) Controlling: Quality management Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT), Bench marking, Activity Plan (Gantt Chart),		
III	8	20	Describe the	Management of nursing	Lecture Discussion	Essay type
			Management of nursing services in the hospital and	services in the hospital and Community Planning: Hospital and patient	Demonstration Simulated Exercises Case studies	Short answers Assessment of problem
			Community	care units including ward management Emergency and disaster management Human resource	Supervised practice in ward- writing indents, preparing duty roaster, ward supervision Assignment on	solving exercises, • Assessment of the assignments • Performance
				management: Recruiting, selecting, deployment, retaining,	duties and responsibilities of ward sister Writing report	evaluation by ward sister with rating scale
				promoting, superannuation etc Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all		
		,		levels Patient/population classification systems Patients/population		
				assignment and Nursing care responsibilities Staff development and welfare		

Unit	(H Th.	Pr.	Objectives	Budgeting: proposal, projecting requirements for staff, equipments and supplies for Hospital and patient care units Emergency and disaster management Material Management; procurement, inventory control, auditing and	Activities	methods
				projecting requirements for staff, equipments and supplies for Hospital and patient care units Emergency and disaster management Material Management; procurement, inventory		
				projecting requirements for staff, equipments and supplies for Hospital and patient care units Emergency and disaster management Material Management; procurement, inventory		
				equipments and supplies for Hospital and patient care units Emergency and disaster management Material Management; procurement, inventory		
				equipments and supplies for Hospital and patient care units Emergency and disaster management Material Management; procurement, inventory		
				supplies for Hospital and patient care units Emergency and disaster management Material Management; procurement, inventory		
				care units Emergency and disaster management Material Management; procurement, inventory		
				care units Emergency and disaster management Material Management; procurement, inventory		
				disaster management • Material Management; procurement, inventory		-
				management • Material Management; procurement, inventory		-
				Material Management; procurement, inventory		
				procurement, inventory		
				procurement, inventory		
				control auditing and		
				Control, auditing and		
			1	maintenance in		
				☐ Hospital and patient		
				care units		
.				□ Emergency and		
				disaster		
l					·	
				delegation		
- 1						
				delegations		
				guidance		1
					ì	
				Standards policies		
				procedures and		
				Staff development		-
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						•
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8 3						
						100
				Manuals	ŀ	
					1	
					disaster management Directing and leading: delegation, participatory management Assignments, rotations, delegations Supervision & guidance Implement Standards, policies, procedures and practices Staff development and welfare Maintenance of discipline Controlling /Evaluation: Nursing Rounds/Visits, Nursing protocols, Manuals	management Directing and leading: delegation, participatory management Assignments, rotations, delegations Supervision & guidance Implement Standards, policies, procedures and practices Staff development and welfare Maintenance of discipline Controlling /Evaluation: Nursing Rounds/Visits, Nursing protocols, Manuals

Unit	Time it (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
		Pr.	Objectives	Content	Activities	methods
	,			□ Quality Assurance • Model, documentation- □ Records and reports Performance appraisal		
īv	S		Describe the concepts, theories and techniques of Organizational behaviour and human relations	Organizational behaviour and human relations • Concepts and theories of organizational behaviours • Review of Channels of communication • Leadership styles • Review of Motivation; concepts and theories • Group dynamics • Techniques of;	Lecture Discussion Role plays Group games Self assessment Case discussion Practice Session	Essay type Short answers Assessment of problem solving
V	5	5	Participate in planning and organizing in service education program	employee unions and Collective bargaining In service education Nature & scope of in- service education program, Organization of in service education	Lecture Discussion Plan & conduct an educational session for in service nursing personnel	• Short Answer • Objective type • Assess the
				 Principles of adult learning, Planning for in-service education program, techniques, methods & evaluation of staff education program Preparation of report 		planning & conduct of the educational session

ſ		Time			T			
	Unit	t <u>(H</u>	[rs)	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment	
L		Th.	Pr.	Objectives		Activities	methods	
1	VI	10		Describe	Management of	Lecture Discussion		
				management	nursing educational	Role plays	• Essay type	
-				of Nursing	institutions	Counseling session	Short answers	
				educational	 Establishment of 	Group Exercises	alisweis	
				institutions	Nursing educational		l	
1				·	institution-INC norms			
					and guidelines Co-ordination with-			
					□ Regulatory bodies			
-			*		□ Accreditation			
					□ Affiliation			
					- Philosophy/			
					objectives			
		1 1			- Organization			
					Structure		4.1	
					Committees			
					 Physical facilities College/School 		1	
1					□ Hostel			
					- Students			
			İ		o Selection			
					o Admission		ĺ	
					o Guidance and			
			1		Counseling			
			ì		o Maintaining			
			.		discipline - Faculty and staff			
	ļ				□ Selection			
	ļ	i			Recruitment			
]				□ Job description			
					□ Placement			
	}		j.		□ Performance			
					appraisal			
			- [□ Development and			
		-			welfare			
					Budgeting			
					Equipments and			
	ļ				supplies: audio visual			
					equipments, laboratory equipment, books,			
					journals etc	4		
					Curriculum; Planning,			
		1			implementation and			
					evaluation.	**		

	Unit	Ti (H	me rs)	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
		Th.	Pr.	Objectives	Content	Activities	methods
47					Clinical facilities Transport facilities Institutional Records and reports-administrative, faculty,		
	VII	10		Describe the ethical and legal responsibilities of a professional nurse. Explain the nursing practice standards	staff and students Nursing as a profession Nursing as a profession Philosophy; nursing practice Aims and objectives Characteristics of a professional nurse Regulatory bodies; INC, SNC Acts; - constitution, functions Current trends and issues in Nursing	Lecture Discussion Case discussion Panel discussion Role plays Critical incidents Visit to INC/SNRCs	Short answers Assessment of critical incidents
					Professional ethics Code of ethics; INC, ICN Code of Professional conduct; INC,ICN Practice standards for Nursing; INC Consumer protection act Legal Aspects in		
	KIII	3		• Explain the	Nursing Legal terms related to practice; registration and licensing Laws related to nursing practice; Breach and penalties Malpractice and negligence Professional	A Lecture Discussion	
		_		various opportunities	Advancement: • Continuing education	 Lecture Discussion Review/ Presentation of published articles 	• Short answers

Unit		me rs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessmei
	Th. Pr. Objectives		Activities	methods		
			for professional advancement	 Career Opportunities Collective bargaining Membership with Professional organizations; National and International Participation in research activities Publications; Journals, newspapers etc. 	Group work on maintenance of bulletin board	