CURRICULUM FOR

B.Sc. Optometry

(Applicable w.e.f. academic session 2017-18)

COURSE NAME: B.Sc. (Optometry)

DURATION OF COURSE: Four Years

FULL-TIME/ PART – TIME: FULL-TIME

SRI GURU RAMDAS UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, SRI AMRITSAR, PUNJAB

1. BACHELOR OF SCIENCE in OPTOMETRY

Optometry is a paramedical field which deals with eyes, its structures, vision, visual system and vision information processing in human beings. The program is envisaged to develop a multipurpose ophthalmic manpower at paramedical level. The main objective of the course is to train a student to become a competent person in providing services as an Optician, Optometrist, Refractionist and Ophthalmic Assistant to the community in urban, semi-urban and rural settings in private, semi-Governmental and Governmental sectors.

This course is designed as a comprehensive theory and practical oriented program The mode of teaching will be in the form of regular classrooms, lectures / demonstrations supplemented by handouts, manuals, brochures, checklists, performance with supervised clinical practices.

2. <u>Duration of Course</u>

The Bachelor of Science in Optometry Course is proposed to be a 4 years integrated degree course including examination and one year compulsory internship.

3. Eligibility Criteria for Admission

The students shall be admitted as per the admission criteria and qualification prescribed in the Notification issued by the Board of Management of Sri Guru Ram Das University of Health Sciences from time to time.

4. Medium of Instructions

The Medium of instruction during the course and for the university examination shall be in English.

5. Examination Scheme

- 5.1 The examination for the first, second and third year shall ordinarily be held twice year in the months of May/June and November/ December by the Institute as per University rules
- 5.2 Annual Examination shall be held in May/June and supplementary within 6 months of annual examination.
- 5.3 The examination in theory/practical shall be held at the end of the 1st academic year (1st Year) and the end of 2nd academic year (2nd Year) and third exam at the end of the 3rd academic year (3rd Year) with one internal and one external examiners.
- 5.4 Date of examination and appointment of examiner will be made by the Board of Management on recommendation of Faculty of Medical Sciences.
- 5.5 The examination for the first, second and third year of B.Sc. Optometry Course would be held according to the prescribed syllabus.

6. Rules of Examination for Bachelor of Science in Optometry Course:

6.1 The students shall submit his/her application for admission to the examination to Controller of Examinations SGRDUHS, Sri Amritsar through the Director Principal of the SGRDIMSAR, Sri Amritsar on the prescribed form with the required fee (the last

- date of which will be updated on university website after notification issued from Board of Management time to time).
- 6.2 The candidates will be given 25 marks for theory and 15 marks for practical as internal assessment in each subject on the basis of their performance during the year. That a candidate be eligible to appear in the examination provided he/she secured a minimum of 35% marks in internal assessment in theory and practical.
- 6.3 There will be fresh internal assessment and compulsory attendance for the students for the examination in which he/she has failed at the time of subsequent examination in that subject.
- 6.4 The students will not be allowed to appear in the examination unless he/she attends 75% of the total theory and practical in each subject separately.
- 6.5 Director Principal of the college is empowered to condone the shortage of attendance of lectures to the extent of 5% lectures delivered in each course of theory and practical.
- 6.6 A student will be deemed to have passed in the examination if he/she passes in each subject separately.
- 6.7 In case of students joining late owing to the late admission with the approval of the Vice-chancellor, their lecturers are to be counted from the date of joining. Deficiency in studies should be made up by attending special classes for them at the level of Head of the Department.

7. First Year B.Sc. Optometry Examination:

The First Year B.Sc. Optometry examination shall be in the following subjects and candidate shall be required to pass all the subjects:-

B.Sc. Part – I

		Theor	·y		Practio			
Paper	Subject	Marks	Internal Assessment	Total	Marks	Internal Assessment	Total	Grand Total
Paper-I	Human Anatomy & Physiology	75	25	100	35	15	50	150
Paper-II	Ocular Biochemistry, Pathology & Microbiology	75	25	100	35	15	50	150
Paper-III	Ocular Anatomy and Physiology	75	25	100	35	15	50	150
Paper-IV	Physical and Physiological Optics	75	25	100	35	15	50	150
Supportive Subject	Basics of Computer							

<u>Note.</u> The Examination in the subject of Basics of Computer will be conducted at college level and Grade will be sent to University for final inclusion in the result.

Grading System

Marks Range	81 - 100	76 - 80	71 - 75	61 - 70	51 - 60	41 - 50	31 - 40	0 - 30
Grade	A+	A	B +	В	C+	C	D	E

8. Second Year B.Sc. Optometry Examination:

The Second Year B.Sc. Optometry Examination shall be open to a person who has previously passed the First Year B.Sc. Optometry Examination of this University or an examination of any other recognized University/Institution in India considered equivalent for the purpose by the University.

B. Sc. Part – II

			Theory			Practical		
Paper	Subject	Marks	Internal Assessment	Total	Marks	Internal Assessment	Total	Grand Total
Paper-I	Ocular diseases and Pharmacology	75	25	100	35	15	50	150
Paper-II	Refraction	75	25	100	35	15	50	150
Paper-III	Investigative Ophthalmology	75	25	100	35	15	50	150
Paper-IV	Ophthalmic instruments and appliances	75	25	100	35	15	50	150

9. Third Year

The Third Year B.Sc. Optometry Examination shall be open to a person who has previously passed the Second Year B.Sc. Optometry Examination of this University.

B.Sc. Part-III

		Theory			Practical			
Paper	Subject	Marks	Internal Assessment	Total	Marks	Internal Assessment	Total	Grand Total
Paper-I	Clinical & advanced Optics & Orthoptics	75	25	100	35	15	50	150
Paper-II	Clinical Refraction and Contact lenses	75	25	100	35	15	50	150
Paper-III	Community Ophthalmology, Eye Bank	75	25	100	35	15	50	150
Paper-IV	Investigations in Clinical Ophthalmology	75	25	100	35	15	50	150

10. Promotion and Number of Attempts allowed

10.1 A candidate who fails in all the subjects in the First Year B.Sc. Optometry examination shall not be promoted to Second Year class.

- 10.2 A Candidate who fails in one more or more subjects will be given four attempts including first attempt as a regular candidate, plus one mercy chance at the discretion of the Vice-Chancellor, at six monthly intervals. However, he/she will have to clear all these attempts within 6 years of admission to the said course.
- 10.3 The candidate who will absent himself/herself from the examination will be deemed to have been failed in that subject.
- 10.4 A candidate who passes in at least one subject of University level First Year B.Sc. Optometry examination will be permitted to attend classes of Second Year. However, the candidate will be required to pass in all subjects of 1st Year examination at least 6 months before the final examination of 2nd Year examination.
- 10.5 A candidate who fails in all subjects in the second year B.Sc. Optometry examination shall not be promoted to Third Year class.
- 10.6 A candidate who passes in at least one subject of University level Second Year B.Sc. Optometry examination will be permitted to attend classes of Third Year. However, the candidate will be required to pass in all subjects of 2nd Year examination at least 6 months before the final examination of 3rd Year examination.
- 10.7 Candidate who passes in one or more subjects of Second Year B.Sc. Optometry examination shall be exempted from appearing in these subject at a subsequent examination, but the candidate must pass the examination in a maximum of four attempts including first attempt, as a regular candidate plus one mercy chance at the discretion of the Vice-Chancellor failing, at six monthly intervals. However, he/she will have to clear all these attempts within 6 years of admission to the said course.
- 10.8 Candidate who passes in one or more subjects of **third Year** B.Sc. Optometry examination shall be exempted from appearing in these subject at a subsequent examination, but the candidate must pass the examination in a maximum of four attempts (including first attempt, as a regular candidate), plus one mercy chance at the discretion of the Vice-Chancellor failing, at six monthly intervals. However, he/she will have to clear all these attempts within 6 years of admission to the said course.

11. Appointments of Examiners:

- 11.1 There shall be two examiners One internal and one external.
- 11.2 Professor & head of the Department shall be Convener. The Examiner at least 3 years post PG teaching experience in that specification field will be appointed as Internal Examiner.
- 11.3 The external examiner shall be appointed from other Universities at least 3 years post PG teaching experience in that specification field.

12. Paper Setting and moderation of Question Papers

The questions papers for 1st Year, 2nd Year and 3rd Year will be set under the direction of Controller of Examinations.

Each Question Paper covering entire course consists of seven questions out of which six questions carry 10 Marks and one question carry 15 marks.

13. Evaluation of Answer Books

The answer books shall be got evaluated by putting fictitious roll numbers thereon or spot evaluation (Table marking) or any other method under the direction of the Controller of Examinations.

14. Minimum Pass Marks

During all the three annual examinations in each subject paper the candidate shall have to obtain 50% in theory, practical & internal assessment taken together.

- 14.1 The successful candidates shall be classified into divisions as under:
 - a) Those who obtain 60% or more marks First Division.
 - b) Those who obtain 50% or more marks but below 60% marks Second Division.
 - c) A candidate who will obtain 75% or more marks of the total marks in any subject shall be declared to have obtained distinction in that subject provided he/she passed in all the subjects of the courses in all the parts in the first attempt.

A candidate is eligible to appear in the examination provided he/she secures a minimum of 35% marks in internal assessment in theory and practical separately.

15. Grace Marks

There shall be no provision for grace marks.

16. Declaration of Result

The results will be tabulated and declared by the Controller of Examination's office.

17. Award of Degree

On successfully passing the Third Year B.Sc. Optometry examination the students shall be awarded the degree of Bachelor of Sciences in Optometry.

Paper - 1: Human Anatomy & Physiology (50 hours each subject)

Theory Syllabus

Anatomy

1. **Introduction:**

Definition of anatomy and its divisions, Terms of location, positions and planes.

Cell and its organelles, Tissues & its classification, Glands.

2. Musculoskeletal system:

Structure of Bone & its types.

Joints- Classification of joints with examples; details of synovial joint.

Bones & joints of upper limb, lower limb and their movements.

Axial skeleton & appendicular skeleton.

Skull, spine & its movements, intervertebral disc.

Muscles & its types.

Muscles of the upper limb, lower limb, trunk and neck.

3. Cardiovascular System:

Arteries & veins, Capillaries & arterioles.

Heart- size, location, chambers, blood supply of heart, pericardium.

Systemic & pulmonary circulation.

Major blood vessels of Heart- Aorta, pulmonary artery, common carotid artery, subclavian artery, axillary artery, brachial artery, common iliac artery, femoral artery. Inferior vena cava, portal circulation, great saphenous vein.

4. Lymphatic System:

Lymph & Lymph vessels.

Structure of lymph node, names of regional lymphatics, axillary and inguinal lymph nodes.

5. Gastro-intestinal System:

Parts of GIT, structure of tongue, pharynx, salivary glands.

Location & Gross structure of Oesophagus, stomach, intestine (small and large), liver, gall bladder, pancreas, spleen.

6. **Respiratory system:**

Parts of Respiratory system; Structure of nose, nasal cavity, larynx, trachea, lungs, pleura, bronchopulmonary segments.

7. Urinary System:

Parts of Urinary system, location and gross structure of kidney, ureter, urinary bladder, urethra.

8. **Reproductive system:**

Parts of male reproductive system, gross structure of testis, vas deferens, epididymis, prostate.

Parts of female reproductive system, gross structure of uterus, ovary, fallopian tube, mammary gland.

9. **Endocrine glands:**

Name of all endocrine glands, gross structure & functions of pituitary gland, adrenal gland, thyroid gland and parathyroid gland.

10. Nervous system:

Neuron, classification of NS.

Meninges, ventricles, CSF.

Gross features of cerebrum, midbrain, pons, medulla oblongata, cerebellum, name of basal nuclei.

Blood supply of brain, cranial nerves.

Spinal cord and spinal nerves.

Autonomic nervous system.

Visual & auditory pathways

Practical Syllabus(20 Hours):

- 1. **Demonstration** of all bones of the human body.
- 2. **Demonstration** of all organs of the human body.

3. **General Histology:**

Epithelium: Simple (squamous, cuboidal, columnar, ciliated), Stratified, Transitional. Bone, muscles (skeletal, smooth, cardiac) • Cartilage (hyaline, elastic, fibro cartilage). Connective Tissue (loose and dense).

Arteries (large & medium sized), Veins.

Books Recommended

- 1. Ross and Wilson, Anatomy and Physiology, Churchill Livingstone.
- 2. Companion Pocketbook for quick review B.D. Chaurasia's Human Anatomy: -Vol. (1,2,3)
- 3. B.D. Chaurasia's Human Anatomy -Vol. (1,2,3)
- 4. B.D. Chaurasia's Handbook of General Anatomy
- 5. Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology for Nurses- Nachiket Shankar/ Mario Vaz
- 6. Anatomy for B.Sc. Nursing Dr Renu Chauhan

PHYSIOLOGY (50 hours)

THEORY

- 1. General physiology
- 2. Nerve muscle physiology
- 3. Cardiovascular System
- 4. TheBlood physiology
- 5. Digestivesystem(Liver, Gall bladder, Pancreas & Spleen)
- 6. Respiratorysystem

- 7. EndocrineOrgans
- 8. ExcretorySystem
- 9. Reproductivesystem
- 10. Central NervousSystem and peripheral nerves
- 11. Sensory organs(Ear, Nose, Throat)

PRACTICALS (20 hours)

- 1. The compound microscope
- 2. Demonstrate blood cell count, coagulation, grouping, Hb, BP, and pulse monitoring
- 3. Determintion of ESR-by westergren's method
- 4. Determination of blood groups.
- 5. Measurement of human blood pressure.
- 6. Examination of respiratory system to count respiratory rate
- 7. Demonstrate Spirometry

Books Recommended

- 1. Ross & Wilson Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness
- 2. BD Chaurasia's Handbook of General Anatomy
- 3. Textbook of anatomy and Physiology for Nurses
- 4. Basics of medical physiology –D Venkatesh, HH Sudhakar
- 5. Manual of practical physiology for BDS –Dr. A.K. Jain

<u>Paper - 2: Ocular Biochemistry, Pathology & Microbiology</u> Theory Syllabus

1. OCULAR BIOCHEMISTRY (30 hours)

- 1. Introduction to various biochemical test
- 2. Tears film and pH
- 3. General Introduction to metabolic processes affecting the eye
- 4. Rhodopsincycle
- 5. Aqueous and Vitreous humours
- 6. Metabolism of lens and cornea.

2. OCULAR PATHOLOGY (30 hours)

Haematology

- 1. Blood Cells and blood collection techniques
- 2. Haemoglobinestimation
- 3. Total leucocytecount
- 4. Differential leucocytecount
- 5. Erythrocyte sedimentationrate
- 6. Pheripheral blood film staining, significance of a peripheral smear
- 7. Bleeding time, clotting time

Clinical Pathology

- 8. Urine collection methods
- 9. Physical Examination of Urine
- 10. Chemical Examination of Urine
- 11. Microscopic Examination of Urine

Histopathology

- 12. Grossing of tissue
- 13. Tissue processing
- 14. Fixation of tissue
- 15. Section cutting
- 16. Staining–Hematoxylin & Cosin and Special Stains

3. OCULAR MICROBIOLOGY (20 hours)

- 1. Introduction to Microbiology & classification.
- 2. Gram Positive Bacteria
- 3. Gram Negative Bacteria
- 4. Fungi -sephorophytics and pathogenic
- 5. Virus
- 6. Aseptic techniques
- 7. Chlayadia ¶sites

Practical Syllabus

OCULAR BIOCHEMISTRY (20 hours)

- 1. Sampling and Collection of Blood
- 2. pH measurement
- 3. Osmolarity
- 4. Biochemical tests, including blood sugar estimation
- 5. Ketone bodies inurine
- 6. Spectrophotometry
- 7. Serum-cholesterol

OCULAR PATHOLOGY (20 hours)

- 1. Sampling and Collection of Blood: intro-venousandperipheral
- 2. Estimation of haemoglobin
- 3. Peripheral Blood Film Staining
- 4. Identification of normal white blood cells
- 5. Erythrocyte sedimentationrate
- 6. Urine chemical examination—Sugar and Protein Hematoxylin and Cosin Staining

OCULAR MICROBIOLOGY (20 hours)

- 1. Sterlization
- 2. Introduction to Microbiology: Culture media, Classification, Morphological, Lab. Diagnosis of infection
- 3. Collection of samples
- 4. Serology
- 5. Culture media for bacteria, fungi and viruses
- 6. Oxidase test
- 7. Mantoux test
- 8. Staining procedures: GramStaining

- 9. Staining procedures: Romanowskystains
- 10. Staining procedures: ZiehlNeelsen'sstaining

Paper - 3: Ocular Anatomy & Physiology

Theory Syllabus

OCULAR ANATOMY

- 1 Embryology of the eye ingeneral
- 1. Anatomy of Orbit and its immediaterelations
- 2. Lids and eye lidglands
- 3. Conjunctiva. Cornea and Sclera
- 4. Iris and Ciliary body
- 5. Lens and Vitreous
- 6. Retina & Choroid
- 7. Ocular Muscles
- 8. Visual pathways
- 9. Sympathetics and parasympathetic system
- 10. Vascular supply of eye
- 11. Lacrimal apparatus
- 12. Higher visual centers

OCULAR PHYSIOLOGY

- 1. General physiology of the eye An introduction
- 2. Maintenance of Transparency of the Cornea
- 3. Maintenance of Transparency of the Lens
- 4. Visual acuity and form sense
- 5. Pupillary reflexes Accommodation
- 6. Convergence
- 7. Intra Ocular Pressure
- 8. Night Vision
- 9. Colour Vision
- 10. Visual Fields
- 11. Extrinsic Muscles, Actions and Ocular Movements
- 12. Higher Visual Centres and righting reflexes
- 13. Electro physiological Aspects
 Conjugate and Disguate -Movements of the eye

Practical Syllabus

1. ORTHOPTICS

- 1. Latent squintwork-up
- 2. Synptophore
- 3. Maddoxwing
- 4. Maddoxrods
- 5. Prismbar
- 6. Near point of accommodation
- 7. Near point of convergence

Fusionexercises

OCULAR PHYSIOLOGY (20 hours)

- 1. The compound microscope
- 2. Demonstrate blood cell count, coagulation, grouping, Hb, BP, and pulse monitoring
- 3. Determintion of ESR-by westergren's method
- 4. Determination of blood groups.
- 5. Measurement of human blood pressure.
- 6. Examination of respiratory system to count respiratory rate
- 7. Demonstrate Spirometry

Books Recommended:

1. Anatomy & Physiology By AK Khurana

Paper – 4: Physical and Physiological Optics (100 Hours)

Theory Syllabus

- 1. Elementary basis of light- Interference, diffraction, polarization spectrum, surface tension, viscosity
- 2. Principles of Refraction.
- 3. Physical Optics -1, Lens Shapes –Convex ,Concave
- 4. Physical Optics -2, Thin Lens equation, thick lens equation
- 5. Physical Optics -3, Front and back vertex power
- 6. Physical Optics -4. Aberrations
- 7. Physical Optics -5. Spherical, Cylindrical & Toricsurfaces, Aspheric surfaces
- 8. Prisms -definition, uses, nomenclature, apex
- 9. Determination of focal length & diopteric power of lens
- 10. Strum's Conoid
- 11. Neutralization of lenses
- 12. Focimeter
- 13. Centre & Axis Marking byfocimeter
- 14. Simple & Torictransposition
- 15. Prismatic effect & Decentration
- 16. Aberrations & Tints in spectacleLenses
- 17. Spectacle Lens Manufacturing -Sphericals, Toric, Bifocals, Lenticular & Lab Visit
- 18. Spectacle Frames -History, Nomenclature, Types & parts, sides, joints, frame bridge.
- 19. Shape of Spectacle Frame -Measurements & Making, Frame & Face Measurements Schematiceye
- 20. Emmetropia & Ammetropia-Aetiology, Population, Distribution, Growth of eye,
- 21. Myopia
- 22. Hypermetropia
- 23. Astigmatism
- 24. Aphakia/Pseudo-phakia
- 25. Presbyopia

- 26. Keratoconus
- 27. Post-Op. Refractive errors
- 28. Refraction of irregular reflex
- 29. Accommodation&Convergence 1,Farpoint,nearpoint,range,amplitudeofaccommodation
- 30. Accommodation & Convergence -2. Methods of measurements, NPA. AC/A ratio.
- 31. Retinoscopy -Principle &Methods
- 32. Objective Refraction
- 33. Subjective Refraction
- 34. Cross Cylinder
- 35. Workshop
- 36. Manufacturing Spectacle Lens
- 37. Plastic Lenses Manufacturing & Characteristic
- 38. Lens Designs-Aspheric
- 39. High Index Lenses,
- 40. Photocromatic Lenses
- 41. Tinted Lenses
- 42. Polaroid Lenses
- 43. Bifocals
- 44. Measurement for ordering spectacle, IPD, Marking centration. V. D. Calculation.
- 45. Fitting Bifocals, Multifocals, Prism Lenses
- 46. Fitting Lenses in Frames
- 47. Glazing & Edging
- 48. Final Checking & Adjustments to prescriptions
- 49. Patient complains, handling correction.
- 50. Repair of spectacles
- 51. Special types of spectacles monocells/ptosis hemianopicglasses
- 52. Test chart standards
- 53. Phoropter
- 54. Objective Optometer
- 55. Projection Charts
- 56. Refraction room Standards

Practical Syllabus

OPTICS

- 1. Workshop
- 2. Manufacturing SpectacleLens
- 3. Manufacturing BifocalLenses
- 4. Measurement for ordering spectacle, IPD, Marking centration, V. D.Calculation.
- 5. Fitting Bifocals, Multifocals, PrismLenses
- 6. Fitting Lenses in Frames
- 7. Glazing & Edging
- 8. Final Checking, Adjustments toprescriptions
- 9. Patient complains, handling correction.
- 10. Repair of spectacles
- 11. Special types of spectacles monocells/ptosis hemianopicglasses Neutralization

oflenses

- 12. Focimeter
- 13. Shape of Spectacle Frame -Measurements & Making, Frame & Face Measurements
- 14. Refraction under the supervision

Books Recommended:

1. Optics & Refraction By AK Khurana

BASICS OF COMPUTER

Theory: 30 hours Practical's: 30 hours

THEORY

Introduction to computer – I/O devices – memories – RAM and ROM – Different kinds of ROM – kilobytes. MB, GB their conversions – large computer – Medium, Micro, Mini computers - Different operating system – Networking – LAN, WAN, MAN (only basic ideas)

Typing text in MS word – Manipulating text – Formatting the text – using different font sizes, bold, italics – Bullets and numbering – Pictures, file insertion – Aligning the text and justify – choosing paper size – adjusting margins – Header and footer, inserting page No's in a document – Printing a file with options – Using spell check and grammar – Find and replace – Mail merge – inserting tables in a document.

Creating table in MS-Excel – Cell editing – Using formulas and functions – Manipulating data with excel – Using sort function to sort numbers and alphabets – Drawing graphs and charts using data in excel – Auto formatting – Inserting data from other worksheets.

Preparing new slides using MS-POWERPOINT – Inserting slides – slide transition and animation – Using templates – Different text and font sizes – slides with sounds – Inserting clip arts, pictures, tables and graphs – Presentation using wizards.

Introduction to Internet – Using search engine – Google search – Exploring the next using Internet Explorer and Navigator – Uploading and Download of files and images – E- mail ID creation – Sending messages – Attaching files in E- mail.

Role of Computers in the Health care: - HIS, Medical Equipment, Pharmacy in inventory management, Patient record maintenance.

PRACTICAL

- Typing a text and aligning the text with different formats using MS-Word
- Inserting a table with proper alignment and using MS-Word Create mail merge document using MS-word to prepare greetings for 10 friends
- Preparing a slide show with transition, animation and sound effect using MSPowerpoint
- Customizing the slide show and inserting pictures and tables in the slides using MSpowerpoint
- Creating a worksheet using MS-Excel with data and sue of functions Using MSExcel prepare a worksheet with text, date time and data Preparing a chart and pie diagrams using MS-Excel
- Using Internet for searching, uploading files, downloading files creating e-mail ID

Syllabus of Second Year

Paper – 1: Ocular disease and Pharmacology (50 hours)

Theory Syllabus

- 1. Ocular Pharmacology An introduction
- 2. Routes of drug administration
- 3. Autonomic nervous system
- 4. Miotics, Mydriatics & Cycloplegics drugs
- 5. Antibacterial drugs & therapy
- 6. Antifungal drugs &therapy
- 7. Anti-Viral drugs & therapy
- 8. Antibacterial drugs &therapy
- 9. Anti-inflammatory drugs &therapy
- 10. Anti-glaucoma drugs &therapy
- 11. Ophthalmic dyes
- 12. Local Anaesthetics
- 13. Ophthalmic preservatives
- 14. Ocular lubricants
- 15. Ocular irrigating solutions
- 16. Ocular antiseptics & disinfectants
- 17. Anti-cataract agents
- 18. Contact lens solution
- 19. Chelating agents
- 20. Immuno suppressive agents

Practical Syllabus

- 1. Dilution of drug in different concentration
- 2. Steroid detection test
- 3. Application of following eye drops:
 - 3.1 Pilocarpine
 - 3.2 Glycerin
 - 3.3 Homatropine
 - 3.4 Artificial eye drops
 - 3.5 EDTA
 - 3.6 Sulphacetamide
 - 3.7 Dexamethasone
 - 3.8 Methylcellulose
 - 3.9 Saline eye drops
 - 3.10 Sodium citrate eye drops
- 4. Autologous serum eye drops preparation
- 5. Dilution and fortification of eye drops
- 6. Fluorescein strips, Rose Bengal Strips preparation
- 7. Dosage forms

Books Recommended:

Ocular Pharmacology
 Ophthalmology
 By SK gupta
 By AK Khuran

2. Ophthalmology By AK Khurana

<u>Paper – 2: Refraction</u>

Theory Syllabus

- 1. Emmetropia & Ammetropia-Aetiology, Population, Distribution, Growth of eye.
- 2. Myopia
- 3. Hypermetropia
- 4. Astigmatism
- 5. Aphakia/Pseudo-phakia
- 6. Presbiopia
- 7. Keratoconus
- 8. Post-Op. Refractive errors
- 9. Refraction of irregular reflex
- 10. Accommodation&Convergence—
 1.Farpoint,nearpoint,ranges.Amplitudeofaccommodation
- 11. Accommodation & Convergence 2. Methods of measurements, NPA. AC/A ratio.
- 12. Retinoscopy -Principle &Method
- 13. Objective Refraction
- 14. Subjective Refraction
- 15. Cross Cylinder
- 16.

Practical Syllabus

1. Refraction and prescription of glasses in OPD

Books Recommended:

1. Optics & Refraction

By AK Khurana

<u>Paper – 3: Investigative Ophthalmology</u>

Theory Syllabus

- 1. Orthoptics-General Concept
- 2. Ocular muscles and movements
- 3. AC/ A ratio
- 4. Measurements of angle of squint
- 5. Latent squint
- 6. Maddox rod
- 7. Maddox wing
- 8. Synoptophore
- 9. Manifest concomitant
- 10. Squint concomitant
- 11. Paralytic Squint
- 12. Head posture and its significance

- 13. Hess Screening and its Interpretations
- 14. Pleoptics
- 15. Occlusion -types and uses
- 16. Nystagmus
- 17. A. V.Syndromes
- 18. Testing of ARC
- 19. Amblyopia
- 20. Disorders of accommodation
- 21. Paediatric visual acuity assessment
- 22. Paediatric Refraction
- 23. Neural aspects of binocular vision

Practical Syllabus

- 1. Manifest squint work-up
- 2. Paralytic squint work-up
- 3. Pleoptics
- 4. Orthoptic Exercises

Books Recommended:

Ophthalmology
 Squint & Orthoptics
 By AK Khurana
 By AK Khurana

Paper - 4: Ophthalmic instruments and appliances

Theory Syllabus

- 1. Indirect Ophthalmoscope
- 2. Direct Ophthalmoscope
- 3. Slit Lamp: Haag-Streit.
- 4. Photo-slit lamp
- 5. Lensometer. Lensgauge
- 6. Tonometer
- 7. Fundus Camera
- 8. External eye photography
- 9. Auto-refractometer
- 10. Corneal Examination -1. Placidodisc
- 11. CornealExamination-2.Keterometer
- 12. CornealExamination-3.VKG
- 13. Corneal Examination -4. Specular Microscopy
- 14. CornealExamination-5.Aesthesiometer
- 15. Exophthalmometer
- 16. Perimeter Manual & automated
- 17. Orthoptics Instruments –Haploscope /Homedevices
- 18. Heidelberg Retino-tomography HRT-II
- 19. Nerve fiberanalyzer

- 20. Frequency doubling perimeter
- 21. Non Contact Tonometer
- 22. HeidelbergAnalmascope
- 23. Pachometers
- 24. Contrast sensitivity tests
- 25. Glare acuity tests
- 26. Colour vision tests
- 27. Dark adaptometer

Practical Syllabus

- 1. Lensometer, Lensgauge
- 2. Tonometer
- 3. Placidodisc
- 4. Keterometer
- 5. VKG
- 6. Specular Microscopy
- 7. Exophthalmometer
- 8. Perimeter
- 9. Non Contact Tonometer
- 10. Slit Lamp: Haag-Streit.
- 11. Photo-slit lamp
- 12. Fundus Camera
- 13. Contrast sensitivity tests
- 14. Glare acuity tests
- 15. Colour vision tests
- 16. Darkadaptometer

Books Recommended:

1. Squint & Orthoptics By AK Khurana

2. Ophthalmology By AK Khurana

B.Sc. Optometry 3rd Year

Paper – 1: Clinical & advanced Optics & Orthoptics

Theory Syllabus

- 1. Orthoptic-Generalconcept
- 2. Ocular muscles and movements
- 3. AC/ A ratio.
- 4. Measurements of angle of squint
- 5. Latent squint
- 6. Maddox rod
- 7. Maddox wing
- 8. Synoptophore
- 8. Manifest concomitant
- 9. Squint concomitant
- 10. Paralytic Squint
- 11. Head posture and its significance
- 12. Hess Screening and its Interpretations
- 13. Pleoptics
- 14. Occlusion -types and uses
- 15. Nystagmus
- 16. A. V.Syndromes
- 17. Testing of ARC
- 18. Amblyopia
- 19. Disorders of accommodation
- 20. Paediatric visual acuity assessment
- 21. Paediatric Refraction
- 22. Neural aspects of binocular vision

Practical Syllabus

1. CLINICAL & ADVANCEDORTHOPTICS

- 1.1 Manifest squint work-up
- 1.2 Paralytic squint work-up
- 1.3 Pleoptics
- 1.4 Orthoptic Exercises

2. CLINICAL & ADVACEDOPTICS

2.1 Refraction and prescription of glasses in independent cabin

Books Recommended:

1. Squint & Orthoptics By AK Khurana

2. Ophthalmology By AK Khurana

Paper – 2: Clinical Refraction and Contact lenses

Theory Syllabus

- 1. History of Contact Lens
- 2. Corneal Anatomy and Physiology
- 3. Corneal Physiology and Contact Lens
- 4. Preliminary Measurements and Investigations
- 5. Slit Lamp Biomicroscopy
- 6. Contact Lensmaterials
- 7. Optics of the Contact Lens
- 8. Glossary of Terms: Contact Lenses
- 9. Indications and Contra Indications Contact Lens
- 10. Rigid gas permeable contact lens design
- 11. Soft Contact lens design &manufacture
- 12. Keratometry, Placido'sdisc, Tonography
- 13. Fittingphilosophies
- 14. Fitting of Spherical SCL and effect of parameter changes
- 15. Astigmatism correction options
- 16. Fitting Spherical RGP contact Lenses, Low OK, High OK
- 17. Effects of RGP contact Lens parameter changes on lens fitting
- 18. Fitting in Astigmatism(SphRGP)
- 19. Follow-up post fitting examination
- 20. Follow-up Slit Lamp examination
- 21. Fitting in Keratoconus
- 22. Fitting in Aphakia, Pseudophakia
- 23. Cosmetic Contact Lenses
- 24. Fitting Contact Lens in children
- 25. Toric Contact Lenses
- 26. Bifocal Contact Lenses
- 27. Continuous wear and extended wear lenses
- 28. Therapeutic Lenses/Bandage lenses
- 29. Contact lens following ocular surgeries
- 30. Disposable contact lenses, frequent replacement and Lenses
- 31. Use of Specular Microscopy and Pachymetry in Contact Lenses
- 32. Care & maintenance of Contact Lenses
- 33. Contact Lens modification of finished lenses
- 34. Instrumentation in contact lens practise
- 35. Checking finished lenses parameters
- 36. Recent developments in Contact lenses
- 37. Review of lenses available in India

CLINICAL & ADVACED REFRACTIONS

- 1. Emmetropia & Ammetropia-Aetiology, Population, Distribution, Growth of eye.
- 2. Myopia
- 3. Hypermetropia
- 4. Astigmatism
- 5. Aphakia/Pseudo-phakia
- 6. Presbyopia
- 7. Keratoconus
- 8. Post-Op. Refractive errors
- 9. Refraction of irregular reflex
- 10. Accommodation&Convergence-
 - 1. Farpoint, nearpoint, range, amplitude of accommodation
- 11. Accommodation & Convergence -2. Methods of measurements, NPA, AC/ A ratio.
- 12. Retinoscopy -Principle &Method
- 13. Objective Refraction
- 14. Subjective Refraction
- 15. Cross Cylinder
- 16. Low- Vision aids: Techniques µscopes
- 17. Rehabilitation of blinds

Practical Syllabus

1. CONTACT LENS

- 1.1 Contact Lens fitting
- 1.2 Counseling to Contact Lens patient
- 1.3 Post-fitting instructions
- 1.4 Remedy of post-fitting problems

2. CLINICAL & ADVACEDREFRACTIONS

2.2 Refraction and prescription of glasses

Books Recommended:

1. Contact lens By Monika Choudhary

2. Optics & Refraction By AK Khurana

Paper - 3: Community Ophthalmology, Eye Bank

Theory Syllabus

EYEBANK

- 1. Publicity
- 2. How to donate your eyes
- 3. Collection of eyes
- 4. Preservation of eyes

- 5. Pre-operative Instructions
- 6. Post-operative Instructions
- 7. Latest techniques for preservation of donor Cornea

COMMUNITY OPHTHALMOLOGY

- 1. Concepts of community Ophthalmology -I
- 2. Concepts of community Ophthalmology -II
- 3. The Epidemiology of Blindness (General Principles) -I
- 4. The Epidemiology of Blindness (General Principles) -II
- 5. The Epidemiology of Blindness (Disease specific strategies) -III
- 6. The Epidemiology of Blindness (Disease specific strategies) -IV
- 7. Survey Methodological –I
- 8. Survey Methodological -II
- 9. Survey Methodological -III
- 10. Screening procedures in Ophthalmology –I
- 11. Screening procedures in Ophthalmology –II
- 12. School eye screening programme
- 13. Primary eye care
- 14. Organization of Outreach services
- 15. Organization of Reach-in-Programme
- 16. Information, Education, communication
- 17. Rehabilitation of the visually handicapped
- 18. National programme for control of Blindness –I
- 19. National programme for control of Blindness –II
- 20. Vision 2020: The Right to sight

Practical Syllabus

1. EYEBANK

- 1.1 How to donate your eyes/Counseling
- 1.2 Collection of eyes
- 1.3 Preservation of eves

2. COMMUNITY OPHTHALMOLOGY

- 2.1 Eye Screening Programme&Surveys
- 2.2 Eye camp (approx. 3) of 10 days each
- 2.3 PHCposting

Books Recommended:

1. Ophthalmology

By AK Khurana

<u>Paper – 4: Investigations in Clinical Ophthalmology</u>

Theory Syllabus

1. Principle, Techniques and preparation of the patient

- 2. ERG
- 3. EOG
- 4. Electro-Oculomyo-gram
- 5. Ultra-sono-graphy
- 6. Tonography
- 7. Berman's Locator/Foreign body locator
- 8. Fluorescein Angiography
- 9. Ocular Photography -anterior segment
- 10. Dark Adaptometry: Adaptation & Adaptometry
- 11. Syringing & Lacrimal functionTest
- 12. Gonioscopy
- 13. Pachometry
- 14. Perimetry
- 15. Lasertherapy
- 16. Contrast Sensitivity
- 17. Slit Lamp
- 18. VKG
- 19. Specular Microscopy
- 20. Fundus Photography
- 21. Colour Vision Investigations Ishhara Charts, E-G Lantern, Negal'sanomaloscope, 100 Hue Test
- 22. A -ScanBiometry
- 23. Heidelberg Retina-tomography HRT-II
- 24. Nerve fiberanalyzer
- 25. Frequency doubling perimeter
- 26. Non Contact Tonometry
- 27. UBM
- 28. OCT

MANAGEMENT OF OT

- 1. Introduction to Ocular ingeneral.
- 2. Asepsis: How to achieve
- 3. Aanesthetic agents and where indicated
- 4. OT Sterilization procedures
- 5. Sterilization procedures of 0 T Instruments
- 6. Maintenance of Instruments and equipments: Ophthalmic Instruments
- 7. Maintenance of Instruments and equipments: Orthoptics Instruments
- 8. Maintenance of Instruments and equipments: Surgical Instruments
- 9. Maintenance of Instruments and equipments: Optometric & Contact Lens Equipment

Practical Syllabus

1. INVESTIGATIONS IN CLINICALOPHTHALMOLOGY

- 1.1 Fluorescein Angiography
- 1.2 Syringing & Lacrimal functionTest
- 1.3 Slit Lamp
- 1.4 VKG
- 1.5 Specular Microscopy

- 1.6 NCT
- 1.7 Applanation and schiotz Tonometry
- 1.8 DarkAdaptometry
- 1.9 A -ScanBiometry
- 1.10 Contrast Sensitivity
- 1.11 Perimetry
- 1.12 Keratometry
- 1.13 Focimeter
- 1.14 ERG/EOG/VER

Books Recommended:

Squint & Orthoptics
 Ophthalmology
 By AK Khurana
 By AK Khurana